

AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS

CITY MULTI



DATA BOOK

MODE

PUMY-SP112-140VKM2 (-BS) PUMY-SP112-140YKM2 (-BS)







GENERAL LINE-UP

Line-up of Outdoor Units of R410A CITY MULTI

Heat Pump S Series



PUMY-SP112VKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP125VKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP140VKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP112YKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP125YKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP140YKM2(-BS)

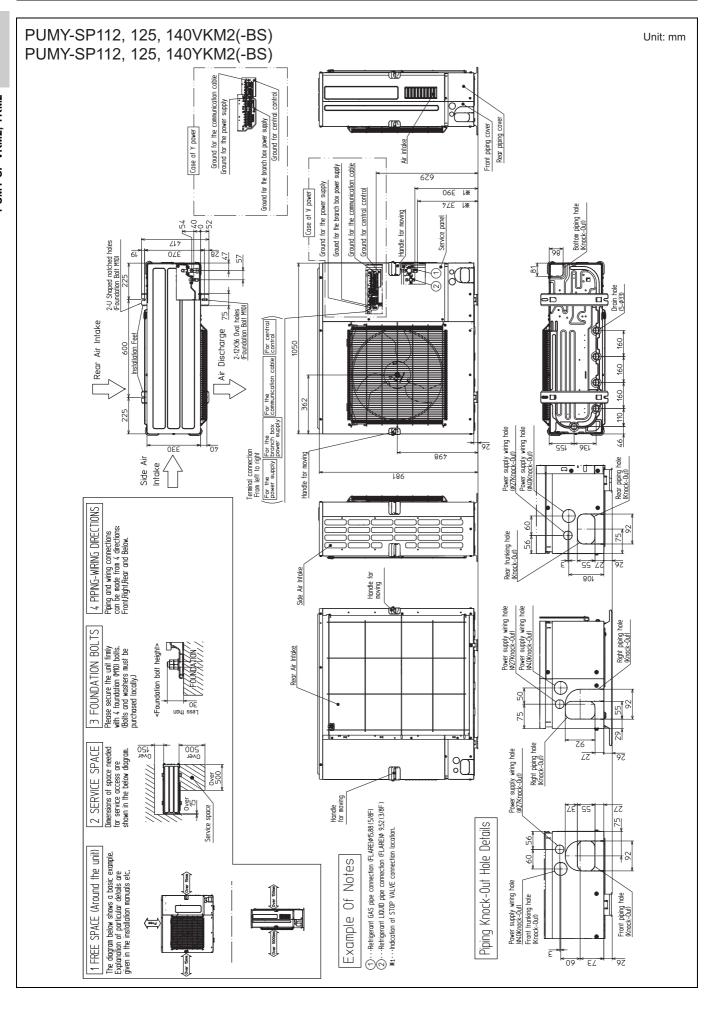
4.5, 5, 6HP

PUMY-SP-VKM2, PUMY-SP-YKM2

1. SPECIFICATIONS	2
2. EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS	4
3. CENTER OF GRAVITY	5
4. ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAMS	6
5. SOUND LEVELS	8
6. OPERATION TEMPERATURE RANGE	9
7. CAPACITY TABLES 7-1. Selection of Cooling/Heating Units 7-2. Correction by temperature 7-3. Correction by total indoor	10 16 20
7-5. Correction at frost and defrost 8. OPTIONAL PARTS 8-1. JOINT 8-2. HEADER 8-3. BRANCH BOX	24 24
9. ELECTRICAL WORK	27 28 29
10.M-NET CONTROL 10-1.Transmission cable length limitation. 10-2.Transmission cable specifications. 10-3.System configuration restrictions. 10-4.Address setting.	33 35
11.PIPING DESIGN	50 51
12.OUTDOOR INSTALLATION	59 59

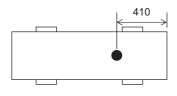
Model			PUMY-SP112VKM2(-BS)	PUMY-SP125VKM2(-BS)	PUMY-SP140VKM2(-BS)		
Power source			1-phase 2	20-230-240 V, 50 Hz; 1-phase 220) V, 60 Hz		
Cooling capacity		kW	12.5	14.0	15.5		
(Nominal)		kcal/h	10,750	12,040	13,330		
		BTU/h	42,650	47,768	52,886		
	Power input	kW	4.46	5.11	5.34		
	Current input	A	20.69-19.79-18.97, 20.69	23.71-22.68-21.73, 23.71	24.77-23.70-22.71, 24.77		
	EER	kW/kW	2.80	2.74	2.90		
Temp. range of cooling	Indoor	W.B.		15 ~ 24°C (59 ~ 75°F)			
Heating capacity		D.B.	14.0	−5 ~ 52°C (23 ~ 126°F) 16.0	16.5		
(Nominal)		kcal/h	12,040	13,760	14,190		
(**************************************		BTU/h	47,768	54,592	56,298		
	Power input	kW	3.66	4.31	4.36		
	Current input	A	16.98-16.24-15.57, 16.98	20.00-19.13-18.33, 20.00	20.23-19.35-18.54, 20.23		
	СОР	kW/kW	3.83	3.71	3.78		
Temp. range of	Indoor	D.B.		15 ~ 27°C (59 ~ 81°F)			
heating	Outdoor	W.B.		-20 ~ 15°C (-4~ 59°F)			
Indoor unit	Total capacity		5	50 to 130% of outdoor unit capacity	,		
connectable	Model/ Quantity	CITY MULTI	P10-P140/12	P10-P140/12	P10-P140/12		
		Branch box*6	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8		
		Mixed Branch box CITY MULTI	P10-P140/5	P15-P140/5	P10-P140/5		
		system 1unit*6 Branch box	P15-P100/5	P15-P100/5	P15-P100/5		
		Branch box CITY MULTI 2unit*6 Branch box	P10-P140/3	P10-P140/3	P10-P140/3		
Sound pressure le	vol		P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8		
(measured in ane		UD \A/	52/54	53/56	54/56		
Sound power level		dB <a>	70/74	70/70	74/70		
(measured in anec			72/74	73/76	74/76		
Refrigerant	Liquid pipe	mm (in.)		9.52 (3/8) Flare			
piping diameter	Gas pipe	mm (in.)		15.88 (5/8) Flare			
FAN	Type × Quantity			Propeller Fan × 1			
	Air flow rate	m³/min	77	83	83		
		L/s	1283	1383	1383		
		cfm	2719	2931	2931		
	Control, Driving			DC control			
		kW		0.20 × 1			
Campragas	External static p	ress.	0Pa/30Pa*7				
Compressor	Type × Quantity Manufacture		<u>'</u>	win rotary hermetic compressor × Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	I		
	Starting method			Inverter			
	Motor output	kW	3.9	3.9	4.2		
	Case heater	kW	0.3	0	7.2		
	Lubricant	1		FV50S (1.4litter)			
External finish			Galvar	nized Steel Sheet Munsell No. 3Y	7.8/1.1		
External dimension	ı H × W × D	mm		981 × 1,050 × 330(+40)			
		in.		38-5/8 × 41-3/8 × 13 (+1-37/64)			
Protection devices	High pressure p	rotection		High pressure Switch			
	Inverter circuit (COMP./FAN)	Overcurrent de	tection, Overheat detection(Heat s	sink thermistor)		
	Compressor		Compressor therm	nistor, Overcurrent detection, Com	pressor protector		
	Fan motor			Overheating, Voltage protection			
Refrigerant	Type × original of	charge	R410A×3.5 kg (8 lbs)				
	Control	L (II)	Liner expansion valve				
Net weight		kg (lbs)		93 (205)*5			
Heat exchanger	ant Inter Office	-\		Cross Fin and Copper tube			
HIC circuit (HIC: H)		HIC circuit Reversed refrigerant circuit			
Defrosting method Drawing	External			Reversed retrigerant circuit RK01B171			
lawing	Wiring			BH79J995			
Standard	Document			Installation Manual			
attachment	Accessory			Grounded lead wire			
Optional parts	, 10003301 y						
- p parto				Joint: CMY-Y62-G-E Header: CMY-Y64/68-G-E Branch box: PAC-MK34/54BC			
Remarks			1. Nominal conditions *1, *2 are				
				ent, above specifications may be su	ubject to change without notice.		
Note: *1 Nominal cooling conditions Indoor: 27°C D.B./19°C W.B. [81°F D.B/66°F W.B.] Outdoor: 35°C D.B. [95°F D.B.] Pipe length: 7.5 m [24-9/16 ft] Level difference: 0 m [0 ft]			*2 Nominal heating conditions 20°C D.B. [68°F D.B.] 7°C D.B./6°C W.B. [45°F D.B./4 7.5 m [24-9/16 ft] 0 m [0 ft]		Unit converter kcal/h = kW × 860 BTU/h = kW × 3,412 cfm = m³/min × 35.31 lb = kg/0.4536		
P20/25/32VKM, *4 -15 to 52°C D.B the indoor unit lis *5 94 (207), for PU *6 At least two indo	, and M series , S i. [5 to 126 °F D.B sted in *3. JMY-SP112/125/1 por unit must be c	series , and P series type indoc .]:, when using an optional air pro	tect guide [PAC-SH95AG-E]. Howe	FY-P20/25/32VLE(R)M, PFFY- type indoor unit with connection ki ver, this condition does not apply to			

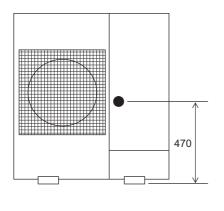
Model					PUMY-SP112YKM2(-BS)	PUMY-SP125YKM2(-BS)	PUMY-SP140YKM2(-BS)	
Power source					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	380-400-415V, 50 Hz; 3-phase 380		
Cooling capacity		kW			12.5	14.0	15.5	
(Nominal)		kcal/h		-	10,750	12,040	13,330	
		BTU/h			42,650	47,768	52,886	
	Power input	kW			4.46	5.11	5.34	
	Current input	A			7.14-6.78-6.54, 7.14	8.18-7.77-7.49, 8.18	8.55-8.12-7.83, 8.55	
	EER	kW/kW			2.80	2.74	2.90	
Temp. range of cooling	Indoor	W.B.				15 ~ 24°C (59 ~ 75°F)		
	Outdoor *3*4				14.0	-5 ~ 52°C (23 ~ 126°F)	16 F	
Heating capacity (Nominal)		kW kcal/h			14.0 12,040	16.0 13,760	16.5 14,190	
(1011111111)		BTU/h			47,768	54,592	56,298	
	Power input	kW			3.66	4.31	4.36	
	Current input	A			5.86-5.57-5.36, 5.86	6.90-6.55-6.32, 6.90	6.98-6.63-6.39, 6.98	
	COP	kW/kW			3.83	3.71	3.78	
Temp. range of	Indoor	D.B.			0.00	15 ~ 27°C (59 ~ 81°F)	0.70	
heating	Outdoor	W.B.				-20 ~ 15°C (-4~ 59°F)		
Indoor unit	Total capacity					50 to 130% of outdoor unit capacity	,	
connectable	Model/ Quantity	CITY M	ULTI		P10-P140/12	P10-P140/12	P10-P140/12	
		Branch			P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	
		Mixed	Branch box	CITY MULTI	P10-P140/5	P10-P100/5	P10-P140/5	
		system	1unit*6	Branch box	P15-P100/5	P15-P100/5	P15-P100/5	
				CITY MULTI	P10-P140/3	P10-P140/3	P10-P140/3	
			2unit *6	Branch box	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	P15-P100/8	
Sound pressure le		dB <a>			52/54	53/56	54/56	
(measured in ane					32,3.	33,33		
Sound power leve (measured in ane		dB <a>			72/74	73/76	74/76	
Refrigerant	Liquid pipe	mm (in.	`			9.52 (3/8) Flare		
piping diameter	Gas pipe	mm (in.	,			9.52 (3/6) Flare		
FAN	Type × Quantity	111111 (111.)			Propeller Fan × 1		
IAN	Air flow rate	m³/min			77	83	83	
	All llow rate	L/s			1283	1383	1383	
		cfm			2719	2931	2931	
	Control, Driving		ism		2710	DC control	2301	
		kW	10111			0.20 × 1		
	External static p					0Pa/30Pa*7		
Compressor	Type × Quantity				-	Twin rotary hermetic compressor ×	1	
	Manufacture					Mitsubishi Electric Corporation	•	
	Starting method					Inverter		
	Motor output	kW			3.9	3.8	4.1	
	Case heater	kW				0		
	Lubricant					FV50S (1.4litter)		
External finish	•				Galva	nized Steel Sheet Munsell No. 3Y 7	7.8/1.1	
External dimensio	n H × W × D	mm				981 × 1,050 × 330(+40)		
		in.				38-5/8 × 41-3/8 × 13 (+1-37/64)		
Protection device	s High pressure p	rotection				High pressure Switch		
	Inverter circuit (COMP./F	AN)		Overcurrent de	etection, Overheat detection(Heat s	ink thermistor)	
	Compressor				Compressor therm	nistor, Overcurrent detection, Comp	ressor protector	
	Fan motor					Overheating, Voltage protection		
Refrigerant	Type × original of	harge			R410A×3.5 kg (8 lbs)			
	Control	1.				Liner expansion valve		
Net weight		kg (lbs)				94 (207)*5		
Heat exchanger						Cross Fin and Copper tube		
`	leat Inter-Changer	.)				HIC circuit		
Defrosting method						Reversed refrigerant circuit		
Drawing	External					RK01B171		
Ctonds	Wiring					BH79J996		
Standard attachment	Document					Installation Manual		
	Accessory					Grounded lead wire		
Optional parts						Joint: CMY-Y62-G-E Header: CMY-Y64/68-G-E Branch box: PAC-MK34/54BC		
D					4 Naminal and Stiller #4 #0	Branch box: PAC-MK34/54BC	-	
Remarks					1. Nominal conditions *1, *2 are	e subject to ISO 15042. ent, above specifications may be su	hiect to change without notice	
Note:	*1 Nominal cool	ling cond	ditions		*2 Nominal heating conditions	s, above openioanone may be su	Unit converter	
Indoor				66°F W.B.]	20°C D.B. [68°F D.B.]		kcal/h = kW × 860	
Outdoor	: 35°C D.B. [95	°F D.B.]	_	•	7°C D.B./6°C W.B. [45°F D.B./4	43°F W.B.]	$RCal/h = kW \times 860$ BTU/h = kW × 3,412	
Pipe length Level difference		ö ft]			7.5 m [24-9/16 ft]		cfm = m ³ /min × 35.31	
*3 10 to 52°C D.E P20/25/32VKM	3. [50 to 126 °F D.I M, and M series , S	series,	and P ser	ies type indo		FFY-P20/25/32VLE(R)M, PFFY- s type indoor unit with connection kil ever, this condition does not apply to		
the indoor unit l *5 95 (209), for P *6 At least two inc	listed in *3. PUMY-SP112/125/1 door unit must be o	40YKM2	2-BS. ed when us	ing branch b	ox.	vvoi, una condutori does flot appiy to	subject to rounding variation.	
^/ It is possible to	o set the External s	static pre	essure to 3	∪ Pa by Dip \$	Switch.			

