Changes for the Better



November 2008

No. OCH447

TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL

Series PKFY Wall Mounted R410A / R407C / R22

Indoor unit [Model names]

PKFY-P63VKM-E

PKFY-P100VKM-E



PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH Note:

• This manual describes only service data of the indoor units.

• RoHS compliant products have <G> mark on the spec name plate.



INDOOR UNIT

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PARTS CATALOG (OCB447)

CAUTIONS RELATED TO NEW REFRIGERANT

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R407C

1

Do not use the existing refrigerant piping.

The old refrigerant and lubricant in the existing piping contain a large amount of chlorine which may cause the lubricant deterioration of the new unit.

Use "low residual oil piping"

If there is a large amount of residual oil (hydraulic oil, etc.) inside the piping and joints, deterioration of the lubricant will result.

Store the piping to be used indoors during installation and both ends sealed until just before brazing.

(Store elbows and other joints in a plastic bag.)

If dust, dirt, or water enters the refrigerant cycle, deterioration of the oil and compressor trouble may result.

Use ESTR , ETHER or HAB as the lubricant to coat flares and flange connection parts.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use liquid refrigerant to charge the system.

If gas refrigerant is used to seal the system, the composition of the refrigerant in the cylinder will change and performance may drop.

Do not use a refrigerant other than R407C.

If another refrigerant (R22, etc.) is used, the chlorine in the refrigerant may cause the lubricant deterioration.

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

The vacuum pump oil may flow back into the refrigerant cycle and cause the lubricant deterioration.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.

[1] Cautions for service

After recovering the all refrigerant in the unit, proceed to working.

•Do not release refrigerant in the air.

After completing the repair service, recharge the cycle with the specified amount of liquid refrigerant.

[2] Refrigerant recharging

- (1) Refrigerant recharging process
 - Direct charging from the cylinder.
 - •R407C cylinder available on the market has a syphon pipe. •Leave the syphon pipe cylinder standing and recharge it. (By liquid refrigerant)



(2) Recharge in refrigerant leakage case

 $\cdot \mbox{After recovering the all refrigerant in the unit, proceed to working.}$

 $\cdot \text{Do}$ not release the refrigerant in the air.

•After completing the repair service, recharge the cycle with the specified amount of liquid refrigerant.

[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R407C refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications
1	Gauge manifold	·Only for R407C
		·Use the existing fitting SPECIFICATIONS. (UNF7/16)
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 3.43MPa·G or over.
2	Charge hose	·Only for R407C
		·Use pressure performance of 5.10MPa·G or over.
3	Electronic scale	
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a or R407C.
5	Adapter for reverse flow check	·Attach to vacuum pump.
6	Refrigerant charge base	
0	Refrigerant cylinder	·For R407C ·Top of cylinder (Brown) ·Cylinder with syphon
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment	

Cautions for units utilizing refrigerant R410A

Do not use the existing refrigerant piping.

The old refrigerant and lubricant in the existing piping contains a large amount of chlorine which may cause the lubricant deterioration of the new unit.

Use "low residual oil piping"

If there is a large amount of residual oil (hydraulic oil, etc.) inside the piping and joints, deterioration of the lubricant will result.

Store the piping to be used indoors during installation and both ends of the piping sealed until just before brazing. (Leave elbow joints, etc. in their packaging.)

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Use ester oil, ether oil or alkylbenzene oil (small amount) as the refrigerant oil applied to flares and flange connections.

If large amount of mineral oil enters, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Charge refrigerant from liquid phase of gas cylinder.

If the refrigerant is charged from gas phase, composition change may occur in refrigerant and the efficiency will be lowered.

Do not use refrigerant other than R410A.

If other refrigerant (R22 etc.) is used, chlorine in refrigerant can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

[1] Cautions for service

- (1) Perform service after recovering the refrigerant left in unit completely.
- (2) Do not release refrigerant in the air.
- (3) After completing service, charge the cycle with specified amount of refrigerant.
- (4) When performing service, install a filter drier simultaneously. Be sure to use a filter drier for new refrigerant.

[2] Additional refrigerant charge

- When charging directly from cylinder
- · Check that cylinder for R410A on the market is syphon type.
- · Charging should be performed with the cylinder of syphon stood vertically. (Refrigerant is charged from liquid phase.)

Use a vacuum pump with a reverse flow check valve.

