

2005

SERVICE MANUAL

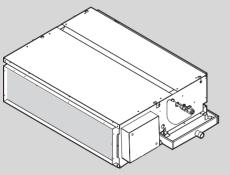
Series PEAD Ceiling Concealed R407C/R410A

<indoor unit> Service ref.

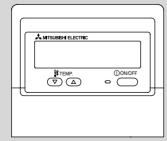
Models PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA

NOTE:

• This manual describes only service data of the indoor units.



INDOOR UNIT



REMOTE CONTROLLER

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1 REFERENCE MANUAL

1-1. OUTDOOR UNIT'S SERVICE MANUAL

Service Ref.	Service Manual No.
PUHZ-RP35/50/60/71/100/125/140VHA PUHZ-RP100/125/140YHA	OC334
PUHZ-RP71/100/125/140VHA-A	OC337
PUHZ-RP200/250YHA	OC338
PUHZ-RP200/250YHA-A	OC339
PU(H)-P·VGAA.UK PU(H)-P·YGAA.UK	OC336
SUŻ-KA-VA.TH	OC322

1-2. TECHNICAL DATA BOOK

Series (Outdoor unit)	Manual No.
PUHZ-RP·VHA(-A) PUHZ-RP·YHA(-A)	OCS01
PU(H)-P·VGAA.UK PU(H)-P·YGAA.UK	OCS02

2 SAFETY PRECAUTION

CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilising refrigerant R407C

Do not use the existing refrigerant piping.	Use liquid refrigerant to charge the system.
The old refrigerant and lubricant in the existing piping contains a large amount of chlorine which may cause the lubricant deterioration of the new unit.	If gas refrigerant is used to seal the system, the composition of the refrigerant in the cylinder will change and performance may drop.
Use "low residual oil piping"	Do not use a refrigerant other than R407C.
If there is a large amount of residual oil (hydraulic oil, etc.) inside the piping and joints, deterioration of the lubricant will result.	If another refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, the chlorine in the refrigerant may cause the lubricant deterioration.
Store the piping to be used during installation	Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve
indoors with keep both ends sealed until just before brazing. (Store elbows and other joints in a plastic bag.)	The vacuum pump oil may flow back into the refrigerant cycle and cause the lubricant deterioration.
If dust, dirt, or water enters the refrigerant cycle, deterioration of the oil and compressor trouble may result.	Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.
Use ESTER , ETHER or HAB as the lubricant to	

[1] Cautions for service

deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

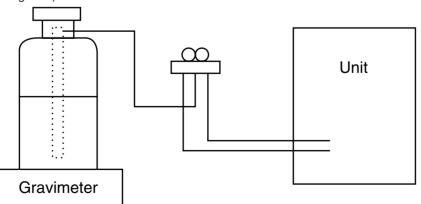
- · After recovering the all refrigerant in the unit, proceed to working.
- \cdot Do not release $\ refrigerant$ in the air.

coat flares and flange connection parts. If large amount of mineral oil enter, that can cause

• After completing the repair service, recharge the cycle with the specified amount of liquid refrigerant.

[2] Refrigerant recharging

- (1) Refrigerant recharging process
 - ①Direct charging from the cylinder.
 - · R407C cylinder are available on the market has a syphon pipe.
 - \cdot Leave the syphon pipe cylinder standing and recharge it.
 - (By liquid refrigerant)



- (2) Recharge in refrigerant leakage case
 - · After recovering the all refrigerant in the unit, proceed to working.
 - · Do not release the refrigerant in the air.
 - After completing the repair service, recharge the cycle with the specified amount of liquid refrigerant.

[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R407C refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	·Only for R407C.
		·Use the existing fitting SPECIFICATIONS. (UNF7/16)
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 3.43MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	·Only for R407C.
		·Use pressure performance of 5.10MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a or R407C.
5	Adapter for reverse flow check.	·Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base.	
7	Refrigerant cylinder.	·For R407C ·Top of cylinder (Brown)
		·Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment.	

CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

<Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A>

Use new refrigerant pipes.

In case of using the existing pipes for R22, be careful with the following.

- \cdot For RP4 be sure to perform pipe replacement operation before test run.
- \cdot Use flare nut as provided with this product.
- Use a newly flared pipe.
- Avoid using thin pipes. For the detail, please refer to the outdoor unit service manual No. OC294.

Make sure that the inside and outside of refrigerant piping is clean and it has no contamination such as sulfur which is hazardous for use, oxides, dirt, shaving particles, etc. In addition, use pipes with specified thickness.

Contamination inside refrigerant piping can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Store the piping to be used during installation indoors and keep both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enter into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil (small amount) as the refrigerant oil applied to flares and flange connections.

If large amount of mineral oil enter, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after collecting the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the system with the specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge When charging directly from cylinder

Ensure that the cylinder for R410A is syphon type.

Charging should be performed with the syphon cylinder type stood vertically. (Refrigerant must be charged from liquid phase.)

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

If no reverse flow check valve is used, vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools (for R410A)		
Gauge manifold Flare tool		
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge	
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor	
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant	
	charging scale	

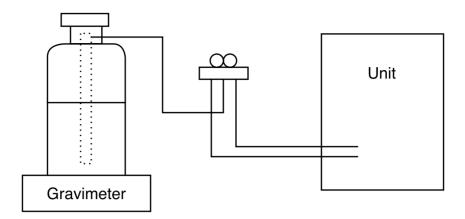
Keep the tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enter into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.



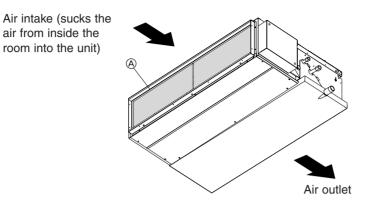
[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.		Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	Only for R410A
		Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)
		• Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	Only for R410A
		Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	
4	Gas leak detector	Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	Attach on vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
7	Refrigerant cylinder	Only for R410A Top of cylinder (Pink)
		Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

3 PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

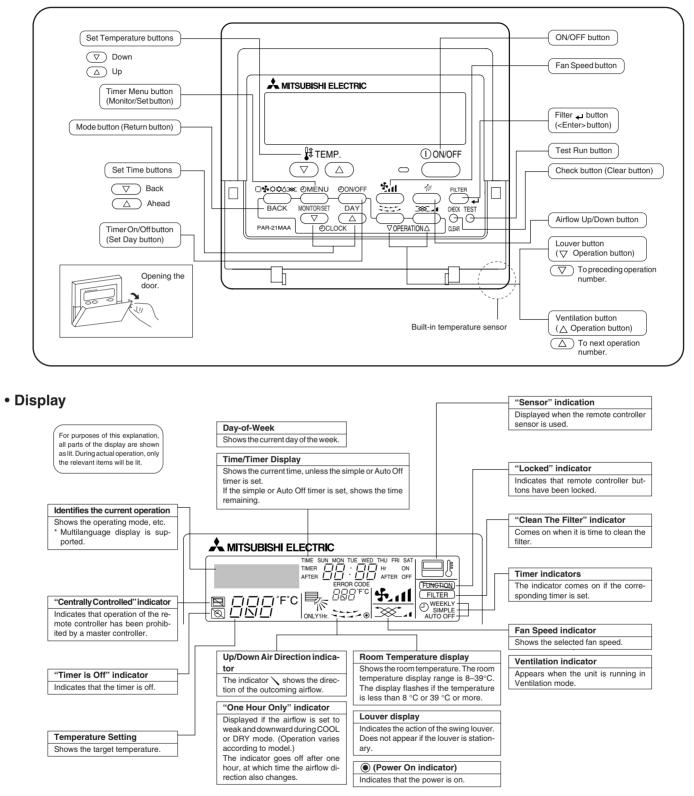
• Indoor Unit



Remote controller

Once the controls are set, the same operation mode can be repeated by simply pressing the ON/OFF button.