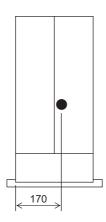


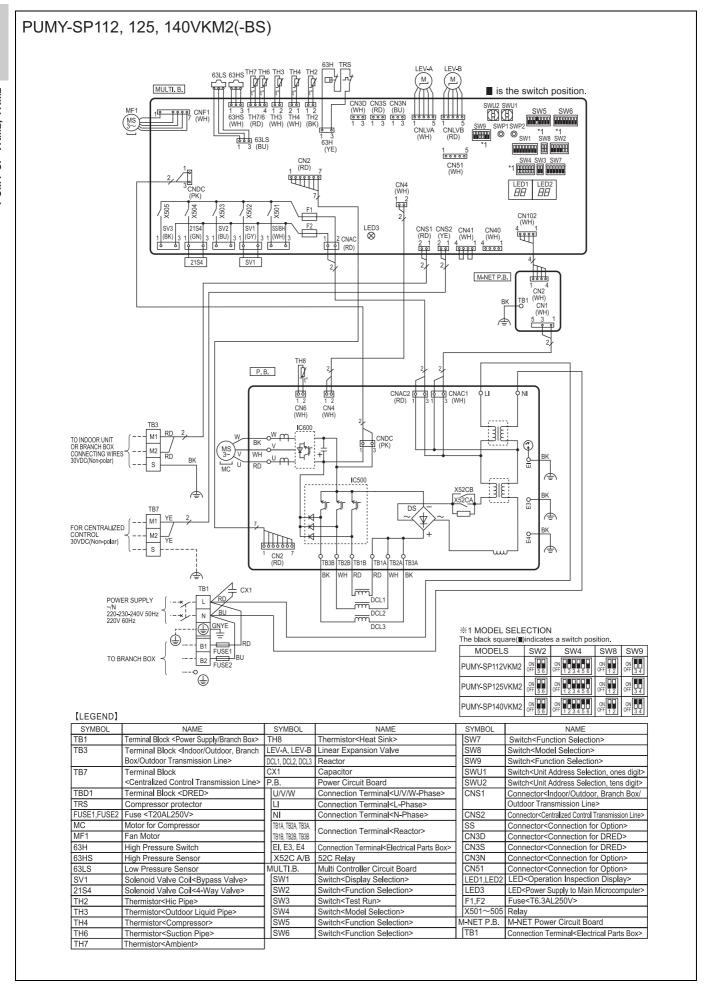
PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP112, 125, 140YKM2(-BS)

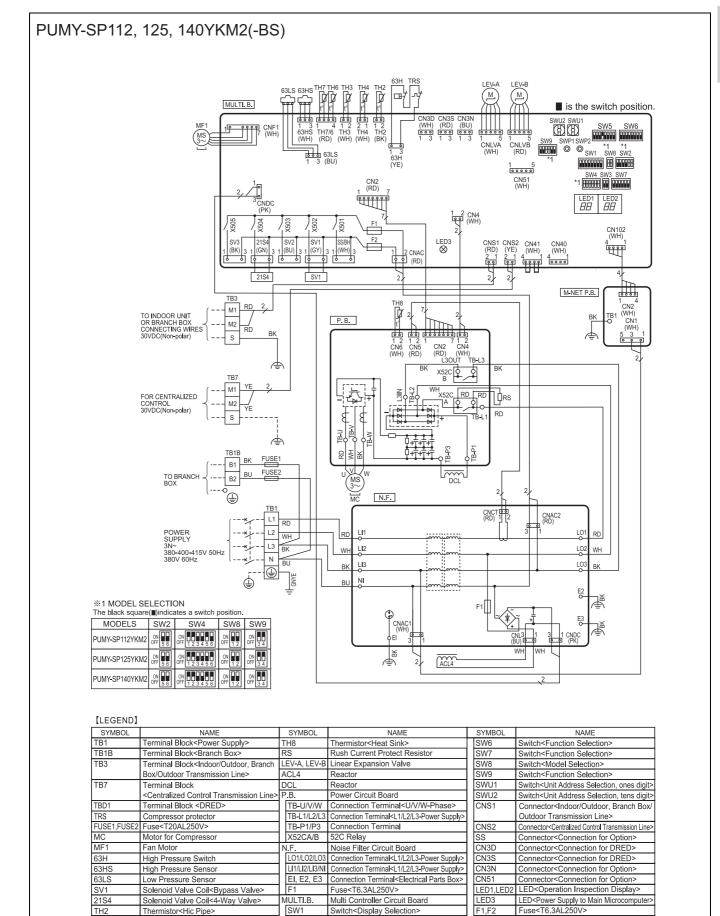
Unit: mm











TH3

TH4

TH6

Thermistor<Outdoor Liquid Pipe

Thermistor<Compressor>

Thermistor<Suction Pipe>

Thermistor<Ambient>

SW2

SW3

SW4

Switch<Function Selection>

Switch<Model Selection>

Switch<Function Selection

Switch<Test Run>

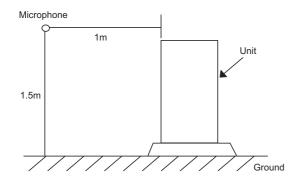
Relay

M-NET P.B. M-NET Power Circuit Board

Connection Terminal<Electrical Parts Box>

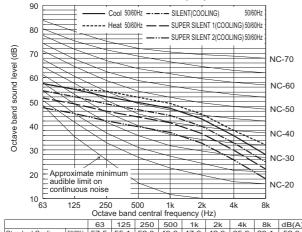
X501

Measurement condition PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2(-BS) PUMY-SP112, 125, 140YKM2(-BS)

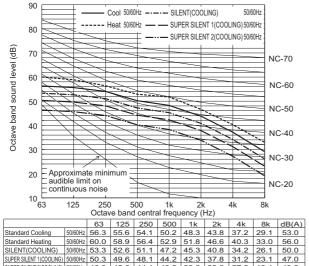


Sound level of PUMY-SP140VKM2, YKM2(-BS) 90 50/60Hz Cool 50/60Hz ----- SILENT(COOLING) ----- Heat 50/60Hz --- SUPER SILENT 1(COOLING) 50/60Hz SUPER SILENT 2(COOLING) 50/60Hz band sound level (dB) 70 NC-70 60 NC-60 50 NC-50 40 Octave NC-40 30 NC-30 Approximate minimum 20 audible limit on NC-20 continuous noise 10 L 63 125 250 500 1k 2k Octave band central frequency (Hz)

Sound level of PUMY-SP112VKM2, YKM2(-BS)



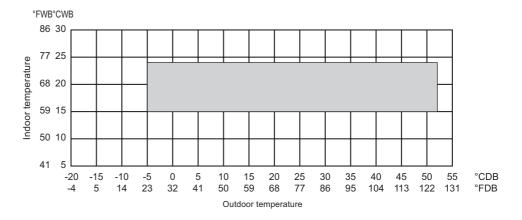
Sound level of PUMY-SP125VKM2, YKM2(-BS)



SUPER SILENT 2(COOLING) 50/60Hz 46.3 45.6 44.1 40.2 38.3 33.8 27.2 19.1 43.0 When Silent/Super Silent /Super Silent 2 mode is set, the A/C system's capacity is limited. The system could return to operation from Silent/Super Silent 1/Super Silent 2 mode automatically in the case that the operation condition is several conditions in the case that the operation condition is several conditions.

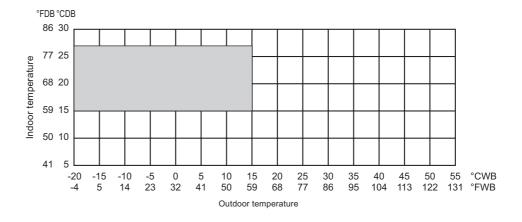
M-P0874

Cooling



* 10 to 52°CDB (50 to 126°FDB): in case of connecting PKFY-P15/P20/P25VBM, PFFY-P20/P25/P32VKM, PFFY-P20/P25/P32VLE(R)M type indoor unit and M series , S series , and P series type indoor unit with branch box , M series type indoor unit with connection kit.

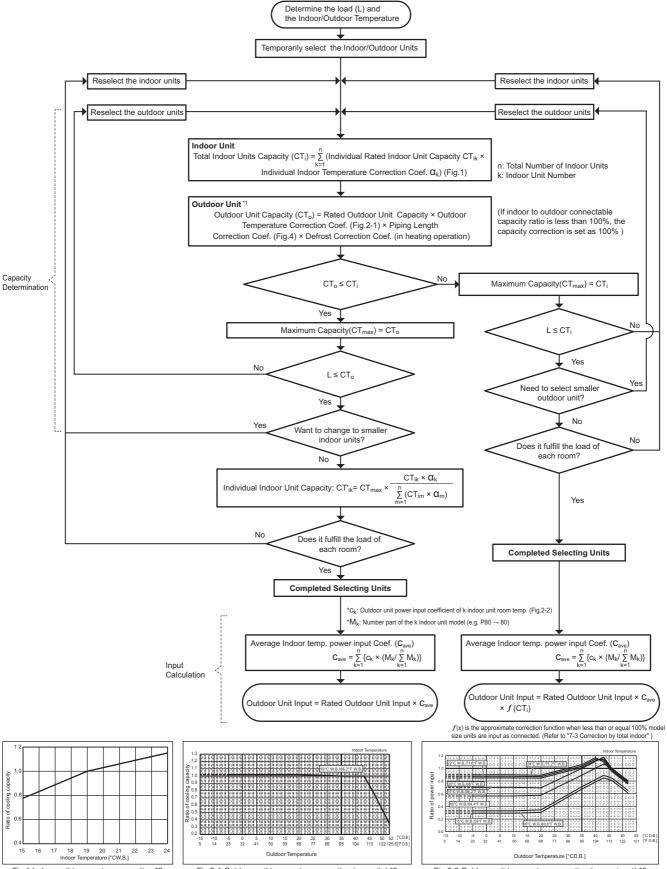
Heating



7-1. Selection of Cooling/Heating Units

How to determine the capacity when less than or equal 100% indoor model size units are connected in total:

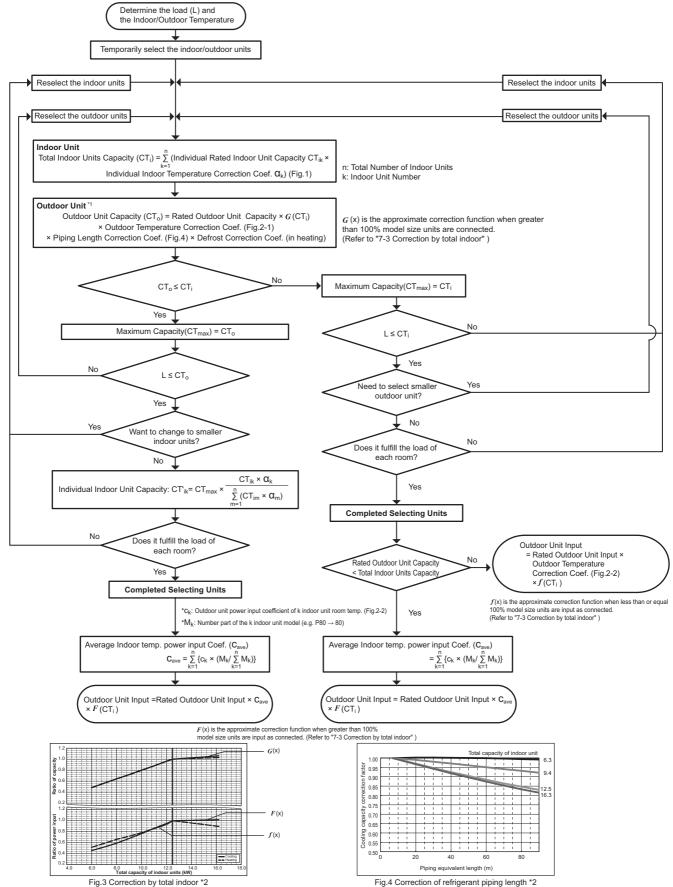
The purpose of this flow chart is to select the indoor and outdoor units. For other purposes, this flow chart is intended only for reference.



- Fig.1 Indoor unit temperature correction *2
- Fig.2-1 Outdoor unit temperature correction (capacity) *3
- Fig.2-2 Outdoor unit temperature correction (power input) *3
- Values in the temperature correction diagram in the range below -5°C (23°F) are reference values and not guaranteed values. Do not use these reference values for selecting
- *1 When the indoor unit sizes from P100 to P140 or total capacity indoor units from P81 to P140 are connected to only 1 port on the BC controller in the R2 system, the cooling capacity of the outdoor unit should be multiplied by a correction factor of 0.97.
 *2 This figure shows the characteristic of PUMY-SP11/2/125/140VKM2(-BS) and PUMY-SP11/2/125/140VKM2(-BS).
 *3 This figure shows the characteristic of PUMY-SP11/2/125VKM2(-BS) and PUMY-SP11/2/125YKM2(-BS).

How to determine the capacity when greater than 100% indoor model size units are connected in total:

The purpose of this flow chart is to select the indoor and outdoor units. For other purposes, this flow chart is intended only for reference.



^{*1} When the indoor unit sizes from P100 to P140 or total capacity indoor units from P81 to P140 are connected to only 1 port on the BC controller in the R2 system, the cooling capacity of the outdoor unit should be multiplied by a correction factor of 0.97

capacity of the outdoor unit should be multiplied by a correction factor of 0.97. *2 This figure shows the characteristic of PUMY-SP112VKM2(-BS) and PUMY-SP112YKM2(-BS)

<Cooling>

Design Condition				
Outdoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Total Cooling Load	44.7°C 8.5 kW			
Room1 Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Indoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature Cooling Load	27°C 20°C 4.0 kW			
Room2 Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Indoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature Cooling Load	32°C 22°C 4.5 kW			
<other> Indoor/Outdoor Equivalent Piping Length</other>	60 m			

1. Cooling Calculation

(1) Temporary Selection of Indoor Units

Room1

PFFY-P40 4.5 kW (Rated)

Room2

PEFY-P50 5.6 kW (Rated)

(2) Total Indoor Units Capacity

P40 + P50 = P90

(3) Selection of Outdoor Unit

The SP112 outdoor unit is selected as total indoor units capacity is P90 12.5 kW

(4) Total Indoor Units Capacity Correction Calculation

Room1

Indoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature Correction (20°C) 1.03 (Refer to Figure 1) Room2

Indoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature Correction (22°C)

1.09 (Refer to Figure 1)

Total Indoor Units Capacity (CTi)

CT_i = Σ (Indoor Unit Rating × Indoor Design Temperature Correction)

 $= 4.5 \times 1.03 + 5.6 \times 1.09$

= 10.7 kW

(5) Outdoor Unit Correction Calculation

Outdoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Correction (44.7°C) 0.88 (Refer to Figure 2) Piping Length Correction (60 m) 0.94 (Refer to Figure 3)

Total Outdoor Unit Capacity (CT_o)

CT₀ = Outdoor Rating × Outdoor Design Temperature Correction × Piping Length Correction

 $= 12.5 \times 0.88 \times 0.94$

(6) Determination of Maximum System Capacity

Comparison of Capacity between Total Indoor Units Capacity (CT_i) and Total Outdoor Unit Capacity (CT_o)

 $CT_i = 10.7 > CT_o = 10.3$, thus, select CT_o .

 $CT_{max} = CT_o = 10.3 \text{ kW}$

(7) Comparison with Essential Load

Against the essential load 8.5 kW, the maximum system capacity is 10.3 kW: Proper outdoor units have been selected.

(8) Calculation of Maximum Indoor Unit Capacity of Each Room

CT_{max} = CT_o, thus, calculate by the calculation below

Maximum Capacity × Room1 Capacity after the Temperature Correction/(Room1,2 Total Capacity after the Temperature Correction

 $= 10.3 \times (4.5 \times 1.03)/(4.5 \times 1.03 + 5.6 \times 0.94)$

= 4.4 kWOK: fulfills the load 4.0 kW

Room2

Maximum Capacity × Room2 Capacity after the Temperature Correction/(Room1,2 Total Capacity after the Temperature Correction)

 $= 10.3 \times (5.6 \times 0.94)/(4.5 \times 1.03 + 5.6 \times 0.94)$

= 5.9 kWOK: fulfills the load 4.5 kW

Note: If CT_{max} = CT_i, please refer to the <Heating> section to calculate the Maximum Indoor Unit Capacity of Each Room.

Go on to the heating trial calculation since the selected units fulfill the cooling loads of Room 1, 2.

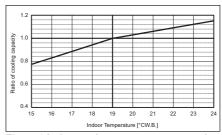


Figure 1 Indoor unit temperature correction To be used to correct indoor unit only

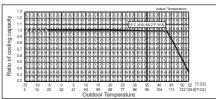


Figure 2 Outdoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct outdoor unit only * Values in the temperature correction diagram in the range below -5°C (23°F) are reference values and not guaranteed values. Do not use these reference values for selecting outdoor unit models

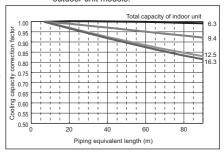


Figure 3 Correction of refrigerant piping length

<Heating>

Design Condition		
Outdoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature	2°C	
Total Heating Load	10.3 kW	
Room1	2400	
Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature	21°C 4.8 kW	
Heating Load Room2	4.0 KVV	
Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature	23°C	
Heating Load	5.5 kW	
<other></other>		
Indoor/Outdoor Equivalent Piping Length	90 m	

2. Heating Calculation

(1) Temporary Selection of Indoor Units

Room1

PEFY-P40 5.0 kW (Rated)

Room2

PEFY-P50 **6.3 kW (Rated)**

(2) Total Indoor Units Capacity

P40 + P50 = P90

(3) Selection of Outdoor Unit

The P112 outdoor unit is selected as total indoor units capacity is P90

PUMY-SP112 **14.0 kW**

(4) Total Indoor Units Capacity Correction Calculation

Room1

Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Correction (21°C) 0.96 (Refer to Figure 4)

Room2

Indoor Design Dry Bulb Temperature Correction (23°C) 0.88 (Refer to Figure 4)

Total Indoor Units Capacity (CTi)

 $CT_i = \Sigma$ (Indoor Unit Rating × Indoor Design Temperature Correction)

 $=5.0 \times 0.96 + 6.3 \times 0.88$

= 10.3 kW

(5) Outdoor Unit Correction Calculation

Outdoor Design Wet Bulb Temperature Correction (2°C)

Piping Length Correction (90 m)

Defrost Correction

1.0 (Refer to Figure 5)

0.95 (Refer to Figure 6)

0.89 (Refer to Table 1)

Total Outdoor Unit Capacity (CTo)

CT_o = Outdoor Unit Rating × Outdoor Design Temperature Correction × Piping Length Correction × Defrost Correction

 $= 14.0 \times 1.0 \times 0.95 \times 0.89$

= 11.8 kW

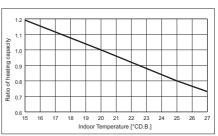


Figure 4 Indoor unit temperature correction
To be used to correct indoor unit only

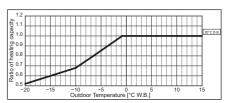


Figure 5 **Outdoor unit temperature correction**To be used to correct outdoor unit only

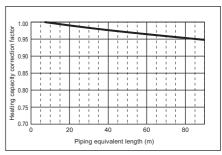


Figure 6 Correction of refrigerant piping length

(6) Determination of Maximum System Capacity

Comparison of Capacity between Total Indoor Units Capacity (CT_i) and Total Outdoor Unit Capacity (CT_o)

 $CT_i = 10.3 < CT_o = 11.8$, thus, select CT_i .

CT_{max} = CT_i = 10.3 kW

(7) Comparison with Essential Load

Against the essential load 10.3 kW, the maximum system capacity is 10.3 kW: Proper indoor units have been selected.

(8) Calculation of Maximum Indoor Unit Capacity of Each Room

CT_{max} = CT_i, thus, calculate by the calculation below

Room1

Indoor Unit Rating × Indoor Design Temperature Correction = 5.0×0.96

= 4.8 kW Room2 OK: fulfills the load 4.8 kW

Table 1 Table of correction factor at frost and defrost

	Table 1 Table of correction factor at most and demost											
1	Outdoor inlet air temp. °C	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-15	-20
	PUMY-SP112,125,140VKM2	1.0	0.98	0.89	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95
,	PUMY-SP112,125,140YKM2	1.0	0.98	0.89	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95

Indoor Unit Rating × Indoor Design Temperature Correction

= 6.3× 0.88

= 5.5 kW OK: fulfills the load 5.5 kW

Note: If CT_{max} = CT_o, please refer to the <Cooling> section to calculate the Maximum Indoor Unit Capacity of Each Room. Completed selecting units since the selected units fulfill the heating loads of Room 1, 2.

3. Power input of outdoor unit

<Cooling>

(1) Rated power input of outdoor unit

4.46 kW

(2) Calculation of the average indoor temperature power input coefficient

Coefficient of the outdoor unit for indoor unit 1 (Outdoor temp. 44.7 °CD.B., Indoor temp. 20 °CW.B.)

1.15

Coefficient of the outdoor unit for indoor unit 2 (Outdoor temp. 44.7 °CD.B., Indoor temp. 22 °CW.B.)

1.13

Average indoor temp. power input coefficient $(C_{ave}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \{c_k \times (M_k / \sum_{k=1}^{n} M_k)\}$

n: Total number of the indoor units

k: Number of the indoor unit

ck: Outdoor unit power input coefficient of k indoor unit room temp.

 M_k : Number part of the k indoor unit model (e.g. $P80 \rightarrow 80$)

$$= 1.15 \times 40/(40 + 50) + 1.13 \times 50/(40 + 50)$$

= 1.14

- (3) No need to consider Coefficient of the partial load $f(CT_i)$
- (4) Outdoor power input (PI_o)

Maximum System Capacity (CT_{max}) = Total Outdoor unit Capacity (CT_{\circ}), so use the following formula Pl_{\circ} = Outdoor unit Cooling Rated Power Input × C_{ave}

= 4.46 × 1.14

= 5.08 kW

<Heating>

(1) Rated power input of outdoor unit

3.66 kW

(2) Calculation of the average indoor temperature power input coefficient

Coefficient of the outdoor unit for indoor unit 1 (Outdoor temp. 2 °CW.B., Indoor temp. 21 °CD.B.)