Vacuum pump oil may flow back into refrigerant cycle and that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil etc.

Use the following tools specifically designed for use with R410A refrigerant.

The following tools are necessary to use R410A refrigerant.

Tools for R410A					
Gauge manifold	Flare tool				
Charge hose	Size adjustment gauge				
Gas leak detector	Vacuum pump adaptor				
Torque wrench	Electronic refrigerant				
	charging scale				

Handle tools with care.

If dirt, dust or moisture enters into refrigerant cycle, that can cause deterioration of refrigerant oil or malfunction of compressor.

Do not use a charging cylinder.

If a charging cylinder is used, the composition of refrigerant will change and the efficiency will be lowered.

Ventilate the room if refrigerant leaks during operation. If refrigerant comes into contact with a flame, poisonous gases will be released.



[3] Service tools

Use the below service tools as exclusive tools for R410A refrigerant.

No.	Tool name	Specifications		
1	Gauge manifold	·Only for R410A		
		·Use the existing fitting specifications. (UNF1/2)		
		·Use high-tension side pressure of 5.3MPa·G or over.		
2	Charge hose	·Only for R410A		
		·Use pressure performance of 5.09MPa·G or over.		
3	Electronic scale			
4	Gas leak detector	·Use the detector for R134a, R407C or R410A.		
5	Adaptor for reverse flow check	·Attach to vacuum pump.		
6	Refrigerant charge base			
0	Refrigerant cylinder	•Only for R410A •Top of cylinder (Pink)		
		·Cylinder with syphon		
8	Refrigerant recovery equipment			

2 PART NAMES AND FUNCTIONS

• Indoor unit





Note:

- "PLEASE WAIT" message
- This message is displayed for approximately 3 minutes when power is supplied to the indoor unit or when the unit is recovering from a power failure. • "NOT AVAILABLE" message

This message is displayed if an invalid button is pressed (to operate a function that the indoor unit does not have). If a single remote controller is used to operate multiple indoor units simultaneously that are different types, this message will not be displayed as far as any of the indoor units is equipped with the function.

Wireless remote controller



SPECIFICATION

3-1. Specifications

3

Model			PKFY-P63VKM-E PKFY-P100VKM-E					
Power source				1-phase 220-240V 50H	Iz, 1-phase 220V 60Hz			
Cooling capacity	*1	kW	7.1		11.2			
(Nominal)	*1	kcal/h	6,100		9,60)		
	*1	Btu/h	24,200	1	38,20	0		
	*2	kcal/h	6,300		10,00	0		
	Power input *4	kW	0.05		80.0			
	Current input *4	A	0.37		0.58			
Heating capacity	*3	kW	8.0		12.5			
(Nominal)	*3	kcal/h	6,900		10,80	0		
	-3	Btu/h	27,300		42,60	0		
	Power Input	KVV	0.04	0.04 0.07				
External finish	Current input	А	0.30	Diactia MUNSEI	0.51			
External linish		mm		Plastic, MONSEL 365 x 113	LL (1.01 9.2/0.2) 70 x 205			
External dimension		in	-	1/1-3/8" v /6-1	/16" v 11-5/8"			
Net weight		ka (lb)		14-3/0 × 40-1, 21 ((46)			
Heat exchanger		Kg (ID)		Cross fin (Aluminum	fin and conner tube)			
Fan	Type x Quantity			Line flow	/ fan x 1			
	External	Pa		0)			
	static press.	mmH ₂ O	-	0)			
	Motor type			DC n	notor			
	Motor output	kW		0.0	56			
	Driving mechanish	n		Direct	t-drive			
	Airflow rate	m³/min	16 - 20	1	20 - 2	6		
	(Low-High)	L/s	267 - 33	3	333 - 4	33		
		cfm	565 - 70	6	706 - 9	18		
Noise level (Low-Hig	gh)	dB <a>	39 - 45		41 - 4	9		
(measured in anech	noic room)							
Insulation material				Polyethyle	ene sheet			
Air filter			PP honeycomb					
Protection device			Fuse					
Refrigerant control of	device		LEV					
Connectable outdoo	or unit			R410A, R407C,	R22 CITY MULTI	\ _		
Diameter of	Liquid (R410A)	mm (in.)	Ø9.52 (Ø3/8")	Flare	ø9.52 (ø3/8') Flare		
refrigerant pipe	(R22, R407C)	(1.1.1)	Ø9.52 (Ø3/8°)	Flare	Ø9.52 (Ø3/8 #15.00 (#5/0)) Flare		
	Gas (R410A)	mm (in.)	Ø15.88 (Ø5/8°)	Flare	Ø15.88 (Ø5/8 #10.02 (#2/4)) Flare		
Field drain nine aize	(R22, R407C)	mm (in)	015.88 (05/8)		m (5/8")			
Standard	Document	11111 (111.)						
attachment	Accessory		Installation Manual, Instruction Book					
Optional parts	Drain pump kit		PAC-SH94DM-E					
Remark	Prani panipini			1710 011				
	Installation		Details on foundation work, insulation	n work, electrical wiring, powe	er source switch, and other items sh	all be referred to the		
Note :	*1 Nominal cooling or	nditions	Installation Manual.	*2 Nominal	heating conditions	Unit converter		
Indoor Outdoor Pipe length Level difference *4 Electrical characteri * Nominal conditions *	27°CDB/19°CWB 27°CDB/19°CWB 35°CDB (95°FDB) 7.5 m (24-9/16 ft) 0 m (0 ft) istic of cooling are incli 1, *3 are subject to JIS provement above see	(81°FDB/66°) uded optional 3 B8615-1.	FWB) 27°CDB/19.5°CWB (81°FE 35°CDB (95°FDB) 5 m (16-3/8 ft) 0 m (0 ft) I drain - pump.	20°CDB DB/67°FWB) 20°CDB 7°CDB/ 7.5 m (2 0 m (0 ft	8 (68°FDB) 6°CWB (45°FDB/43°FWB) 24-9/16 ft) t)	kcal/h = kW × 860 Btu/h = kW × 3,412 cfm = m ³ /min × 35.31 lb = kg/0.4536 *Above specification data is subject to rounding variation.		