Operation buttons



Caution

- Only the Power on indicator lights when the unit is stopped and power supplied to the unit.
- If you press a button for a feature that is not installed at the indoor unit, the remote controller will display the "Not Available" message.

If you are using the remote controller to drive multiple indoor units, this message will appear only if the feature is not present at the parent unit.

• When power is turned ON for the first time, it is normal that "PLEASE WAIT" is displayed on the room temperature indication (For max. 2minutes). Please wait until this "PLEASE WAIT" indication disappear then start the operation.

SPECIFICATION 4

	Service Ref.				PEAD-RP60GA	
	Power supply				Single phase, 50Hz, 220-240V	
		Input	* 1	kW	0.18	
		Running currer	nt * 1	A	0.80	
		Starting current * 1		A	1.03	
	External finish				Galvanized sheets	
	Heat exchai				Plate fin coil	
	Fan	Fan (drive) × N	0.		Centrifugal (direct) × 2	
⊢		Fan motor outp	out	kW	0.10	
LIN I		Airflow (Lo-Hi)		m ³ /min <cfm></cfm>	16.5-21<582-741> * 16-20<565-706> at 220V/5Pa, 230V/10Pa, 240V/20Pa	
INDOOR U		External static	pressure	Pa	5/35/50Pa at 220V, 10/50/70Pa at 230V, 20/60/75Pa at 240V	
	Booster heater * 1 kW		kW	_		
≧	Operation c	Operation control & Thermostat			Built in remote controller	
≧	Noise level	Noise level (Lo-Hi) dB (A)		5/35/50Pa at 220V	32-36/33-39/34-41	
				10/50/70Pa at 230V	33-37/35-40/36-42	
				20/60/75Pa at 240V	35-39/37-42/37-43	
	Unit drain p	Unit drain pipe O.D mm (in.)		mm (in.)	32 (1-1/4)	
	Dimensions	Dimensions W D H		mm (in.)	1171 (46-1/8)	
				mm (in.)	740 (29-1/8)	
				mm (in.)	275 (10-13/16)	
	Weight kg (lbs)			kg (lbs)	42 (93)	

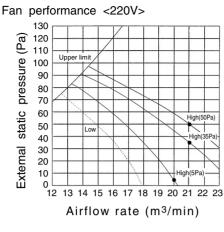
	Service Ref.				PEAD-RP71GA	
	Power supply				Single phase, 50Hz, 220-240V	
		Input	* 1	kW	0.21	
		Running curre	nt ≭1	A	0.94	
		Starting current * 1		A	1.21	
	External finish				Galvanized sheets	
⊢	Heat exchanger				Plate fin coil	
	Fan	Fan (drive) \times N			Centrifugal (direct) × 2	
		Fan motor out	out	kW	0.10	
IN		Airflow (Lo-Hi)		m ³ /min <cfm></cfm>	20-25<706-883> * 19-24<671-847> at 220V/5Pa, 230V/10Pa, 240V/20Pa	
l m		External static	pressure	Pa	5/35/50Pa at 220V, 10/50/70Pa at 230V, 20/60/75Pa at 240V	
18	Booster heater * 1		kW	-		
ND00	Operation co	Operation control & Thermostat			Built in remote controller	
=	Noise level (Noise level (Lo-Hi) dB (A)		5/35/50Pa at 220V	34-37/35-40/36-42	
				10/50/70Pa at 230V	35-38/37-41/37-43	
				20/60/75Pa at 240V	37-40/38-42/38-43	
	Unit drain pi	pe O.D		mm (in.)	32 (1-1/4)	
	Dimensions	Dimensions W D		mm (in.)	1171 (46-1/8)	
				mm (in.)	740 (29-1/8)	
	Н		Н	mm (in.)	275 (10-13/16)	
	Weight kg (lbs)			kg (lbs)	42 (93)	

	Service Ref.				PEAD-RP100GA	
	Power supply				Single phase, 50Hz, 220-240V	
		Input	* 1	kW	0.28	
		Running currer	nt ∗* 1	A	1.25	
		Starting current * 1		A	1.61	
	External finish				Galvanized sheets	
	Heat exchar	Heat exchanger			Plate fin coil	
	Fan	Fan (drive) × N			Centrifugal (direct) × 2	
		Fan motor output		kW	0.16	
IN		Airflow (Lo-Hi)		m ³ /min <cfm></cfm>	26.5-33<935-1165> * 25.5-32<900-1130> at 220V/5Pa, 230V/10Pa, 240V/20Pa	
		External static pressure		Pa	5/35/50Pa at 220V, 10/50/70Pa at 230V, 20/60/75Pa at 240V	
NDOOR	Booster heater * 1			kW	-	
19	Operation co	Operation control & Thermostat			Built in remote controller	
=	Noise level (Noise level (Lo-Hi) dB (A)		5/35/50Pa at 220V	38-42/40-45/40-46	
				10/50/70Pa at 230V	40-43/42-45/42-46	
				20/60/75Pa at 240V	42-45/43-46/43-47	
	Unit drain pi	pe O.D		mm (in.)	32 (1-1/4)	
	Dimensions	Dimensions W D		mm (in.)	1411 (55-9/16)	
				mm (in.)	740 (29-1/8)	
			Н	mm (in.)	275 (10-13/16)	
	Weight kg (lbs)			kg (lbs)	50 (111)	

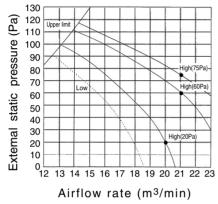
Notes 1. Above data based on indicated voltage Indoor Unit: Single phase 230V 50Hz Outdoor Unit: Single phase 230V 50Hz/3 phase 400V 50Hz

FAN PERFORMANCE AND CORRECTED AIR FLOW 5

PEAD-RP60GA



Fan performance <240V>



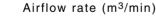
PEAD-RP71GA

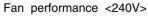
50

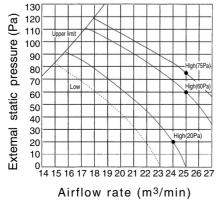
Fan performance <220V> 130 (Pa) 120 110 pressure (100 Upi 90 80 70 60

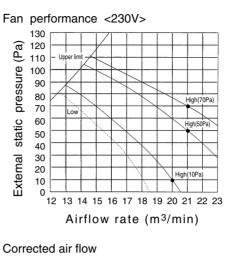
static 40 Extemal 30 20 10 0 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