1.12

Coefficient of the outdoor unit for indoor unit 2 (Outdoor temp. 2 $^{\circ}$ CW.B., Indoor temp. 23 $^{\circ}$ CD.B.)

1.0

Average indoor temp. power input coefficient $(\mathbf{C}_{ave}) = \sum_{k=1}^{n} \{c_k \times (\mathbf{M}_k / \sum_{k=1}^{n} \mathbf{M}_k)\}$

n: Total number of the indoor units

k: Number of the indoor unit

ck: Outdoor unit power input coefficient of k indoor unit room temp.

 M_k : Number part of the k indoor unit model (e.g. $P80 \rightarrow 80$)

=
$$1.12 \times 40/(40 + 50) + 1.0 \times 50/(40 + 50)$$

= 1.05

(3) Coefficient of the partial load $f(CT_i)$

0.89

(4) Outdoor power input (PI_o)

Maximum System Capacity (CT_{max}) = Total Indoor unit Capacity (CT_i), so use the following formula PI_0 = Outdoor unit Heating Rated Power Input × C_{ave} × f (CT_i)

= 3.66 × 1.05 × 0.89

= 3.42 kW

7-2. Correction by temperature

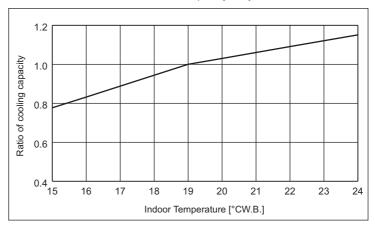
CITY MULTI could have varied capacity at different designing temperature. Using the nominal cooling/heating capacity value and the ratio below, the capacity can be observed at various temperature.

<Cooling>

PUM	Y-	SP112VKM2	SP125VKM2
Nominal Cooling	kW	12.5	14.0
Capacity	BTU/h	42,650	47,768
Input	kW	4.46	5.11
PUM	Υ-	SP112YKM2	SP125YKM2
Nominal	Y-	SP112YKM2 12.5	SP125YKM2 14.0

Indoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct indoor unit capacity only

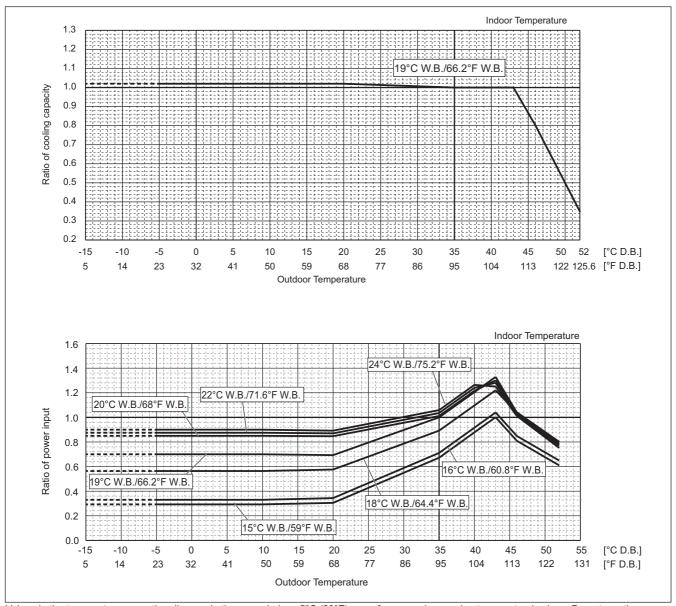


Outdoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct outdoor unit only

Outdoor unit capacity is NOT affected by the indoor temperature.

Outdoor unit power input is affected by the indoor and outdoor temperatures. Please consult the sales office for details.



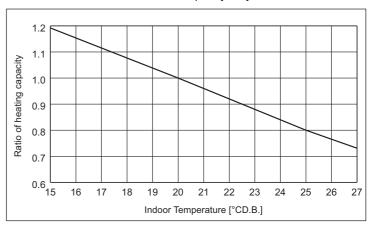
Values in the temperature correction diagram in the range below -5°C (23°F) are reference values and not guaranteed values. Do not use these reference values for selecting outdoor unit models.

<Heating>

PUM	Y-	SP112VKM2	SP125VKM2
Nominal Heating	kW	14.0	16.0
Capacity	BTU/h	47,768	54,592
Input	kW	3.66	4.31
PUM	Υ-	SP112YKM2	SP125YKM2
Nominal	Y-	SP112YKM2 14.0	SP125YKM2 16.0

Indoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct indoor unit capacity only

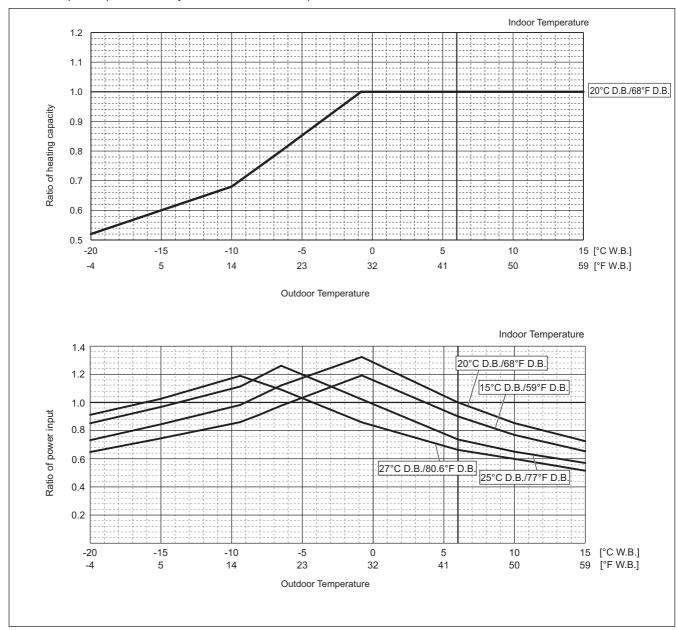


Outdoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct outdoor unit only

Outdoor unit capacity is NOT affected by the indoor temperature.

Outdoor unit power input is affected by the indoor and outdoor temperatures. Please consult the sales office for details.

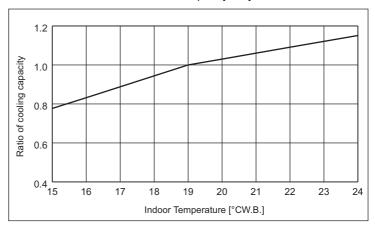


<Cooling>

PUMY-		SP140VKM2
Nominal	kW	15.5
Cooling Capacity	BTU/h	52,886
Input	kW	5.34
PUM	Υ-	SP140YKM2
Nominal	Y-	SP140YKM2 15.5

Indoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct indoor unit capacity only

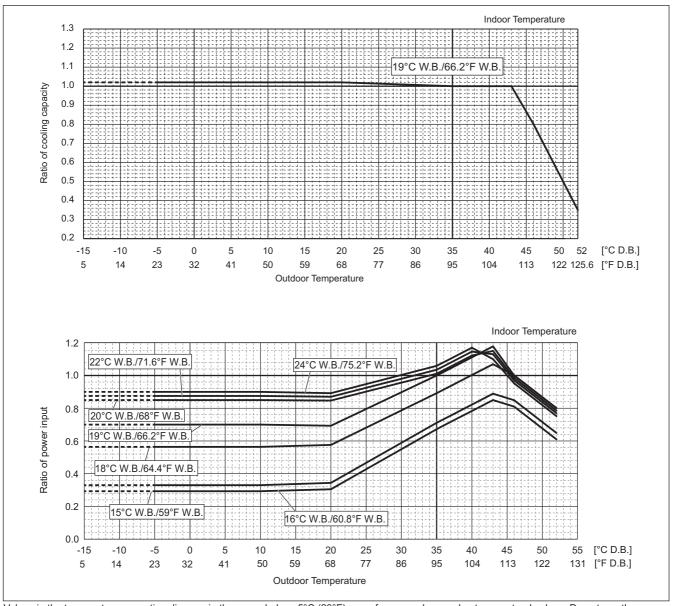


Outdoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct outdoor unit only

Outdoor unit capacity is NOT affected by the indoor temperature.

Outdoor unit power input is affected by the indoor and outdoor temperatures. Please consult the sales office for details.



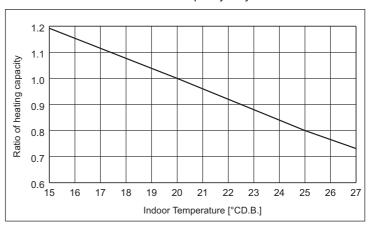
Values in the temperature correction diagram in the range below -5°C (23°F) are reference values and not guaranteed values. Do not use these reference values for selecting outdoor unit models.

<Heating>

PUM	Υ-	SP140VKM2
Nominal Heating	kW	16.5
Capacity	BTU/h	56,298
Input	kW	4.36
PUM	Y-	SP140YKM2
Nominal Heating	kW	16.5
Capacity	BTU/h	56,298
Input	kW	4.36

Indoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct indoor unit capacity only

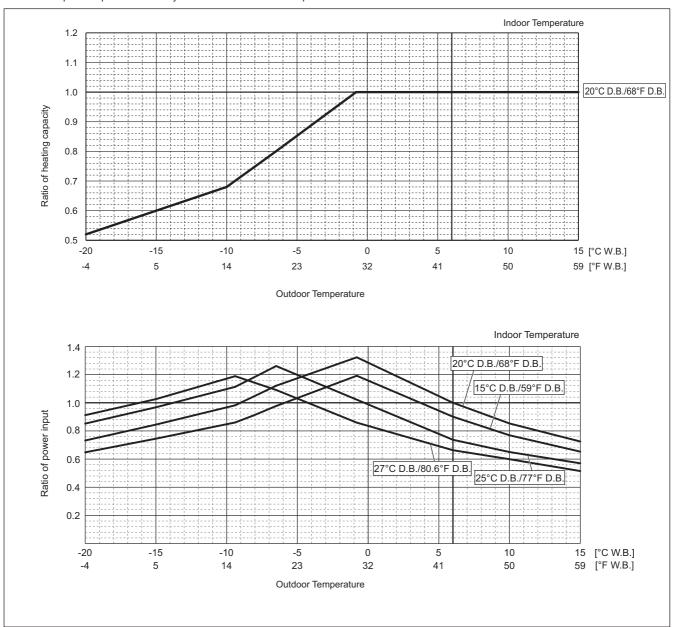


Outdoor unit temperature correction

To be used to correct outdoor unit only

Outdoor unit capacity is NOT affected by the indoor temperature.

Outdoor unit power input is affected by the indoor and outdoor temperatures. Please consult the sales office for details.

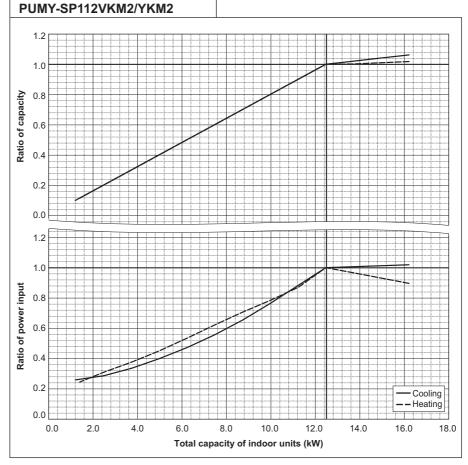


7-3. Correction by total indoor

CITY MULTI system has different capacities and inputs when many combinations of indoor units with different total capacities are connected. Using following tables, the maximum capacity can be found to ensure the system is installed with enough capacity for a particular application.