3-2. Electrical parts specifications

Service Ref. Parts name	Symbol	PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH	PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH			
Room temperature thermistor	TH21	Resistance 0°C/15kΩ, 10°C/9.6kΩ, 20°C/6.3kΩ, 25°C/5.4kΩ, 30°C/4.3kΩ, 40°C/3.0kΩ				
Liquid pipe thermistor	TH22	Resistance 0°C/15kΩ, 10°C/9.6kΩ, 20°C/6.3kΩ, 25°C/5.4kΩ, 30°C/4.3kΩ, 40°C/3.0kΩ				
Gas pipe thermistor	TH23 TH24	Resistance 0°C/15kΩ, 10°C/9.6kΩ, 20°C/6.3kΩ, 25°C/5.4kΩ, 30°C/4.3kΩ, 40°C/3.0kΩ				
Fuse (Indoor controller board)	FUSE	250V 3.15A				
Fan motor	MF	8-Pole Output 56W / RCOJ56-AC				
Vane motor	MV	MSBPC20 DC12V				
Linear expansion valve	LEV	EFM-40YGME DC 12 V	EFM-80YGME DC 12 V			
Power supply terminal block	TB2	(L, N, ⁽¹⁾) 250V 20A				
Transmission terminal block	TB5	(M1, M2, S) 250V 20A				
MA remote controller terminal block	TB15	(1, 2) 250V 10A				

3-3. Sound levels



Sound	level	at	ane	ch	oic	room	: Low-High
	-						

	Sound level dB (A)			
PKFY-P63VKM-E	39 - 45			
PKFY-P100VKM-E	41 - 49			

* Measured in anechoic room.