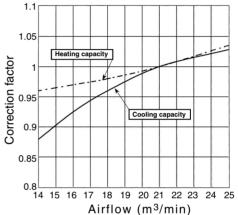
High(50F

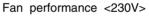


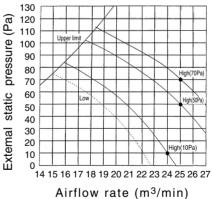




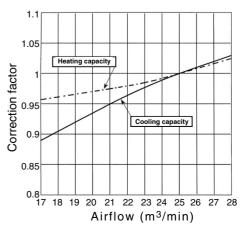




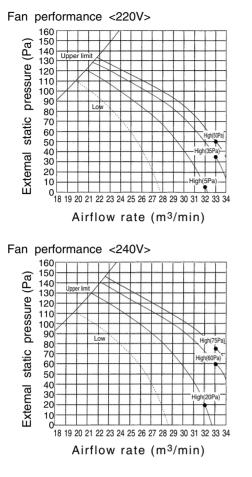


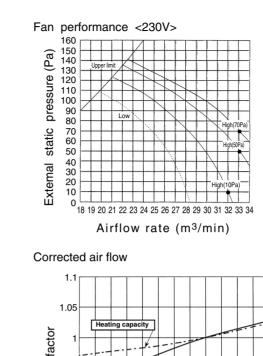


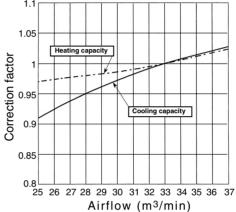
Corrected air flow



PEAD-RP100GA



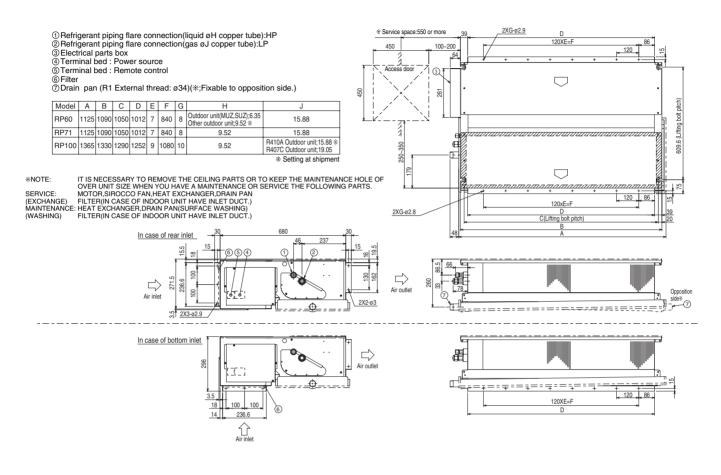




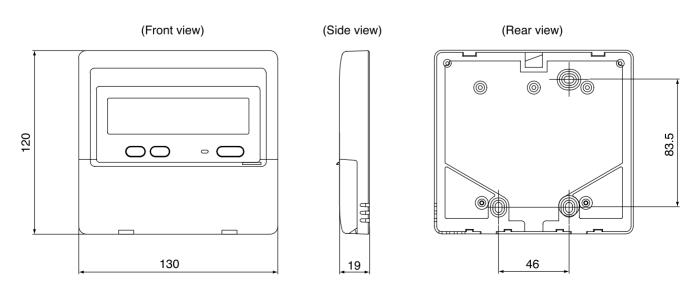
6 OUTLINES & DIMENSIONS

1. INDOOR UNIT

PEAD-RP60, 71, 100GA

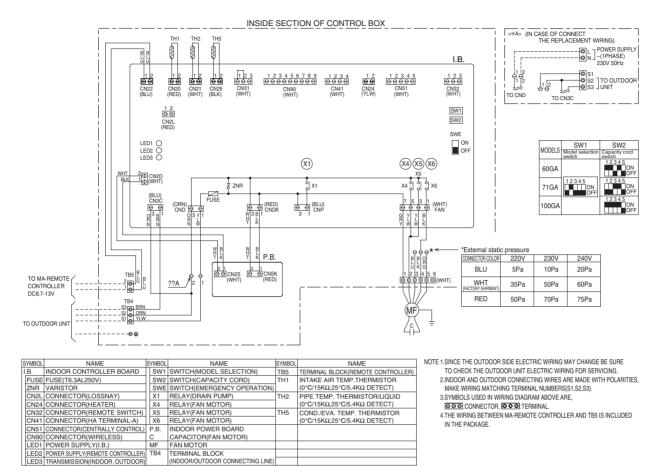


2. REMOTE CONTROLLER



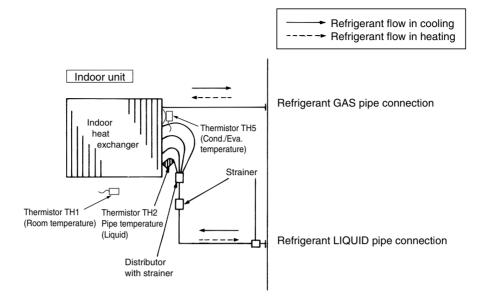
7 WIRING DIAGRAM

PEAD-RP60, 71, 100GA



8 REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PEAD-RP60, 71, 100GA



9-1. TROUBLESHOOTING

<Error code display by self-diagnosis and actions to be taken for service (summary)>

Present and past error codes are logged and displayed on the wired remote controller or controller board of outdoor unit. Actions to be taken for service and the inferior phenomenon reoccurrence at field are summarized in the table below. Check the contents below before investigating details.

Unit conditions at service	Error code	Actions to be taken for service (summary)
The inferior phenomenon is	Displayed	Judge what is wrong and take a corrective action according to "SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE" (9-2).
reoccurring.	Not displayed	Identify the cause of the inferior phenomenon and take a corrective action according to "TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA" (9-3).
The inferior phenomenon is	Logged	 Consider the temporary defects such as the work of protection devices in the refrigerant circuit including compressor, poor connection of wiring, noise and etc. Re-check the symptom, and check the installation environment, refrigerant amount, weather when the inferior phenomenon occurred, and wiring related. Reset error code logs and restart the unit after finishing service. There is no abnormality in electrical components, controller boards, and remote controller.
not reoccurring.	Not logged	 ①Recheck the abnormal symptom. ②Identify the cause of the inferior phenomenon and take a corrective action according to "TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA" (9-3). ③Continue to operate unit for the time being if the cause is not ascertained. ④There is no abnormality in electrical components, controller boards, remote controller etc.

9-2. SELF-DIAGNOSIS ACTION TABLE

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the details of display such as F, U, and other E.