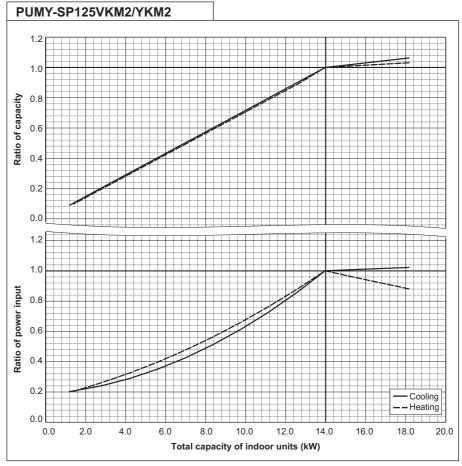
PUMY-SP112VKM2/YKM2					
Nominal	kW	12.5			
Cooling Capacity	BTU/h	42,650			
Input	kW	4.46			

PUMY-SP112VKM2/YKM2					
Nominal Heating	kW	14.0			
Capacity	BTU/h	47,768			
Input	kW	3.66			



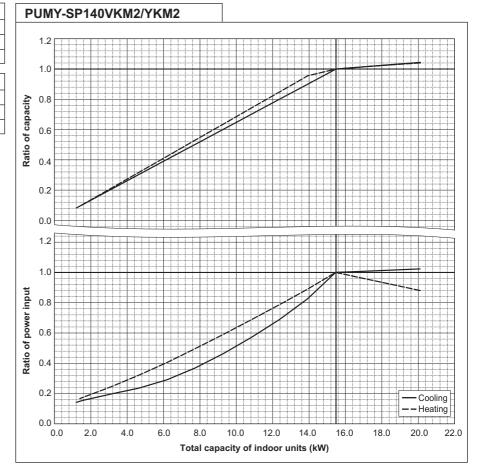
PUN	PUMY-SP125VKM2/YKM2										
Nominal	kW	14.0									
Cooling Capacity	BTU/h	47,768									
Input	kW	5.11									

PUI	PUMY-SP125VKM2/YKM2										
Nominal Heating Capacity	kW	16.0									
	BTU/h	54,592									
Input	kW	4.31									



PUMY-SP140VKM2/YKM2									
Nominal Cooling Capacity	kW	15.5							
	BTU/h	52,886							
Input	kW	5.34							

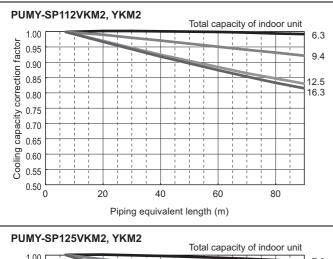
PUMY-SP140VKM2/YKM2										
	Nominal Heating Capacity	kW	16.5							
		BTU/h	56,298							
	Input	k\//	4 36							

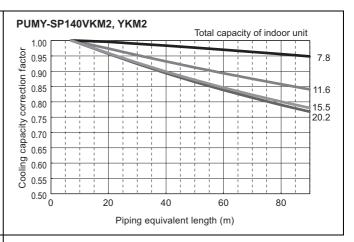


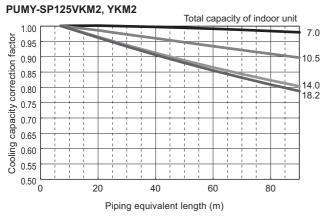
7-4. Correction by refrigerant piping length

CITY MULTI systems can have extended piping lengths if certain limitations are followed, but cooling/heating capacity could be reduced. Using following correction factor by equivalent piping length shown at 7-4-1 and 7-4-2, capacity can be found. 7-4-3 shows how to obtain the equivalent piping length.

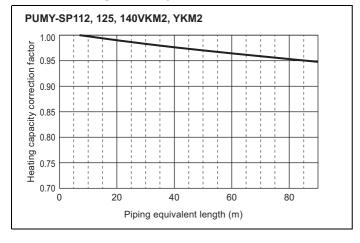
7-4-1. Cooling capacity correction







7-4-2. Heating capacity correction



7-4-3. How to obtain the equivalent piping length

Equivalent length = (Actual piping length to the farthest indoor unit) + (0.30 x number of bends on the piping) m

7-5. Correction at frost and defrost

Due to frost at the outdoor heat exchanger and the automatical defrosting operation, the heating capacity of the outdoor unit should be considered by multiplying the correction factor which shown in the table below.

Table of correction factor at frosting and defrosting

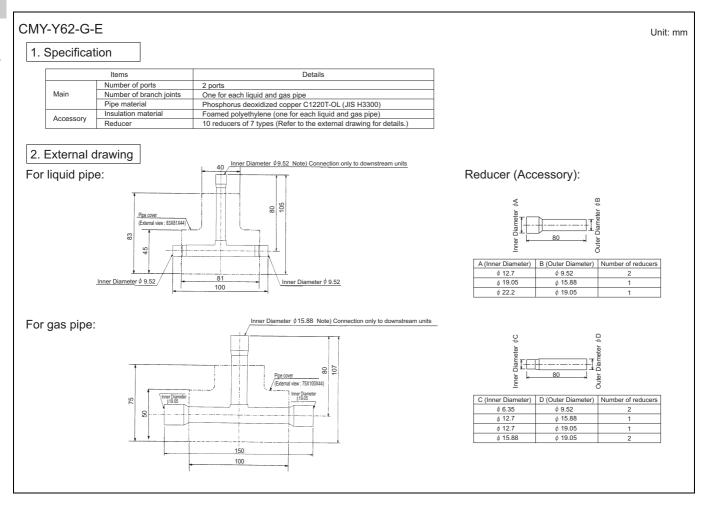
Outdoor inlet air temp. °CWB	6	4	2	0	-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-15	-20
Outdoor inlet air temp. °FWB	43	39	36	32	28	25	21	18	14	-5	-4
PUMY-SP112,125,140VKM2,YKM2	1.0	0.98	0.89	0.88	0.89	0.90	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.95

Note

- The high humidity condition (e.g., a foggy atmosphere) which causes frost forming on the heat exchanger will worsen the heating performance of the unit.
- The snow blowing to the heat exchanger will worsen the heating performance of the unit. Install a snow hood as a preventive measure.

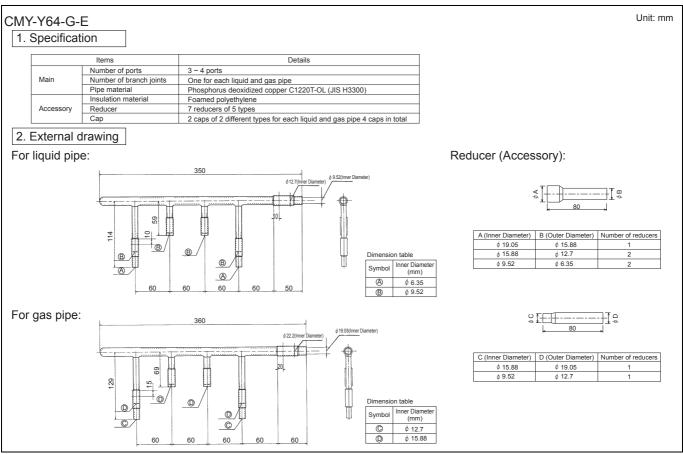
8-1. JOINT

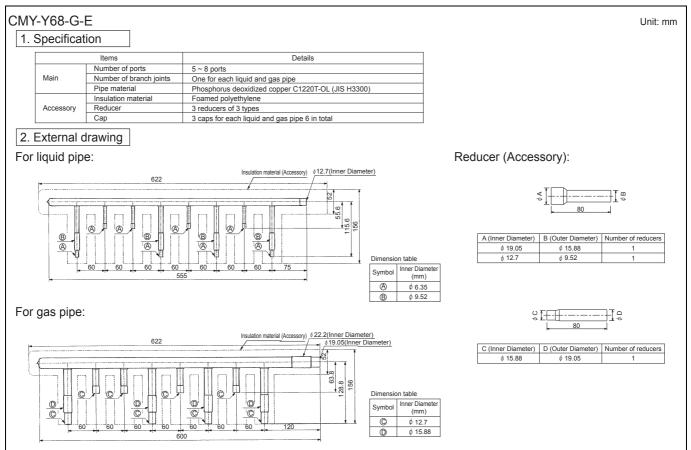
CITY MULTI units can be easily connected by using Joint sets and Header sets provided by Mitsubishi Electric. One kind of Joint sets are available for use. Refer to section "Piping Design" or the Installation Manual that comes with the Joint set for how to install the Joint set.



8-2. HEADER

CITY MULTI units can be easily connected by using Joint sets and Header sets provided by Mitsubishi Electric. Two kinds of Header sets are available for use. Refer to section "Piping Design" or the Installation Manual that comes with the Header set for how to install the Header set.

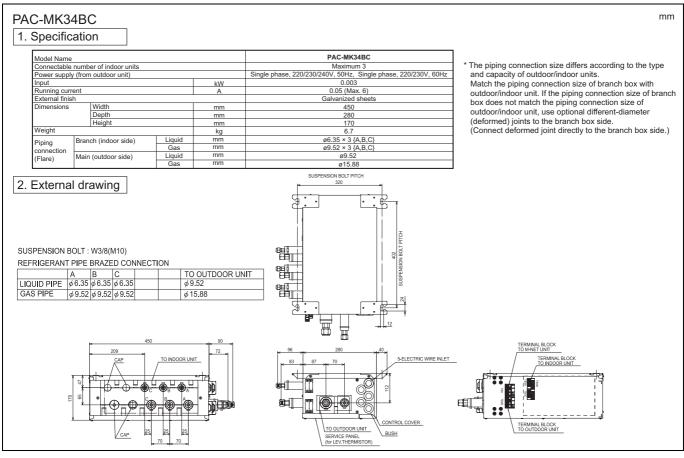


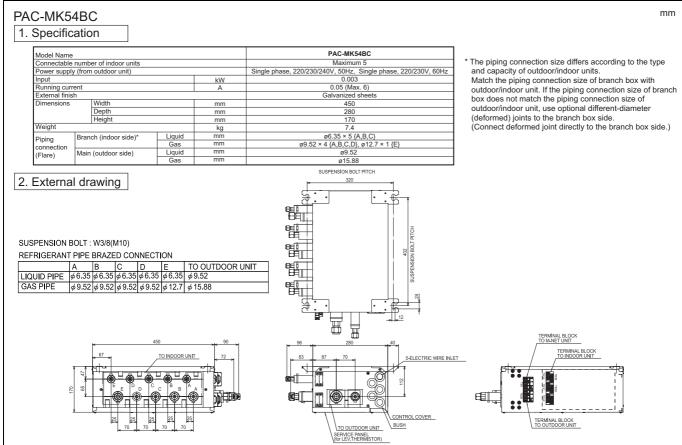


8-3. BRANCH BOX

PUMY-SP112/125/140V(Y)KM2 units can be easily connected to M/S/P-Series indoor units by using Branch box provided by Mitsubishi Electric. Refer to section "Piping Design" or the Installation Manual that comes with the Branch box for how to install the Branch box.

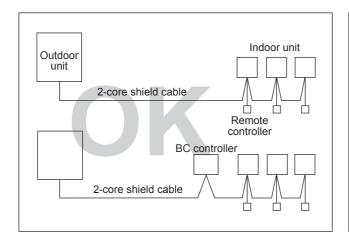
(1) PAC-MK34/54BC

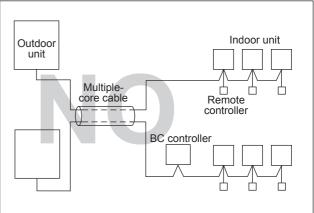




9-1. General cautions

- ① Follow ordinance of your governmental organization for technical standard related to electrical equipment, wiring regulations, and guidance of each electric power company.
- Wiring for control (hereinafter referred to as transmission cable) shall be (50mm[1-5/8in.] or more) apart from power source wiring so that it is not influenced by electric noise from power source wiring. (Do not insert transmission cable and power source wire in the same conduit.)
- ③ Be sure to provide designated grounding work to outdoor unit.
- ④ Give some allowance to wiring for electrical part box of indoor and outdoor units, because the box is sometimes removed at the time of service work.
- Never connect 380~415V(220~240V) power source to terminal block of transmission cable. If connected, electrical parts will be damaged.
- ⑤ Use 2-core shield cable for transmission cable. If transmission cables of different systems are wired with the same multiple-core cable, the resultant poor transmitting and receiving will cause erroneous operations.
- ① When extending the transmission line, make sure to extend the shield cable as well.