3-4. NC curves



250 500 1k 2k 4 8k

--- Low

NC-60

NC-50

IC-30

PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKYF-P100VKM-E.TH

4

Unit : mm



PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKYF-P100VKM-E.TH

SYMBOL	SYMBOL NAME SYMBOL NAME		NAME	
I.B	INDOOR CONTROLLER BOARD	TH	H21	THERMISTOR ROOM TEMP. DETECTION
CN32	CONNECTOR REMOTE SWITCH			(0°C/15kΩ, 25°C/5.4kΩ)
CN51	CENTRALLY CONTROL	TH	122	PIPE TEMP. DETECTION/LIQUID
CN52	REMOTE INDICATION	1		(0°C/15kΩ, 25°C/5.4kΩ)
BZ	BZ BUZZER		123	PIPE TEMP. DETECTION/GAS1
DSA	SURGE ABSORBER	1	.20	$(0^{\circ}C/15k\Omega, 25^{\circ}C/5.4k\Omega)$
FUSE	FUSE (T3.15AL 250V)	ТН	124	PIPE TEMP. DETECTION/GAS2
LED1	POWER SUPPLY (LB)	1	124	$(0^{\circ}C/15kQ, 25^{\circ}C/5.4kQ)$
LED1	POWER SUPPLY (I.B)	Δ	B	ADDRESS BOARD
SW2		· ^.	SWA	SWITCH FAN SPEED SELECTOR
SW3	MODE SELECTION		SW/1	MODE SELECTION
SW4			SW/11	
SWE		-	SW112	
X1			SW12	REANCH No
MOV 01 02	VARISTOR	51	B	SWITCH BOARD
LEV		0.1	SWF1	
ME			SWE2	
N/1/		۱۸/	B	
		· · ·		
		1		
TD15		-		LED (OPERATION FOR HEATING, ORANGE)
TEID				
			F3	DRAINT LOAT SWITCH (OF HON)
MF M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	GRN/LING WINDOR WINT			$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
	M-NET CN2MBLU) ON B SW2 OFF SW4 SW3 B SW3 SW4 SW3 B MA SW3 B MA SW3 B MA SW3 B MA SW3 B SW3 SW3 B MA SW3 C SW3 SW3 SW3 SW4 SW4 SW3 SW4 SW3 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4 SW4		CON	SW1 ADDRESS CN43 (RED) DC67-13V CONTROLLER BECONTROLLER

LED on indoor board for service

Mark	Meaning	Function
LED1	Main power supply	Main power supply (Indoor unit:220-240V) Power on \rightarrow lamp is lit
LED2	Power supply for MA-Remote controller	Power supply for MA-Remote controller on \rightarrow lamp is lit

NOTES:

At servicing for outdoor unit, always follow the wiring diagram of outdoor unit.
 In case of using MA-Remote controller, please connect to TB15.

(Remote controller wire is non-polar.)

- (Remote controller wire is non-polar.)
 3. In case of using M-NET, please connect to TB5. (Transmission line is non-polar.)
 4. Symbol [S] of TB5 is the shield wire connection.
 5. Symbols used in wiring diagram above are, ______: terminal block, ooo: connecter.
 6. The setting of the SW2 dip switches differs in the capacity. For the detail, refer to fig.*1.

REFRIGERANT SYSTEM DIAGRAM

PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH

6



Unit : mm (inch)

		••••••
Model tem	PKFY-P63VKM-E	PKFY-P100VKM-E
Gas pipe	¢15.88 (5/8)	φ15.88 (5/8)
Liquid pipe	φ9.52 (3/8)	ø9.52 (3/8)

7 TROUBLESHOOTING

7-1. HOW TO CHECK THE PARTS PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH

Parts name Check points						
Room temperature thermistor (TH21)	Disconnect the connector then measure the resistance using a tester. (At the ambient temperature $10^{\circ}C \sim 30^{\circ}C$)					
Liquid pipe temperature thermistor (TH22)	Normal	Abnormal	Refer to	to the next page for the details		
Gas pipe temperature thermistor (TH23,24)	4.3kΩ~9.6kΩ	Open or short		1 3		
Vane motor (MV)	Measure the resista	nce between the termin	nals using a tes	ster. (Coil temperatu	ıre 20℃)	
® Red - Red M		Normal		Abnormal		
4 Yellow	①-② ① Brown-Red Brown	0-© 0-3 0-4 0- Brown-Red Brown-Orange Brown-Yellow Brown-		Open or short		
Connect pin No. 3 5		250Ω ± 7%				
Fan motor (MF)	Refer to 7-1-3.					
Linear expansion valve (LEV) _{CN60}	Disconnect the conr (Coil temperature 20	alve using a tester.				
Yellow 2		Normal		Abnormal		
LEV Orange 3 Blue 4 Red 5	(1)-(5) (2 White-Red Yellow	e)-(6) (3)-(5) w-Brown Orange-Red	(4)-(6) Blue-Brown	Open or short		
Brown 6		200Ω ± 10%]		

7-1-1. Thermistor



7-1-2. Liner expansion valve

① Operation summary of the linear expansion valve

• Linear expansion valve opens/closes through stepping motor after receiving the pulse signal from the indoor controller board.

• Valve position can be changed in proportion to the number of pulse signal.