Error Code	Meaning of error code and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure
P1	 Abnormality of room temperature thermistor (TH1) The unit is in three-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after three minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has normally reset.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation. Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 ① Defective thermistor characteristics. ② Contact failure of connector (CN20) on the indoor controller board. (Insert failure) ③ Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring. ④ Defective indoor controller board. 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. 0°C
P2	 Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor/Liquid (TH2) The unit is in three-minute resume prevention mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not reset normally after three minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has normally reset.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating (except defrosting) operation. Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 Defective thermistor characteristics. Contact failure of connector (CN21) on the indoor controller board. (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring. Defective refrigerant circuit is causing thermistor temperature of 90°C or more or -40°C or less. Defective indoor controller board. 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. For characteristics, refer to (P1) above. ② Check contact failure of connector (CN21) or the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-6. Turn the power on and check restart after insert- ing connector again. ④ Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If pipe <liquid> temperature is exclusively low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defective.</liquid></liquid> ⑤ Check pipe <liquid> temperature with remote controller in test run mode. If there is exclusive difference with actual pipe <liquid> temperature replace indoor controller board.</liquid></liquid> Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
P4	 Abnormality of drain sensor (DS) Suspensive abnormality, if short/open of thermistor is detected for 30 seconds continuously. Turn off compressor and indoor fan. Short/open is detected for 30 seconds continuously during suspensive abnormality. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has normally reset.) Detect the following condition. During cooling and drying operation. In case that pipe <liquid> temperature - room temperature <-10deg (Except defrosting)</liquid> When pipe <liquid> temperature or room temperature is short/open temperature.</liquid> During drain pomp operation. 	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN31) on the indoor controller board. (Insert failure). Breaking of wire or contact failure of drain sensor wiring. Defective indoor controller board. 	 ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor. ①[°]C ······6.0kΩ 10[°]C ·····3.9kΩ 20[°]C ····2.6kΩ 30[°]C ····1.8kΩ 40[°]C ····1.3kΩ ② Check contact failure of connector (CN31) of the indoor controller board. Refer to 9-6. Turr the power on again and check restart after inserting connector again. ④ Replace indoor controller board if drain pump operates with the line of drain sensor connector CN31-① and ② is short-circuited, and abnormality reappears. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.
Ρ5	 Malfunction of drain pump (DP) ① Suspensive abnormality, if thermistor of drain sensor is let heat itself and temperature rises slightly. Turn off compressor and indoor fan. ② Drain pomp is abnormal if the condition above is detected during suspensive abnormality. ③ Constantly detected during drain pomp operation. 	 Malfunction of drain pump Defective drain Clogged drain pump Clogged drain pipe Attached drop of water at the drain sensor Drops of drain trickles from lead wire. Clogged filter is causing wave of drain. Defective indoor controller board. 	 Check if drain-up machine works. Check drain function. Check the setting of lead wire of drain sensor and check clogs of the filter. Replace indoor controller board if drain pump operates with the line of drain sensor connector CN31-① and ② is short-circuited and abnormality reappears. Refer to 9-6. Turn the power off, and on again to operate after check.

Error Code	Maaning of array and and datastian method	Course	Countermosoure
Error Code	Meaning of error code and detection method Freezing/overheating protection is	Cause (Cooling or drying mode)	Countermeasure (Cooling or drying mode)
	 working Freezing protection (Cooling mode) The unit is in six-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <liquid condenser="" evap-<br="" or="">orator> temperature stays under</liquid> -15°C for three minutes, three minutes after the compressor started. Abnormal if it stays under -15°C for three minutes again within 16 minutes after six-minute resume prevention mode. <frost mode="" prevention=""></frost> If pipe <liquid condenser-evaporator="" or=""> temperature is 2°C or below when 16</liquid> 	 Clogged filter (reduced airflow) Short cycle of air path Low-load (low temperature) operation beyond the tolerance range Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defective. 	 Check clogs of the filter. Remove shields. Measure the resistance of fan motor's winding. Measure the output voltage of fan's connector (FAN) on the indoor controller board. The indoor controller board should be normal when voltage of AC 220~240V is detected while fan motor is connected. Refer to 9-6.
	minutes has passed after compressor starts operating, unit will start operating in frost prevention mode which stops compressor operation. After that, when pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature stays 10°C or more for 3 minutes, frost prevention mode will be released and compressor will restart its</liquid>	 ⑤ Defective outdoor fan control ⑥ Overcharge of refrigerant ⑦ Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) (Heating mode) ① Clogged filter (reduced airflow) 	 (Heating mode) Check clogs of the filter.
P6	 operation. ② Overheating protection (Heating mode) The units is in six-minute resume prevention mode if pipe <condenser <br="">evaporator> temperature is detected as</condenser> 	 ② Short cycle of air path ③ Over-load (high temperature) operation beyond the tolerance range 	 ② Remove shields.
	evaporator> temperature is detected as over 70°C after the compressor started. Abnormal if the temperature of over 70°C is detected again within 10 minutes after six-minute resume prevention mode.	 Talige Defective indoor fan motor Fan motor is defective. Indoor controller board is defective. 	 ④ Measure the resistance of fan motor's winding. Measure the output voltage of fan's connector (FAN) on the indoor controller board. *The indoor controller board should be normal when voltage of AC 220~240V is detected while fan motor is connected. Refer to 9-6.
		 Defective outdoor fan control Overcharge of refrigerant Defective refrigerant circuit (clogs) Bypass circuit of outdoor unit is defective. 	 (5) Check outdoor fan motor. (6) ~ (8) Check operating condition of refrigerant circuit.
	Abnormality of pipe temperature <cooling mode=""> Detected as abnormal when the pipe tem- perature is not in the cooling range 3 min- utes later of compressor start and 6 min- utes later of the liquid or condenser/evapo- rator pipe is out of cooling range. Note 1) It takes at least 9 min. to detect. Note 2) Abnormality P8 is not detected in drying mode. Cooling range : -3 deg ≧ (TH-TH1) TH: Lower temperature between: liquid pipe temperature (TH2) and con- denser/evaporator temperature (TH5) TH1: Intake temperature</cooling>	 Slight temperature difference between indoor room temperature and pipe <liquid or condenser / evaporator> temperature thermistor</liquid Shortage of refrigerant Disconnected holder of pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> thermistor</liquid> Defective refrigerant circuit Converse connection of extension pipe (on plural units connection) Converse wiring of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire (on plural units connection) 	 ①~④ Check pipe <liquid <br="" condenser="" or="">evaporator> temperature with room temperature display on remote controller and outdoor controller circuit board. Pipe <liquid condenser="" evaporator="" or=""> temperature display is indicated by setting SW2 of outdoor controller circuit board as follows.</liquid></liquid> (Conduct temperature check with outdoor controller circuit board after connecting 'A-Control Service Tool(PAC-SK52ST)'. ②Check converse connection of extension pipe or converse wiring of indoor/outdoor
P8	<heating mode=""> When 10 seconds have passed after the compressor starts operation and the hot adjustment mode has finished, the unit is detected as abnormal when condenser/evaporator pipe temperature is not in heating range within 20 minutes. Note 3) It takes at least 27 minutes to detect abnormality. Note 4) It excludes the period of defrosting (Detection restarts when defrost-</heating>	 (a) Defective detection of indoor room temperature and pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature thermistor</condenser> (b) Stop valve is not opened completely. 	unit connecting wire.
	ing mode is over) Heating range : 3 deg ≦ (TH5-TH1)		