9-2. Power supply for Outdoor unit

9-2-1. Electrical characteristics of Outdoor unit at cooling mode

Symbols: MCA (Max Circuit Amps =1.25 × Temperature correction × RLA)
RLA (Rated Load Amps), SC (Starting Current)

Model name	Units			Power supply	Compres	sor	FAN	RLA (A)
Hz		Volts	Voltage range	MCA (A)	Output (kW)	SC (A)	Output (kW)	NLA (A)
PUMY-SP112VKM2		220	Max.: 264V Min.: 198V	30.5	3.9	14	0.20 × 1	20.69/19.79/18.97
PUMY-SP125VKM2	50	230		30.5	3.9	14	0.20 × 1	23.71/22.68/21.73
PUMY-SP140VKM2		240	WIII 1 130 V	30.5	4.2	14	0.20 × 1	24.77/23.70/22.71

Model name	Units			Power supply	Compres	sor	FAN	RLA (A)
	Hz	Volts	Voltage range	MCA (A)	Output (kW)	SC (A)	Output (kW)	(A)
PUMY-SP112VKM2			M 040V	30.5	3.9	14	0.20 × 1	20.69
PUMY-SP125VKM2	60	220	Max.: 242V Min.: 198V	30.5	3.9	14	0.20 × 1	23.71
PUMY-SP140VKM2				30.5	4.2	14	0.20 × 1	24.77

Model name	Units			Power supply	Compres	sor	FAN	RLA (A)
Model Harrie		Volts	Voltage range	MCA (A)	Output (kW)	SC (A)	Output (kW)	NLA (A)
PUMY-SP112YKM2		380	Max.: 456V Min.: 342V	13.0	3.9	7	0.20 × 1	7.14/6.78/6.54
PUMY-SP125YKM2	50	400		13.0	3.8	7	0.20 × 1	8.18/7.77/7.49
PUMY-SP140YKM2		415		13.0	4.1	7	0.20 × 1	8.55/8.12/7.83

	Model name			Units	Power supply	Compres	sor	FAN	RLA (A)
Model name	Hz	Volts	Voltage range	MCA (A)	Output (kW)	SC (A)	Output (kW)	NLA (A)	
	PUMY-SP112YKM2			May : 440\/	13.0	3.9	7	0.20 × 1	7.14
	PUMY-SP125YKM2	60	380	Max.: 418V Min.: 342V	13.0	3.8	7	0.20 × 1	8.18
	PUMY-SP140YKM2				13.0	4.1	7	0.20 × 1	8.55

9-3. Power cable specifications

Thickness of wire for main power supply, capacities of the switch and system impedance

■ PUMY-SP-VKM2 / PUMY-SP-YKM2

<Outdoor unit> <When power is supplied to outdoor unit and branch box separately>

	Model	Minimum wire thickness (mm ²)			Ground-fault interrupter *1	Local sv	vitch (A)	Breaker for wiring (A)	Max. Permissive	
	iviodei	Main cable	Branch	Ground	Ground-lauit interrupter	Capacity	Fuse	(Non-fuse breaker)	System Impedance	
	PUMY-SP112VKM2	6.0		6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	32	32	32	-	
	PUMY-SP125VKM2	6.0		6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	32	32	32	•	
Outdoor unit	PUMY-SP140VKM2	6.0	-	6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	32	32	32	-	
Outdoor unit	PUMY-SP112YKM2	1.5		1.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	16	16	16		
F	PUMY-SP125YKM2	1.5		1.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	16	16	16		
	PUMY-SP140YKM2	1.5	-	1.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	16	16	16	-	

<Outdoor unit> <When power is supplied to branch box from the outdoor unit>

	Model	Minimum wire thickness (mm ²)			Ground-fault interrupter *1	Local switch (A)		Breaker for wiring (A)	Max. Permissive	
	iviodei	Main cable	Branch	Ground	Ground-raun interrupter	Capacity	Fuse	(Non-fuse breaker)	System Impedance	
	PUMY-SP112VKM2	6.0	-	6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	40	40	40	-	
	PUMY-SP125VKM2	6.0		6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	40	40	40		
Outdoor unit	PUMY-SP140VKM2	6.0		6.0	32A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	40	40	40	-	
Outdoor unit	PUMY-SP112YKM2	2.5		2.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	25	25	25	-	
	PUMY-SP125YKM2	2.5		2.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	25	25	25	-	
	PUMY-SP140YKM2	2.5	-	2.5	16A 30mA 0.1sec. or less	25	25	25	-	

<Indoor units> <When power is supplied to indoor unit and outdoor unit separately>

	Model	Minimum wire thickness (mm ²)			Ground-fault interrupter *1	Local switch (A)		Breaker for wiring (A)	Max. Permissive
		Main cable	Branch	Ground	Ground-lauit interrupter	Capacity	Fuse	(Non-fuse breaker)	System Impedance
Total operating	F0 = 16A or less *2	1.5	1.5	1.5	20A current sensitivity *3	16	16	40	
current of	F0 = 25A or less *2	2.5	2.5	2.5	30A current sensitivity *3	25	25	40	
the indoor unit	F0 = 32A or less *2	4.0	4.0	4.0	40A current sensitivity *3	32	32	40	-

^{*1} The Ground-fault interrupter should support Inverter circuit.

The Ground-fault interrupter should combine using of local switch or wiring breaker.

*2 Please take the larger of F1 or F2 as the value for F0.

F1 = Total operating maximum current of the indoor units × 1.2

 $F2 = \{V1 \times (Quantity \ of \ Type1)/C\} + \{V1 \times (Quantity \ of \ Type2)/C\} + \{V1 \times (Quantity \ of \ Type3)/C\} + \dots + \{V1 \times (Quantity \ of \ Type1)/C\} + \dots + \{V1 \times (Quantity \ o$

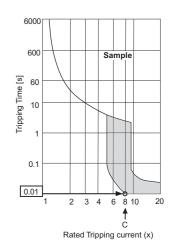
Connect to Branch box (PAC-MK·BC)

Indoor unit		V1	V2
Type1	PEAD-RP·JAQ(L).UK, PEAD-M·JA(L), PEAD-M·JA(L)2	26.9	
Type2	SEZ-KD·VA, SEZ-M·DA(L), PCA-RP·KAQ, PCA-M·KA, SLZ-KF·VA, PLA-RP·EA(.UK), SEZ-M·DA(L)2, PCA-M·KA2, PLA-M·EA	19.8	
Type3	SLZ-M·FA, SLZ-M·FA, SLZ-M·FA2, PLA-M·EA2	17.1	
Type4	MLZ-KA·VA, MLZ-KP·VF	9.9	2.4
Type5	MSZ-LN·VG, MSZ-LN·VG2, MSZ-AP·VF, MSZ-AP·VG(K), MFZ-KJ·VE, MLZ-KY·VG, MSZ-RW·VG, MFZ-KT·VG	7.4	
Type6	MSZ-FH·VE, MSZ-GF·VE, MSZ-SF·VE, MSZ-EF·VE, MSZ-SF·VA, MSZ-GE·VA, MSZ-EF·VG(K)	6.8	
Type7	Branch box (PAC-MK·BC(B))	5.1	3.0

Connect to Connection kit (PAC-LV11M)

Connect to Connection Kit (1 AC-EV 1 IVI)			
Indoor unit		V1	V2
Type8	MSZ-LN·VG, MSZ-AP·VF, MSZ-AP·VG(K), MSZ-LN·VG2, MFZ-KT·VG	7.4	
Type9	MSZ-SF·VA, MSZ-SF·VE, MSZ-EF·VE, MSZ-FH·VE, MSZ-GE·VA, MSZ-EF·VG(K)	6.8	2.4
Type10	Connection kit (PAC-LV11M)	3.5	

Indoor unit		V1	V2
Type11	PEFY-P·VMA(L)-E	38.0	1.6
Type12	PMFY-P·VBM-E, PLFY-P·VBM-E, PLFY-P·VEM-E, PLFY-P·VFM-E, PEFY-P·VMS1(L)-E, PCFY-P·VKM-E, PKFY-P·VHM-E, PKFY-P·VKM-E, PFFY-P·VKM-E, PFFY-P·VLRMM-E, PFFY-P·VCM, PLFY-M·VEM	19.8	
Type13	PEFY-M·VMA(L)-A, PEFY-M·VMA(L)-A1	18.6	2.4
Type14	PLFY-M·VEM6	17.1	
Type15	PLFY-P·VCM-E	9.9	
Type16	PKFY-P·VBM-E	3.5	
Type17	PLFY-P·VLMD-E, PEFY-P·VMH-E, PEFY-P·VMR-E-L/R, PEFY-P·VMH(S)-E-F, PFFY-P·VLEM-E, PFFY-P·VLRM-E, GUF*4-RD(H)4	0	0



Please pick up "C" from the tripping characteristic of the breaker.

<Example of "F2" calculation>

Condition PLFY-VBM × 4 + PEFY-VMA × 1, C = 8 (refer to right sample chart)

F2 = 19.8 × 4/8 + 38 × 1/8

= 14.65

→16 A breaker (Tripping current = 8 × 16 A at 0.01s)

*3 Current sensitivity is calculated using the following formula.

G1 = (V2 × Quantity of Type1) + (V2 × Quantity of Type2) + (V2 × Quantity of Type3) + (V2 × Quantity of Type4) + · · · · · + (V2 × Quantity of Type17) + (V3 × Wire length [km])

G1	Current sensitivity
30 or less	30 mA 0.1sec or less
100 or less	100 mA 0.1sec or less

Wire thickness	V3
1.5 mm ²	48
2.5 mm ²	56
4.0 mm ²	66

C: Multiple of tripping current at tripping time 0.01s

- 1. Use dedicated power supplies for the outdoor unit and indoor unit.
- 2. Bear in mind ambient conditions (ambient temperature, direct sunlight, rain water, etc.) when proceeding with the wiring and connections.
- 3. The wire size is the minimum value for metal conduit wiring. If the voltage drops, use a wire that is one rank thicker in diameter. Make sure the power-supply voltage does not drop more than 10%. Make sure that the voltage imbalance between the phases is 2% or less.
- 4. Specific wiring requirements should adhere to the wiring regulations of the region.
- 5. Power supply cords of parts of appliances for outdoor use shall not be lighter than polychloroprene sheathed flexible cord (design 60245 IEC57). For example, use wiring such as YZW.
- 6. A switch with at least 3 mm contact separation in each pole shall be provided by the Air Conditioner installer.

∴WARNING

- Be sure to use specified wires for connections and ensure no external force is imparted to terminal connections. If connections are not fixed firmly, heating or fire may result.
- Be sure to use the appropriate type of overcurrent protection switch. Note that generated overcurrent may include some amount of direct current.

⚠ CAUTION

- The breakers for current leakage should support Inverter circuit. (e.g. Mitsubishi Electric's NV-S-Series or equivalent). If no earth leakage breaker is installed, it may cause an electric shock.
- Breakers for current leakage should combine using of switch.
- Do not use anything other than a breaker with the correct capacity. Using a breaker of too large capacity may cause malfunction or fire.
- ♦ If a large electric current flows due to malfunction or faulty wiring, earth-leakage breakers on the unit side and on the upstream side of the power supply system may both operate.

 Depending on the importance of the system, separate the power supply system or take protective coordination of breakers.

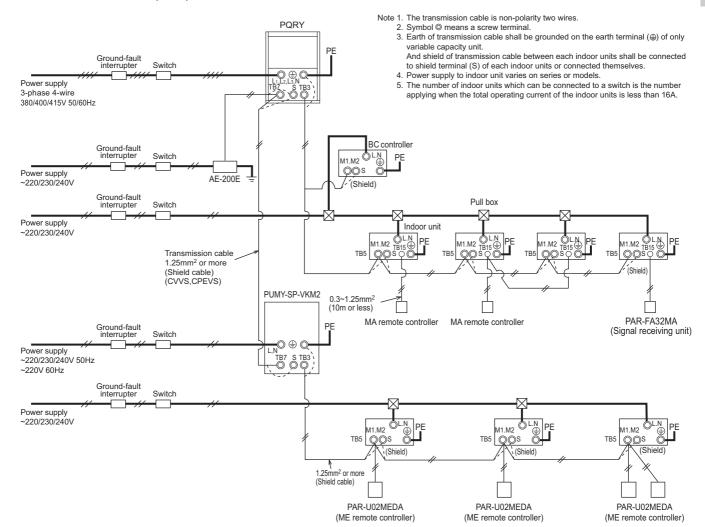
Note

- This device is intended for the connection to a power supply system with a maximum permissible system impedance shown in the above table at the interface point (power service box) of the user's supply.
- The user must ensure that this device is connected only to a power supply system which fulfils the requirement above. If necessary, the user can ask the public power supply company for the system impedance at the interface point.

9-4. Power supply examples

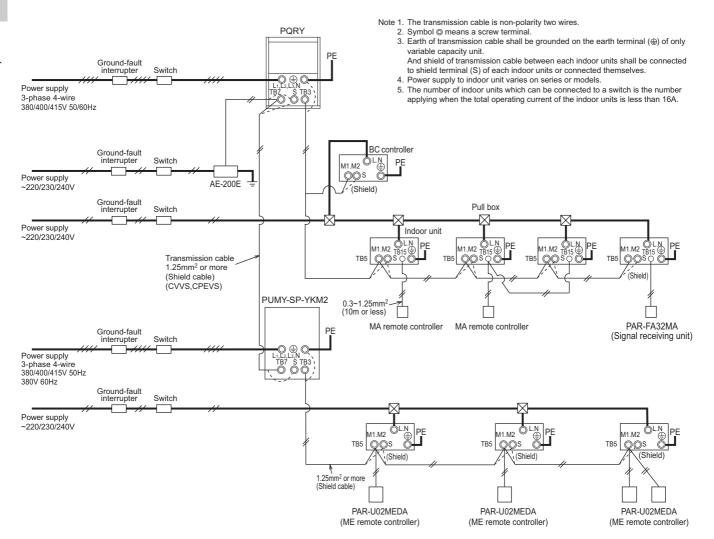
The local standards and/or regulations is applicable at a higher priority.