<Connection between the indoor controller board and the linear expansion valve>



Note : Since the number of the connector at the controller board side and the relay connector are different, follow the color of the lead wire.

<Output pulse signal and the valve operation>

Output	Output							
(Phase)	1	2	3	4				
ø1	ON	OFF	OFF	ON				
ø2	ON	ON	OFF	OFF				
ø3	OFF	ON	ON	OFF				
<i>ø</i> 4	OFF	OFF	ON	ON				

② Linear expansion valve operation



③ Trouble shooting

Closing a value : 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1 Opening a valve : $4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 4$ The output pulse shifts in above order.

- When linear expansion valve operation stops, all output phase become OFF.
- At phase interruption or when phase does not shift in order, motor does not rotate smoothly and motor will lock and vibrate.
- When the switch is turned on, 2200 pulse closing valve signal will be sent till it goes to point (a) in order to define the valve position.
- When the valve moves smoothly, there is no noise or vibration occurring from the linear expansion valves : however, when the pulse number moves from (E) to (A) or when the valve is locked, more noise can be heard than in a normal situation.
- Noise can be detected by placing the ear against the screw driver handle while putting the screw driver tip to the linear expansion valve.

Symptom	Symptom Check points			
Operation circuit failure of the micro processor	Disconnect the connector on the controller board, then connect LED for checking. 6 6 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Exchange the indoor con- troller board in case of drive circuit failure.		
Linear expansion valve mechanism is locked.	Motor will idle and make a ticking noise when the motor is operated while the linear expansion valve is locked. This tick- ing sound is the sign of the abnormality.	Exchange the linear expan- sion valve.		
Short or breakage of the motor coil of the linear expansion valve	Measure the resistance between each coil (white-red, yellow- brown, orange-red, blue-brown) using a tester. It is normal if the resistance is in the range of $200\Omega \pm 10\%$.	Exchange the linear expan- sion valve.		
Valve does not close completely.	To check the linear expansion valve, operate the indoor unit in fan mode and at the same time operate other indoor units in cooling mode, then check the pipe temperature liquid pipe temperature> of the indoor unit by the outdoor multi controller board operation monitor. During fan operation, linear expan- sion valve is closed completely and if there is any leaking, detecting temperature of the thermistor will go lower. If the detected temperature indicated in the remote controller, it means the valve is not closed all the way. It is not necessary to exchange the linear expansion valve, if the leakage is small and not affecting normal operation.	If large amount of refriger- ant is leaked, exchange the linear expansion valve.		
Wrong connection of the connector or contact failure	Check the color of lead wire and missing terminal of the con- nector.	Disconnect the connector at the controller board, then check the continuity.		

7-1-3. DC Fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

Check method of DC fan motor (fan motor/indoor controller circuit board)

- 1 Notes
 - · High voltage is applied to the connecter (CNMF) for the fan motor. Pay attention to the service.
 - Do not pull out the connector (CNMF) for the motor with the power supply on.
 - (It causes trouble of the indoor controller circuit board and fan motor.)
- ② Self check

Symptom : The indoor fan cannot turn around.



7-2. Function of Dip switch PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH

Switch	Dolo	Function	Operation by switch		_ Effective timing	Remarks	
Switch	Pole	FUNCTION	ON OFF				
SW1 Mode selection	1	Thermistor <room temperature=""> position</room>	Built-in remote controller	Indoor unit		Address board	
	2	Filter clogging detection	Provide Not provide		1	<initial setting=""></initial>	
	3	Filter cleaning sign	2,500 hr 100 hr				
	4	Frashair intake *2	Not effective	Not effective	linder	NOTE: *1 SW1-7 SW1-8 Fan speed	
	5	Switching remote controller display	Thermo ON signal indication	Fan output indication			
	6	Humidifier control	Fan operation at Heating mode	Thermo ON operation at heating mode	suspension	OFF OFF Extra low ON OFF Low	
	7	Air flow set in case of heat	Low *1 Extra low *1			OFF ON Setting air flow ON ON Stop	
	8	thermo OFF	Setting air flow *1 Depends on SW1-7				
	9	Auto restart function	Effective	Not effective		*2 It is impossible to intake	
	10	Power ON/OFF by breaker	r Effective Not effective]	the fresh air.	
SW2 Capacity code switch	1~6	P63	ON OF P100 ON OFF	123456	Before power supply ON	Indoor controller board <initial setting=""> Set for each capacity</initial>	
	1	Heat pump/Cool only	Cooling only Heat pump		_	Indoor controller board	
	2	Not used					
0.1/0	3	Not used	—	—	Under suspension	<pre><initial setting=""> OFF I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 *1 Second setting is same as first setting. *2 Please do not use SW3-7,8 as trouble might be caused by the usage condition.</initial></pre>	
SW3	4	Vane horizontal angle	Second setting *1	First setting			
selection	5	Changing the opening of linear expansion valve during thermo OFF	Effective	Not effective			
	6	Heating 4 degree up	Not effective	Effective			
	7	Target superheat setting *2	—	—			
	8	Target subcool *2	—	—			
SW4 Model Select	1~4	(Before power supply ON	Indoor controller board			
SW11 1s digit address setting SW12 10ths digit address setting	Rotary switch	SW12 SW11 SW12 SW11 10^{1} How to set addresses Example : If address is "3", remain SW12 (for over 10) at "0", and match SW11 (for 1 to 9) with "3".				Address board	
SW14 Branch No. Setting	Rotary switch	SW14 How to Match t the BC Remain	Supply ON	Address board <initial setting=""> SW14</initial>			