ror Code	•		Countermeasure ①-③ Check resistance value of thermistor.	
Ρ9	 Abnormality of pipe temperature thermistor / Condenser-Evaporator (TH5) The unit is in three-minute resume protection mode if short/open of thermistor is detected. Abnormal if the unit does not get back to normal within three minutes. (The unit returns to normal operation, if it has normally reset.) Constantly detected during cooling, drying, and heating operation (except defrosting) Short: 90°C or more Open: -40°C or less 	 Defective thermistor characteristics Contact failure of connector (CN29) on the indoor controller board. (Insert failure) Breaking of wire or contact failure of thermistor wiring. Temperature of thermistor is 90°C or more or -40°C or less caused by defective refrigerant circuit. Defective indoor controller board. 	 Refer to 9-6. Turn the power on and check restart after inserting connector again. Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor controller circuit board. If pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature is exclusively low (in cooling mode) or high (in heating mode), refrigerant circuit may have defective.</condenser></condenser> Operate in test run mode and check pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature with outdoor control circuit board. If there is exclusive difference with actual pipe <condenser evaporator=""> temperature replace indoor controller board. There is no abnormality if none of above comes within the unit. Turn the power off and on again to operate.</condenser></condenser> In case of checking pipe temperature with outdoor controller circuit board, be sure to connect A-control service tool (PAC-SK52ST). Check disconnection or looseness of indoor unit or transmission wire of remote controller. Set one of the remote controller. Total wiring of remote controller. The number of connecting indoor units: max.16units The number of connecting remote con- troller: max.2units When it is not the above-mentioned problem of [~-3] 	
E0 or E4	 Remote controller transmission error(E0)/signal receiving error(E4) Abnormal if main or sub remote controller can not receive normally any transmission from indoor unit of refrigerant address "0" for three minutes. (Error code : E0) Abnormal if sub remote controller could not receive for any signal for two minutes. (Error code: E0) Abnormal if indoor controller board can not receive normally any data from remote controller board or from other indoor controller board for three minutes. (Error code: E4) Indoor controller board cannot receive any signal from remote controller board cannot receive any signal for two minutes. (Error code: E4) 	 Contact failure at transmission wire of remote controller All remote controllers are set as "sub" remote controller. In this case, E0 is displayed on remote controller, and E4 is displayed at LED (LED1, LED2) on the outdoor controller circuit board. Mis-wiring of remote controller. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board of refrigerant address "0". Noise has entered into the transmission wire of remote controller. 		
	Remote controller transmission	~ -	① Set a remote controller to main, and the	
E3 or E5	 error(E3)/signal receiving error(E5) Abnormal if remote controller could not find blank of transmission path for six seconds and could not transmit. (Error code: E3) Remote controller receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3) Abnormal if indoor controller board could not find blank of transmission path. (Error code: E5) Indoor controller board receives transmitted data at the same time, compares the data, and when detecting it, judges different data to be abnormal 30 continuous times. (Error code: E3) 	 Two remote controller are set as "main." (In case of 2 remote con- trollers) Remote controller is connected with two indoor units or more. Repetition of refrigerant address. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of remote controller. Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board. Noise has entered into trans- mission wire of remote con- troller. 	 other to sub. (2) Remote controller is connected with only one indoor unit. (3) The address changes to a separate setting. (4)~(6) Diagnose remote controller. a) When "RC OK"is displayed, remote controllers have no problem. Put the power off, and on again to check. When becoming abnormal again, replace indoor controller board. b) When "RC NG"is displayed, replace remote controller. c) When "RC E3" or "ERC 00-66" is displayed, noise may be causing abnormality. 	

Error Code	Meaning of error code and detection method	Cause	Countermeasure		
E6	 Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Signal receiving error) Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for six minutes after putting the power on. Abnormal if indoor controller board cannot receive any signal normally for three minutes. Consider the unit abnormal under the following condition: When two or more indoor units are connected to one outdoor unit, indoor controller board cannot receive a signal for three minutes from outdoor controller circuit board, a signal which allows outdoor controller circuit board to transmit signals. 	 Contact failure, short circuit or, mis-wiring (converse wiring) of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire. 	 Check LED display on the outdoor control circuit board. (Connect A-control service tool, PAC-SK52ST.) Refer to EA-EC item if LED displays EA-EC. Check disconnection or looseness of indoor/ outdoor unit connecting wire of indoor unit or outdoor unit. Check all the units in case of twin triple indoor unit system. (2)-(4) Turn the power off, and on again to check. If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board or outdoor controller circuit board. * Other indoor controller board may have defective in case of twin triple indoor unit system. 		
E7	Indoor/outdoor unit communication error (Transmitting error) Abnormal if "1" receiving is detected 30 times continuously though indoor controller board has transmitted "0".	 Defective transmitting receiving circuit of indoor controller board Noise has entered into power supply. Noise has entered into outdoor control wire. 	①-③ Turn the power off, and on again to check If abnormality generates again, replace indoor controller board.		
Fb	Abnormality of indoor controller board Abnormal if data cannot be normally read from the nonvolatile memory of the indoor controller board.	 Defective indoor controller board. 	① Replace indoor controller board.		
E1 or E2	 Abnormality of remote controller control board ① Abnormal if data cannot be normally read from the nonvolatile memory of the remote controller control board. (Error code: E1) ② Abnormal if the clock function of remote controller cannot be normally operated. (Error code: E2) 	① Defective remote controller.	① Replace remote controller.		

9-3. TROUBLESHOOTING BY INFERIOR PHENOMENA

Note: Refer to the manual of outdoor unit for the detail of remote

Phenomena	controller.	Countermeasure
(1)LED2 on indoor controller board	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also off.	Countermeasure
is off.	 When LEDF of Indoor controller board is also on. Power supply of rated voltage is not supplied to out- door unit. 	 Check the voltage of outdoor power supply terminal block (L, N) or (L₃, N). When AC 220~240V is not detected. Check the power wiring to outdoor unit and the breaker. When AC 220~240V is detected.
	② Defective outdoor controller circuit board.	 Check (2) (below). Check the voltage between outdoor terminal block S1 and S2. When AC 220~240V is not detected. Check the fuse on outdoor controller circuit board. Check the wiring connection. When AC 220~240V is detected. Check the wiring connection.
	③ Power supply of 220~240V is not supplied to indoor unit.	 Check ③ (below). Check the voltage between indoor terminal block S1 and S2. When AC 220~240V is not detected. Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for mis-wiring. When AC 220~240V is detected. Check @ (below).
	④ Defective indoor power board.	 (4) Check voltage output from CN2S on indoor power board (DC13.1V). Refer to 9-6-1. • When no voltage is output. Check the wiring connection. • When output voltage is between DC12 5V and DC13 7V
	⑤ Defective indoor controller board.	 Check (b) (below). Check the wiring connection between indoor controller board and indoor power board. Check the fuse on indoor controller board. If no problems are found, indoor controller board is defective.
	(For the separate indoor/outdoor unit power sup- ply system)	
	① Power supply of 220~240V AC is not supplied to indoor unit.	 Check the voltage of indoor power supply terminal block (L,N). When AC220-240V is not detected. Check the power supply wiring. When AC220-240V is detected. -Check @ (below).
	② The connectors of the optional replacement kit are not used.	 Check that there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors. When there are problems in the method of connecting the connectors. Connect the connector correctly referring to installation manual of an optional kit. When there is no problem in the method of connecting the connectors.
	③ Defective indoor controller board.	 -Check ③ (below). ③ Check voltage output from CNDK on indoor controller board. • When AC220~240V is not detected. Check the fuse on indoor controller board. Check the wiring connection between indoor power supply terminal block and CND on indoor controller board. • When AC220~240V is detected. Check (below)
	④ Defective indoor power board.	 -Check ④ (below). ④ Check voltage output from CN2S on indoor power board. • When no voltage output. Check the wiring connection between CNDK on indoor controller board and CNSK on indoor power board. If no problem are found,indoor power board is defective. • When DC12.5~13.7V is detected. Check the wiring connection between CN2S on indoor power board and CN2D on indoor power board. If no problem are found,indoor controller board is defective.
	 When LED1 on indoor controller board is lit. Mis-setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit (There is no unit corresponding to refrigerant address "0".) 	 Reconfirm the setting of refrigerant address for outdoor unit Set the refrigerant address to "0". (For grouping control system under which 2 or more outdoor units are connected, set one of the units to "0".) Set refrigerant address using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board.