9-4-1. PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2



The local standards and/or regulations is applicable at a higher priority.

9-4-2. PUMY-SP112, 125, 140YKM2



10-1. Transmission cable length limitation

10-1-1. Using MA Remote controller

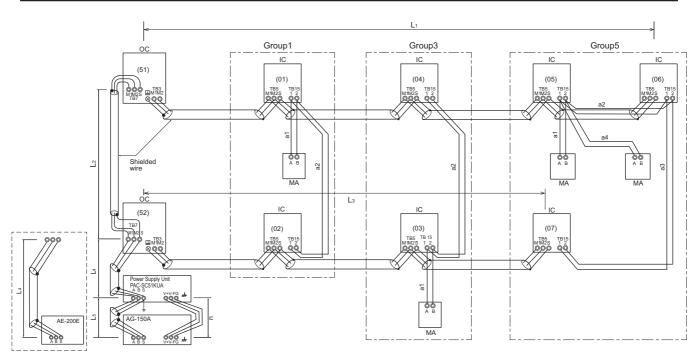
Long transmission cable causes voltage down, therefore, the length limitation should be obeyed to secure proper transmission.

 Max. length via Outdoor (M-NET cable)
 L1+L2+L3, L1+L2+L4+L5, L3+L4+L5
 <=500m[1640ft]</td>
 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker

 Max. length to Outdoor (M-NET cable)
 L1, L3, L2+L4, L5
 <=200m[656ft]</td>
 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker

 Max. length from MA to Indoor for each group
 a1+a2, a1+a2+a3+a4
 <=200m[656ft]</td>
 0.3-1.25mm² [AWG22-16]

 24VDC to AG-150A
 n
 <=50m[164ft.]</td>
 0.75-2.0 mm² [AWG18-14]



OC: Outdoor unit; IC: Indoor unit; MA: MA remote controller

10-1-2. Using ME Remote controller

Long transmission cable causes voltage down, therefore, the length limitation should be obeyed to secure proper transmission.

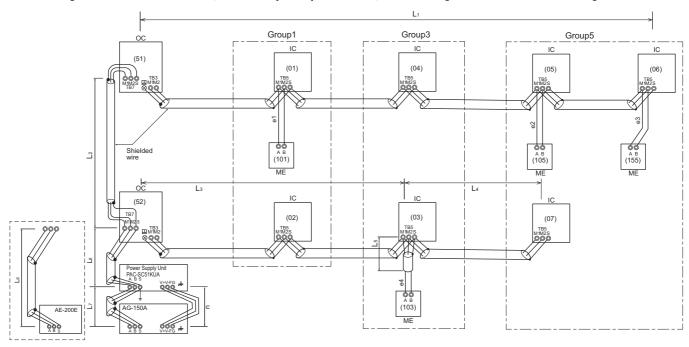
 Max. length via Outdoor (M-NET cable)
 L1+L2+L3+L4, L1+L2+L6+L7, L1+L2+L3+L5, L3+L4+L6+L7, L3+L5+L6+L7, L4+L5
 <=500m[640ft]</td>
 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker

 Max. length to Outdoor (M-NET cable)
 L1, L3+L4, L2+L6, L7, L3+L5
 <=200m[656ft]</td>
 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker

 Max. length from ME to Indoor
 e1, e2, e3, e4
 <=10m[32ft] *1</td>
 0.3-1.25mm² [AWG22-16] *1

 24VDC to AG-150A
 n
 <=50m[164ft.]</td>
 0.75-2.0 mm² [AWG18-14]

^{*1.} If the length from ME to Indoor exceed 10m, use 1.25 mm²[AWG16] shielded cable, but the total length should be counted into Max. length via Outdoor.



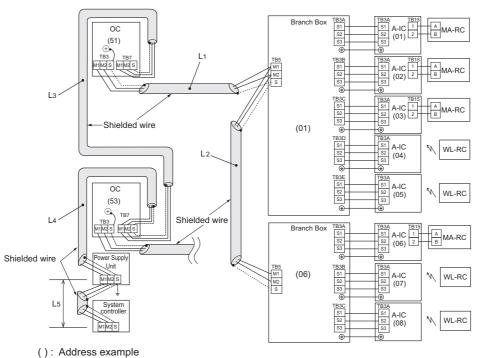
OC: Outdoor unit; IC: Indoor unit; ME: ME remote controller

10-1-3. Using a Branch Box

Long transmission cable causes voltage down, therefore, the length limitation should be obeyed to secure proper transmission.

Max length via outdoor units (M-NET cable): $L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4 + L_5$ <= 500m[1640ft] 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker Max transmission cable length (M-NET cable): $L_1 + L_2$, $L_3 + L_4$, L_5 <= 200m[656ft] 1.25mm² [AWG16] or thicker

<Example of Transmission Cable Wiring: When Using a Branch Box>

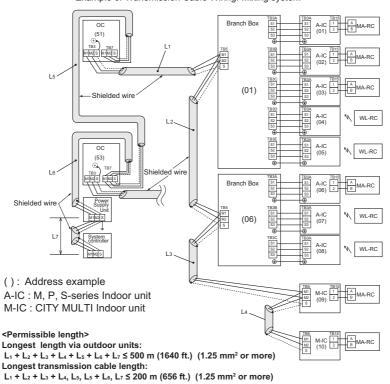


A-IC : M, P, S-series Indoor unit

10-1-4. Mixing system

Long transmission cable causes voltage down, therefore, the length limitation should be obeyed to secure proper transmission.





10-2. Transmission cable specifications

	Transmission cables (Li)	MA Remote controller cables	ME Remote controller cables		
Type of cable	Shielded cables (2-core) CVVS, CPEVS, and MVVS	VCTF, VCTFK, CVV, VVR, VVF, VCT	Shielded cables (2-core) CVVS, CPEVS, and MVVS		
Cable size	Larger than 1.25 mm ² [AWG16], or ø1.2 mm or above	0.3 to 1.25 mm ² [AWG22 to 16] *1 *5	0.3 to 1.25 mm ² [AWG22 to 16] *1 *6		
Maximum overall line length	Refer to 10-1.	200 m [656 ft] *3 *4	10 m [32 ft] *2		

^{*1} The use of cables that are smaller than 0.75 mm² (AWG18) is recommended for easy handling.

CVVS, MVVS: PVC insulated PVC sheathed shielded control cable CPEVS: PE insulated PVC sheathed shielded communication cable CVV: PVC insulated PVC sheathed control cable

^{*2} The section of the cable that exceeds 10 m [32 ft] must be included in the maximum indoor-outdoor transmission line distance.

^{*3} Max. 70 m [229 ft] for PAR-CT01MA series

^{*4} Max. 150 m [492 ft] for PAR-FS01MA series

^{*5} To wire PAR-CT01MA series, PAR-FS01MA series, PAR-4"x"MA series, PAR-3"x"MA series ("x" represents 0 or later), or Simple MA remote controller, use a cable with a size of 0.3 mm² (AWG 22).

^{*6} When connected to the terminal block on the Simple remote controller, use a cable with a size of 0.75 to 1.25 mm² (AWG18 to 16).

10-3. System configuration restrictions

10-3-1. Common restrictions for the CITY MULTI system

For each Outdoor/Heat source unit, the maximum connectable quantity of Indoor unit is specified at its Specifications table.

- A) 1 Group of Indoor units can have 1-16 Indoor units;
 - *OA processing unit GUF-RD(H) is considered as Indoor unit.
- B) Maximum 2 remote controllers for 1 group;
 - *MA/ME remote controllers cannot be present together in 1group.
 - *When a PAR-CT01MA or PAR-3X MA-Series (X indicates 1, 2...) is connected to a group, no other MA remote controllers can be connected to the same group.
- C) 1 Lossnay unit can interlock maximum 16 Indoor units; 1 Indoor unit can interlock only 1 Lossnay unit.
- D) Maximum 3 System controllers are connectable when connecting to TB3 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit.
- E) A maximum of 6 system controller are connectable to TB3 and TB7 of Outdoor/Heat source unit.
- F) 4 System controllers or more are connectable when connecting to TB7 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit, if the transmission power is supplied by the power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA.
 - *System controller connected as described in D) would have a risk that the failure of connected Outdoor/Heat source unit would stop power supply to the System controller.

10-3-2. Ensuring proper communication power and the number of connected units for M-NET

In order to ensure proper communication among Outdoor/Heat source unit, Indoor unit, LOSSNAY, OA processing unit GUF-RD(H), and Controllers, the transmission power situation for the M-NET should be observed. In some cases, Transmission booster should be used. Taking the power consumption of Indoor unit as 1, the equivalent power consumption or supply of others are listed at Table 1 and Table 2.

Both the transmission line for centralized controller and indoor-outdoor transmission line must meet the conditions listed below. (Both conditions a) and b) must be met.)

- a) [Total equivalent power consumption] ≤ [The equivalent power supply]
- b) [Total equivalent number of units (Table 1)] ≤ [40]

Table 1 The equivalent power consumption and the equivalent number of units

Category	Model	The equivalent power consumption	The equivalent number of units	
CITY MULTI indoor unit OA unit CITY MULTI connection kit Air handling unit controller	Except for the models indicated by *2 PEFY-AF2500, 3000, 4000, 5000, 6000MH GUF-50, 100 PAC-LV11M-J PAC-AH125, 140, 250, 500M-J	1	1	
CITY MULTI indoor unit *2	PDFY-P100VM-E-RE	2	2	
BC controller	CMB	2	1	
	P100VM-E-BU	6	1	
DIMENA	P200VM-E1-AU P200VM-E2-AU	5	1	
PWFY *1	(E)P100VM-E1-AU (E)P100VM-E2-AU P140VM-E1-AU P140VM-E2-AU	1	1	
PFAV	P250, 300, 500, 600VM-E(-F)	1	1	
FFAV	P750, 900VM-E(-F)	2	2	
PFV, PEV	P200, 250, 400, 500YM-A	1	1	
MA remote controller/Lossnay	PAR-CT01MA PAR-21MA PAR-31MA PAR-32MA PAR-33MA PAC-YT52CRA PAR-FA32MA LGH PZ-60DR-E PZ-61DR-E PZ-43SMF-E	0	0	
ME remote controller	PAR-U02MEDA	0.5	1	
WE remote dentalities	PZ-52SF	0.25	1	
	AE-200E AE-50E EW-50E LM-AP	0	0	
System controller	AG-150A EB-50GU-J PAC-IF01AHC-J	0.5	1	
	AT-50B	1.5	5	
	PAC-YG60MCA PAC-YG66DCA PAC-YG63MCA	0.25	1	
ON/OFF controller	PAC-YT40ANRA	1	1	
MN converter	CMS-MNG-E	2	1	
Outdoor/Heat source unit	TB7 power consumption	0	0	
System control interface	MAC-333IF-E	0	0	
A-M converter	PAC-SF83MA-E	J	U	

^{*1} PWFY cannot be connected to PUMY model.

Table 2 The equivalent power supply

Category	Model	The	equivalent power s	upply		
Transmission Booster	PAC-SF46EPA		25 *1			
Power supply unit	PAC-SC51KUA	5				
Expansion controller	PAC-YG50ECA	6				
BM ADAPTER	BAC-HD150		6			
	AE-200E/AE-50E	0.75				
System controller	EW-50E		1.5			
	LM-AP		0			
		TB3 and TB7 total	TB7 only	TB3 only		
0.44.5	Outdoor unit except S-Series and TKA *2	32 *1	6	32 *1-equivalent power supplied to TB7		
Outdoor/Heat source unit	S-Series outdoor unit	12 *1	0	12 *1		
	TKA outdoor unit	32 *1	- *3	32 *1		

^{*1} When one or more indoor units listed below is connected, subtract 3 from the equivalent power supply.