Switch				Operat	tion by switch			Effective timing	Remarks
J41, J42 Wireless remote controller Pair No.	Jumper	 To operate each indoor unit by each remote controller when installed 2 indoor units or more are near, Pair No. setting is necessary. Pair No. setting is available with the 4 patterns (Setting patterns A to D). Make setting for J41, J42 of indoor controller board and the Pair No. of wireless remote controller. You may not set it when operating it by one remote controller. Setting for indoor unit Cut jumper wire J41, J42 on the indoor controller board according to the table below. Wireless remote controller pair number: Setting operation Press the SET button (using a pointed implement). Check that the remote controller's display has stopped before continuing. MODEL SELECT flashes, and the model No. (3 digits) appears (steadily-lit). Press the temperature () () buttons to select the pair number to set. Press the SET button (using a pointed implement). The set pair number is 					loor e dily-lit). ber is	Under operation or suspension	SET button
		Setting pattern	Indoor controller jumper wire		Pair No. of wireless remote controller*				
			J41	J42	0	Initial cotting			
			Cut		1	initial setting			
		C		Cut	2				
			Cut	Cut	2				
		* Pair No 4-9 of	wireless rev	note control	Ler is setting nattern Γ				

7-3. TEST POINT DIAGRAM 7-3-1. Indoor controller board PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH



7-3-2. Wireless remote controller board PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH



7-3-3. Address board PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH



PKFY-P63VKM-E.TH PKFY-P100VKM-E.TH

8

Be careful when removing heavy parts.





OPERATION PROCEDURE

6. REMOVING THE INDOOR FAN MOTOR AND THE LINE FLOW FAN

- (1) Remove the panel and the corner box. (Refer to 1.)
- (2) Remove the electrical box (Refer to 2.) and the nozzle assembly (Refer to 3.).
- (3) Remove the water cut. (See Photo 2)
- (4) Remove the screw fixing the line flow fan. (See Photo 8)
- (5) Remove 5 screws fixing the motor bed. (See Photo 7)
- (6) Remove the lead wire of pipe thermistor from the hook of motor bed. (See Photo 7)
- (7) Remove the screw fixing motor band. (See Photo 7)
- (8) Remove the motor bed together with fan motor and motor band.
- (9) Remove 3 screws fixing the left side of the heat exchanger. (See Photo 9)
- (10) Lift the heat exchanger, and pull out the line flow fan to the lower-left.



7. REMOVING THE LIQUID PIPE THERMISTOR AND **GAS PIPE THERMISTOR**

- (1) Remove the panel and the corner box. (Refer to 1)
- (2) Remove the electrical box covers. (Refer to 2.)
- (3) Remove the water cut. (See Photo 2)
- (4) Remove the liquid pipe thermistor and gas pipe thermistors.
- (5) Disconnect the connector (CN44) (CN2G) on the indoor controller board. (TH22 and TH23/CN44, TH24/CN2G)

Photo 7 Screw of the motor band

Photo 8



Lead wire of pipe ther-

Screws of the motor

mistor

bed



Photo 10



Liquid pipe thermistor (TH22)

PHOTOS



CITY MULTI[™]



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