Note: Refer to the manual	of outdoor unit for the detail of remote
controller	

controller.					
Phenomena	Cause	Countermeasure			
(2)LED2 on indoor controller board is blinking.	When LED1 on indoor controller board is also blinking. Connection failure of indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire	Check indoor/outdoor unit connecting wire for connection failure.			
	 When LED1 is lit. Mis-wiring of remote controller wires Under twin triple indoor unit system, 2 or more indoor units are wired together. 	① Check the connection of remote con- troller wires in case of twin triple indoor unit system. When 2 or more indoor units are wired in one refrigerant system, connect remote controller wires to one of those units.			
	 Refrigerant address for outdoor unit is wrong or not set. Under grouping control system, there are some units whose refrigerant address is 0. 	 Check the setting of refrigerant address in case of grouping control system. If there are some units whose refrigerant addresses are 0 in one group, set one of the units to 0 using SW1 (3-6) on outdoor controller circuit board. 			
	 ③ Short-cut of remote controller wires ④ Defective remote controller 	 ③ ④ Remove remote controller wires and check LED2 on indoor controller board. When LED2 is blinking, check the short-cut of remote controller wires. When LED2 is lit, connect remote controller wires again and: if LED2 is blinking, remote controller is defective; if LED2 is lit, connection failure of remote controller terminal block etc. has returned to normal. 			
(3)Upward/downward vane performance failure	 The vane is not downward during defrosting and heat preparation and when the thermostat is OFF in HEAT mode. (Working of COOL protection function) Vane motor does not rotate. Defective vane motor Breaking of wire or connection failure of connector Up/down vane setting is "No vanes". Upward/downward vane does not work. The vane is set to fixed position. 	 Normal operation (The vane is set to horizontal regardless of remote control.) Check @ (left). Check the vane motor. (Refer to "How to check the parts".) Check for breaking of wire or connection failure of connector. Check "Up/down vane setting". (Unit function selection by remote controller). Normal operation (Each connected.) 			
(4)Receiver for wireless remote controller	 Weak batteries of wireless remote controller. Contact failure of connector (CNB) on wireless remote controller board. (Insert failure) Contact failure of connector (CN90) on indoor controller board.(Insert failure) Contact failure of connector between wireless remote controller board and indoor controller board. 	 Replace batteries of wireless remote controller. Check contact failure of each connector. If no problems are found of connector, replace indoor controller board. When the same trouble occurs even if indoor controller board is replaced, replace wireless remote controller board. 			

9-4. When wired remote controller or indoor unit micro computer troubles

1. If there is not any other wrong when trouble occurs, emergency operation starts as the indoor controller board switch (SWE) is set to ON.

During the emergency operation the indoor unit is as follows;

- (1) Indoor fan high speed operation (2) Drain-up machine operation
- 2. When emergency operating for COOL or HEAT, setting of the switch (SWE) in the indoor controller board and outdoor unit emergency operation are necessary.
- 3. Check items and notices as the emergency operation
 - (1) Emergency operation cannot be used as follows;
 - When the outdoor unit is something wrong.
 - When the indoor fan is something wrong.
 - When drain over flow protected operation is detected during self-diagnosis. (Error code : P5)
 - (2) Emergency operation will be serial operation by the power supply ON/OFF. ON/OFF or temperature, etc. adjustment is not operated by the remote controller.
 - (3) Do not operate for a long time as cold air is blown when the outdoor unit starts defrosting operation during heat emergency operation.
 - (4) Cool emergency operation must be within 10 hours at most. It may cause heat exchanger frosting in the indoor unit.
 - (5) After completing the emergency operation, return the switch setting, etc. in former state.
 - (6) Since vane does not work at emergency operation, position the vane manually and slowly.

9-5. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA

Parts name	Check points					
Room temperature thermistor (TH1) Pipe temperature	Disconnect the conr (Surrounding tempe		the resistance us	ing a tester.		
thermistor (TH2)	Normal	Abnormal	(Pofor t	o the thermistor)		
Condenser/Evaporator temperature thermistor	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	Open or shor				
(TH5)						
Fan motor (MF)	Measure the resista	nce between the ter	minals using a tes	ster (winding temp. 20°		
	Motor terminal	Nor	mal	Abnormal		
		RP60, 71	RP100	Abhormai		
	Orange-Gray	35.0Ω	35.2Ω			
	Orange-Black	10.3Ω	2.63Ω			
	Black-Blue	5.87Ω	3.00Ω	Open or short		
Protector RP60,71 RP100	Blue-Yellow	6.97Ω	7.01Ω			
OPEN 145±5°C 135±5°C	Yellow-Red	21.4Ω	_			
CLOSE 94±15°C 86±15°C	Orange-Red		50.7Ω			

<Thermistor Characteristic graph>

Thermistor for lower temperature

30°C

40°℃

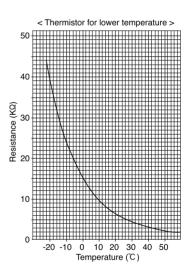
Room temperature thermistor(TH1) Pipe temperature thermistor(TH2) Condenser/evaporator temperature thermistor(TH5)

Thermistor R₀=15k Ω ± 3% Fixed number of B=3480k Ω ± 2%

Rt=15ex	p { 3480(<u>1</u> 273+t	$-\frac{1}{273})$
O°C	15kΩ		
10°C	9.6kΩ		
20°C	6.3kΩ		
25℃	5.2kΩ		

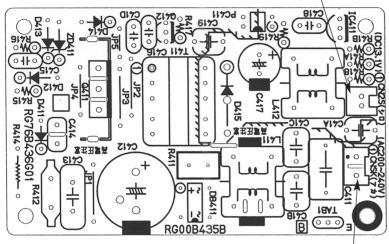
4.3kΩ

3.0kΩ



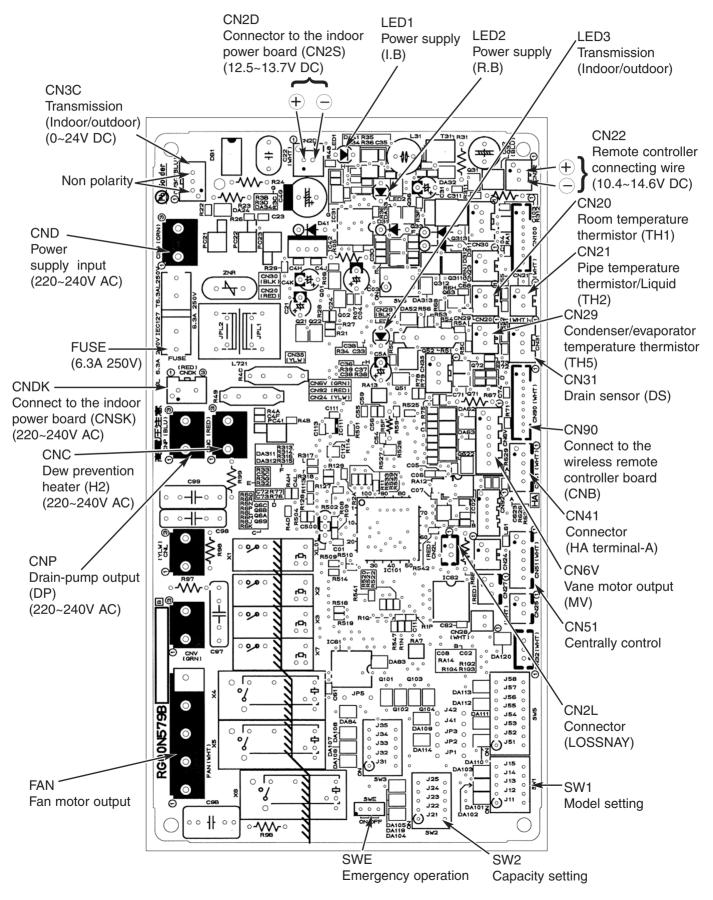
9-6.TEST POINT DIAGRAM 9-6-1. Power board PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA

CN2S Connect to the indoor controller board (CN2D) Between O to O 12.6-13.7V DC (PinO (+))



CNSK Connect to the indoor controller board (CNDK) Between ① to ③ 220-240V AC

9-6-2. Indoor controller board PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA



9-7. FUNCTIONS OF DIP SWITCH AND JUMPER WIRE

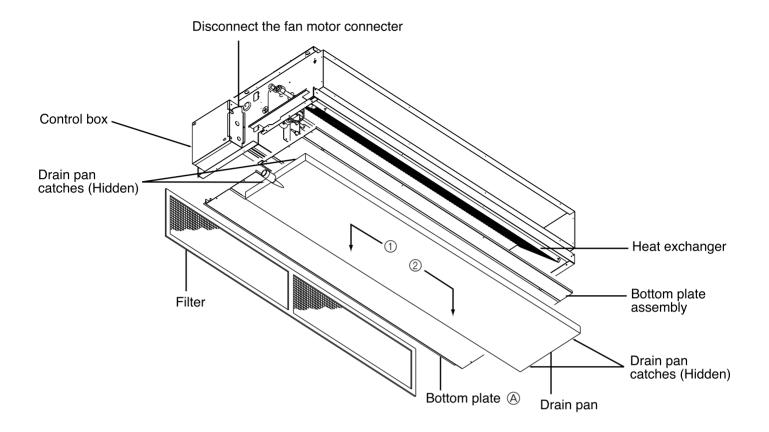
Each function is controlled by the dip switch and the jumper wire on control p.c. board. SW1 and SW2 are equipped only for service parts.

Model setting and capacity setting are memorized in the nonvolatile memory of the control p.c. board of the unit.

			table below) Jumper wire (O:Short X:Open)
Jumper wire	Functions	Setting by the dip switch and jumper wire	Remarks
SW1	Model settings	For service board	
SW2	Capacity settings	MODELSService boardPEAD-RP60GA1 2 3 4 5ON OFFPEAD-RP71GA1 2 3 4 5ON OFFPEAD-RP100GA1 2 3 4 5ON OFFPEAD-RP100GA1 2 3 4 5ON OFF	
J41 J42	Pair number setting with wireless remote controller	Wireless remote controller settingControl PCB setting0 \bigcirc 1 \times 2 \bigcirc 3 ~ 9 \times	<settings at="" factory="" of="" shipment="" time=""> Wireless remote controller: 0 Control PCB: ○ (for both J41 and J42) Four pair number settings are supported. The pair number settings of the wireless remote controller and indoor control PCB (J41/J42) are given in the table on the left. ('×' in the table indicates the jumper line is disco- nnected.)</settings>
JP1	Unit type setting	ModelJP1Without TH5OWith TH5X	There is no jumper (JP1) because these models have the cond./eva. temperature thermistor (TH5).
JP3	Indoor controller board type setting	Indoor controller board typeJP3Factory shipment×Service partsO	

10 DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Figure1.



1. Removing the fan motor

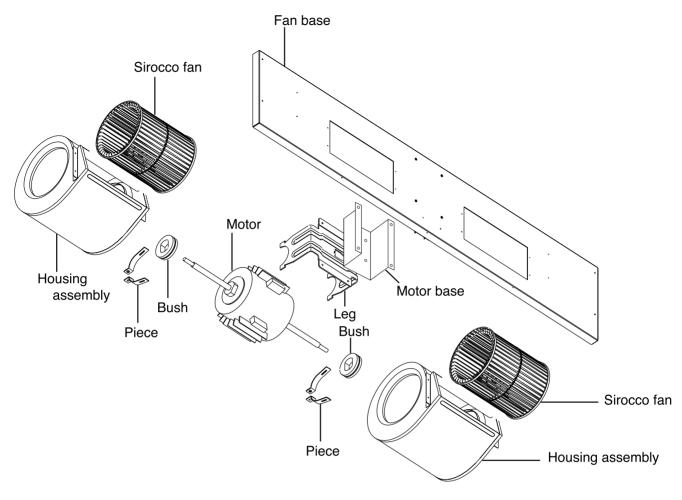
- 1. Remove the screws that fix the bottom plate (A), and remove it.
- 2. Removing the drain pan as follows:
 - (1) Remove the screws that fix the drain pan.
 - (2) Slide the drain pan in the direction (1), Figure1 and unhook the drain pan catches.
 - (3) Slide the drain pan in the direction ②, Figure1 and unhook the 2 catches on the other side of the drain pipe.
- 3. Remove the screws that fix the bottom plate assembly, and remove it.
- 4. Disconnect the fan motor connector from the controller box.

5. Remove the sirocco fan setting screw and the motor fixture setting screw to remove the motor fixture.

Remove the other motor fixture as well, and then remove the fan motor. (Figure 2)

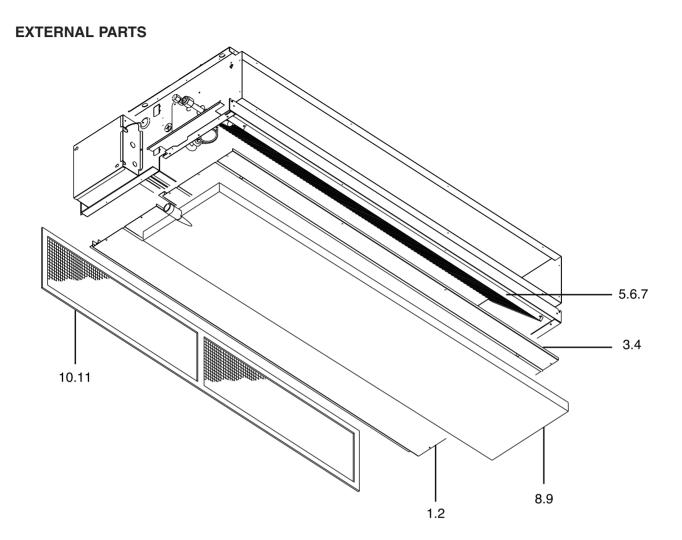
6. Remove the 8 screws that fix fan housing.

Figure2.



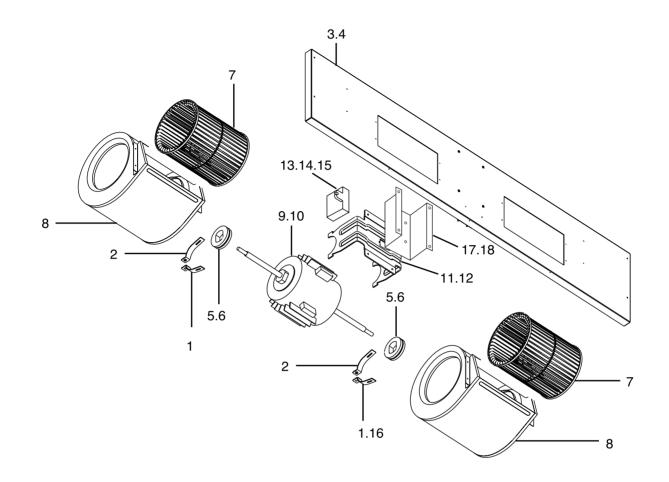
11 PARTS LIST

PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA



				Qt'y/set			
No.	Part No.	Part Name	Drawing No.	PEAD-	PEAD-	PEAD-	Spec.
				RP60GA	RP71GA	RP100GA	epec.
1	S70 071 669	Bottom plate 2	W652372Z05	1	1		
2	S70 072 669	Bottom plate 2	W652372Z07			1	
3	S70 061 669	Bottom plate 1 ass'y	W902770G01	1	1		
4	S70 062 669	Bottom plate 1 ass'y	W902770G02			1	
5	S70 K01 480	H.EX. General ass'y	W274422G06	1			
6	S70 K02 480	H.EX. General ass'y	W274422G04		1		
7	S70 K03 480	H.EX. General ass'y	W274422G05			1	
8	S70 061 529	Drain pan ass'y	W906341G01	1	1		
9	S70 071 529	Drain pan ass'y	W906341G02			1	
10	S70 061 500	Filter	W652374G04	1	1		
11	S70 071 500	Filter	W652374G03			1	

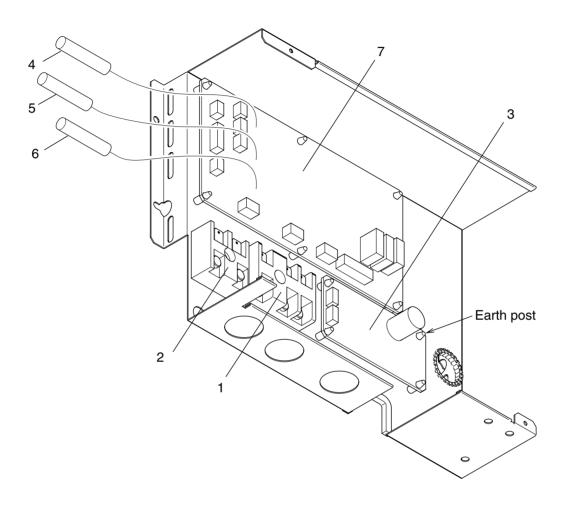
PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA



				Qt'y/set				
No.	Part No.	Part Name	Drawing No.	PEAD-	PEAD-	PEAD-		
				RP60GA	RP71GA	RP100GA		
1	S70 507 131	Piece	R02F328H09			2		
2	S70 507 132	Piece	R02F328G84			2		with a nut
3	S70 610 677	Fan base ass'y	W902772G07	1	1			
4	S70 710 677	Fan base ass'y	W902772G08			1		
5	S70 768 105	Bush	W491760H02	2	2			
6	S70 755 105	Bush	R31F676H01			2		
7	S70 Y05 114	Sirocco fan	W126471G01	2	2	2		
8	S70 980 110	Housing ass'y	W903428G02	2	2	2		
9	S70 Y02 220	Motor	P714913X01	1	1			
10	S70 Y03 220	Motor	P714914X01			1		
11	S70 090 130	Motor support	W241060H03	1	1			
12	S70 883 130	Leg	R02G131H07			1		
13	S70 510 255	Capacitor 6	P412291X01	1				
14	S70 610 255	Capacitor 8	P412292X01		1			
15	S70 710 255	Capacitor 4	P412209X01			1		
16	S70 652 131	Attachment	W353715H01	2	2			
17	S70 090 130	Motor base	W634069Z02	1	1			
18	S70 031 130	Motor base	W902771Z03			1		

PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA

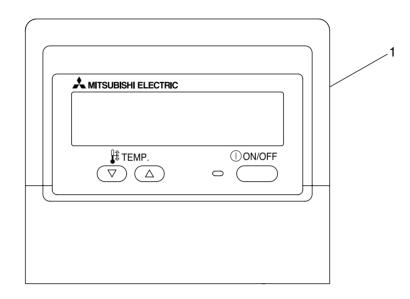
CONTROL BOX PARTS

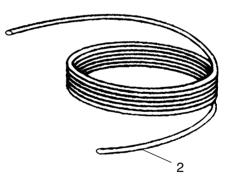


					Qťy/s	set	
No.	Part No.	Part Name	Drawing No.	PEAD-	PEAD-	PEAD-	
				RP60GA	RP71GA	RP100GA	\
1	S70 979 717	Terminal bed	P436110X01	1	1	1	< TB4 >
2	S70 435 717	Terminal bed	BA73S950H02	1	1	1	< TB5 >
3	S70 K06 313	Power Board	RG00B435F08	1	1	1	PWB
4	S70 KW3 202	Thermistor	W905588G01	1	1	1	< T H1> RED
5	S70 KW2 202	Thermistor	W906303G02	1	1	1	< TH2 > WHITE
6	S70 KW1 202	Thermistor	W906303G01	1	1	1	< TH5 > BLACK
7	S70 K70 310	Controller Board	RG00D008B02	1	1	1	I.B
8							
9							
10							

PEAD-RP60GA PEAD-RP71GA PEAD-RP100GA

ELECTRICAL PARTS





				Qt'y/set				
No.	Part No.	Part Name	Drawing No.	PEAD-	PEAD-	PEAD-		Spec.
				RP60GA	RP71GA	RP100GA		
1	S70 KW1 713	Remote controller	P972122X01	1	1	1		MA Remo-con
2	S70 030 305	Remote controller cable	W873334G05	1	1	1		10 m

12 OPTIONAL PARTS

1. REMOTE SENSOR

Part No.	PAC-SE41TS-E
Applied model	PEAD-RP60,71,100GA

2. REMOTE OPERATION ADAPTER

Part No.	PAC-SF40RM-E
Applied model	PEAD-RP60,71,100GA

3. REMOTE ON/OFF ADAPTER

Part No.	PAC-SE55RA-E
Applied model	PEAD-RP60,71,100GA

4. INSULATION KIT

Part No.	PAC-SK010DK
Applied model	PEAD-RP60,71,100GA

Mr.SLIM™



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