Table 3

Tubio	
Category	Model
Indoor unit	Sized P200/P250
	PEFY-AF4000/5000/6000MH, PFFY-P400/500YM-E, PDFY-P100VM-E-RE
Air handling unit controller	PAC-AH250/500M-J
PFAV	PFAV-P500/600/750/900VM-E(-F)
PFV	PFV-P400/500YM-A
PEV	PEV-P400/500YM-A

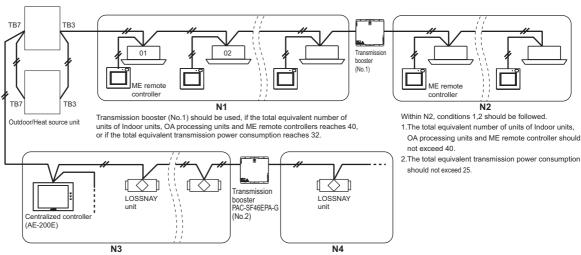
^{*2} If PAC-SC51KUA is used to supply power at TB7 side, no power supply need from Outdoor/Heat source unit at TB7, Connector TB3 itself will therefore have 32.

Use PAC-SC51KUA or PAC-SF46EPA when connecting an M-NET device to TB7.

With the equivalent power consumption values and the equivalent number of units in Table 1 and Table 2, PAC-SF46EPA can be designed into the air-conditioner system to ensure proper system communication according to (A), (B), (C).

- (A) Firstly, count from TB3 at TB3 side the total equivalent number of units of Indoor units, OA processing units, ME remote controller, and System controllers. If the total equivalent number of units reaches 40, a PAC-SF46EPA should be set.
- (B) Secondly, count from TB7 side to TB3 side the total transmission power consumption. If the total equivalent power supply reaches 32, a PAC-SF46EPA should be set. Yet, if a PAC-SC51KUA or another controller with a built-in power supply, such as PAC-YG50ECA, is used to supply power at TB7 side, count from TB3 side only.
- (C) Thirdly, count from TB7 at TB7 side the total transmission power consumption, If the total equivalent power supply for only TB7 reaches 6, a PAC-SF46EPA should be set. Also, count from TB7 at TB7 side the total equivalent number of units of System controllers, and so on. If the total equivalent number of units reaches 40, a PAC-SF46EPA should be set.
- * The equivalent power supply of S-Series outdoor unit is 12.

System example



Transmission booster (No.2) should be used,

if the total equivalent transmission power consumption reaches 5.

Within N4, the total equivalent transmission power consumption should not exceed 25.

^{*3} Do not supply power to TB7 from TKA outdoor units.

^{*} When one or more indoor units listed in Table 3 is connected, subtract 3 from the equivalent power supply.

10-3-3. Ensuring proper power supply to System controller

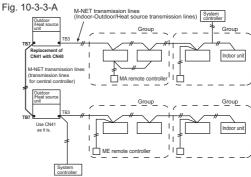
The power to System controller (excluding AE-200E, AE-50E, EW-50E, BAC-HD150, LM-AP) is supplied via M-NET transmission line. M-NET transmission line at TB7 side is called Centralized control transmission line while one at TB3 side is called Indoor-Outdoor/Heat source transmission line. There are 3 ways to supply power to the System controller .

- A) Connecting to TB3 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit and receiving power from the Outdoor/Heat source unit.
- B) Connecting to TB7 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit and receiving power from the Outdoor/Heat source unit. (Not applicable to the PUMY model)
- C) Connecting to TB7 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit but receiving power from power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA.

 * System controllers (AE-200E, AE-50E, EW-50E, BAC-HD150, LM-AP) have a built-in function to supply power to the M-NET transmission lines, so no power needs to be supplied to the M-NET transmission lines from the Outdoor/Heat source units or from PAC-SC51KUA.

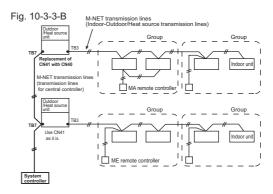
10-3-3-A. When connecting to TB3 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit and receiving power from the Outdoor/Heat source unit.

Maximum 3 System controllers can be connected to TB3. If there is more than 1 Outdoor/Heat source unit, it is necessary to replace power supply switch connector CN41 with CN40 on one Outdoor/Heat source unit.



10-3-3-B. When connecting to TB7 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit and receiving power from the Outdoor/Heat source unit. (Not applicable to the PUMY model)

A maximum of 6 system controller are connectable to TB3 and TB7 of Outdoor/Heat source unit. (Not applicable to the PUMY model) It is necessary to replace power supply switch connector CN41 with CN40 on one Outdoor/Heat source unit.



10-3-3-C. When connecting to TB7 of the Outdoor/Heat source unit but receiving power from PAC-SC51KUA.

power supply connector CN41 on the Outdoor/Heat source units should be kept as it is. It is also a factory setting. 1 PAC-SC51KUA supports maximum 1 AG-150A or 1 EB-50GU-J unit due to the limited power 24VDC at its TB3. However, 1 PAC-SC51KUA supplies transmission power at its TB2 equal to 5 Indoor units, which is referable at Table 2. If System controller, ON/OFF controller connected to TB7 consume transmission power more than 5 (Indoor units), Transmission booster PAC-SF46EPA-G is needed. PAC-SF46EPA-G supplies

When using PAC-SC51KUA to supply transmission power, the

transmission power equal to 25 Indoor units.

!\ CAUTION

■How to connect system controllers (AE-200E, AE-50E, EW-50E, BAC-HD150, LM-AP) to a given system System controllers (AE-200E, AE-50E, EW-50E, BAC-HD150, LM-AP) have a built-in function to supply power to the M-NET transmission lines, so no power needs to be supplied to the M-NET transmission lines from the Outdoor/Heat source units or from PAC-SC51KUA. Leave the power supply connector on the Outdoor/Heat source unit connected to CN41 as it is. Refer to 10-3-2 for information about the power-supply capacity of each system controller (EW-50E, BAC-HD150, LM-AP) to the low-level system controllers.

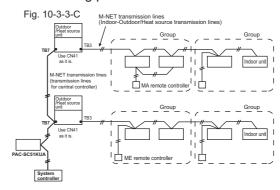
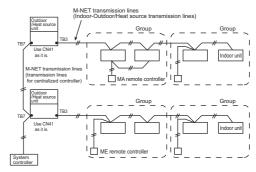


Fig. 10-3-3-D



10-3-4. Power supply to LM-AP

1-phase 220-240VAC power supply is needed.

The power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA is not necessary when connecting only the LM-AP. Yet, make sure to change the power supply changeover connector CN41 to CN40 on the LM-AP.

10-3-5. Power supply to expansion controller

1-phase 100-240VAC power supply is needed.

The power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA is not necessary.

The expansion controller supplies power through TB3, which equals 6 indoor units. (refer to Table 2)

10-3-6. Power supply to BM ADAPTER

1-phase 100-240VAC power supply is needed.

The power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA is not necessary when only BM ADAPTER is connected.

Yet, make sure to move the power jumper from CN41 to CN40 on the BM ADAPTER.

10-3-7. Power supply to AE-200E/AE-50E/EW-50E

1-phase 100-240VAC power supply is needed.

The power supply unit PAC-SC51KUA is not necessary when connecting only the AE-200E/AE-50E/EW-50E.

10-4. Address setting

10-4-1. Switch operation

In order to constitute CITY MULTI in a complete system, switch operation for setting the unit address No. and connection No. is required.

① Address No. of outdoor unit, indoor unit and remote controller. The address No. is set at the address setting board. In the case of R2 system, it is necessary to set the same No. at the branch No. switch of indoor unit as that of the BC controller connected. (When connecting two or more branches, use the lowest branch No.)

Rotary switch							
Branch No. setting	Unit address No. setting						
072345 QQ QQ V68L	0 0 7 0 9 4 0 0 7 0 9 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0						

- ② Caution for switch operations
 - * Be sure to shut off power source before switch setting. If operated with power source on, switch can not operate properly.
 - No units with identical unit address shall exist in one whole air conditioner system. If set erroneously, the system can not operate.
- 3 MA remote controller
 - When connecting only one remote controller to one group, it is always the main remote controller.
 When connecting two remote controllers to one group, set one remote controller as the main remote controller and the other as the sub remote controller.
 - * The factory setting is "Main".

PAR-4"x"MAA ("x" represents 0 or later), PAR-CT01MA, PAR-FS01MA The MA remote controller does not have the switches listed above. Refer to the installation manual for the function setting.

PAC-YT52CRA

Setting the dip switches

There are switches on the back of the top case. Remote controller Main/Sub and other function settings are performed using these switches. Ordinarily, only change the Main/Sub setting of SW1. (The factory settings are ON for SW1, 2, and 3 and OFF for SW4.)

SW No.	SW contents Main	ON	OFF	Comment
1	Remote controller Main/Sub setting	Main	Sub	Set one of the two remote controllers at one group to "ON".
2	Temperature display units setting	Celsius	Fahrenheit	When the temperature is displayed in [Fahrenheit], set to "OFF".
3	Cooling/heating display in AUTO mode	Yes	No	When you do not want to display "Cooling" and "Heating" in the AUTO mode, set to "OFF".
4	Indoor temperature display	Yes	No	When you want to display the indoor temperature, set to "ON".

10-4-2. Rule of setting address

	Unit	Address setting	Example	Note
	Indoor unit	01 ~ 50		Use the most recent address within the same group of indoor units. Make the indoor units address connected to the BC controller (Sub) larger than the indoor units address connected to the BC controller (Main). If applicable, set the sub BC controllers in an PURY/PQRY system in the following order: (1) Indoor unit to be connected to the BC controller (Main) (2) Indoor unit to be connected to the BC controller (No.1 Sub) (3) Indoor unit to be connected to the BC controller (No.2 Sub) Set the address so that (1)<(2)<(3)
Branch Box		01 ~ 50	10 T	Use a number within the range 01~ 50, but it should not make the highest address of connected A-IC exceed 50. • Specify whether indoor units are connected to each port (A, B, C, D, and E). SW1 1 2 3 4 5 (6) Port A B C D E not use indoor units are connected ON indoor units are not connected OFF
	Outdoor unit	51 ~ 99, 100		The smallest address of indoor unit in same refrigerant system + 50 *The address automatically becomes "100" if it is set as "01~ 50"
	BC controller (Main)	52 ~ 99, 100	10	The address of outdoor unit + 1 * Please reset another address between 51 and 99 when two addresses overlap. * The address automatically becomes "100" if it is set as "01~ 50"
	BC controller (Sub)	53 ~ 99, 100		Lowest address within the indoor units connected to the BC controller (Sub) plus 50.
ocal remote controller	ME Remote controller (Main)	101 ~ 150	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \text{Fixed} \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} \begin{bmatrix} $	The smallest address of indoor unit in the group + 100 *The place of "100" is fixed to "1"
Local remo	ME Remote controller (Sub)	151 ~ 199, 200	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \text{Fixed} \end{array} $	The address of main remote controller + 50 *The address automatically becomes "200" if it is set as "00"
	ON/OFF remote controller	201 ~ 250	$ \begin{array}{c c} & 0 \\$	The smallest group No. to be managed + 200 * The smallest group No. to be managed is changeable.
ontroller	AE-200E/AE-50E AG-150A EB-50GU-J EW-50E AT-50B	000, 201 ~ 250	0 0 0	* AT-50B cannot be set to "000".
System controller	PAC-YG50ECA	000, 201 ~ 250	0 0 0	* Settings are made on the initial screen of AG-150A.
	BAC-HD150	000, 201 ~ 250	0 0 0	* Settings are made with setting tool of BM ADAPTER.
	LMAP04-E	201 ~ 250	2 Fixed 10 1	
00	PAC-YG60MCA	01 ~ 50		
PI, AI, DIDO	PAC-YG63MCA	01 ~ 50		
	PAC-YG66DCA	01 ~ 50		
	ossnay, OA rocessing unit	01 ~ 50		After setting the addresses of all the indoor units, assign an arbitrary address.
F	AC-IF01AHC	201 ~ 250	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

10-4-3. System example

Factory setting

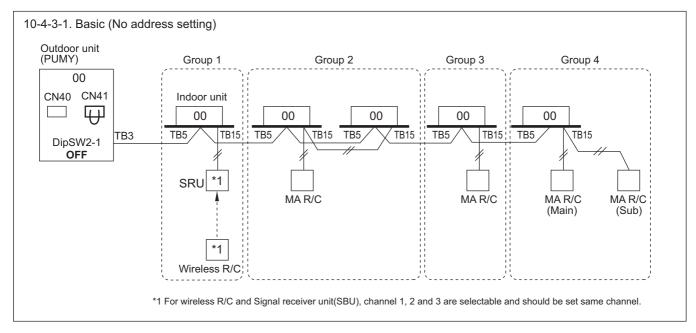
Original switch setting of the outdoors, indoors, controllers, LM-AP and BM ADAPTER at shipment is as follows.

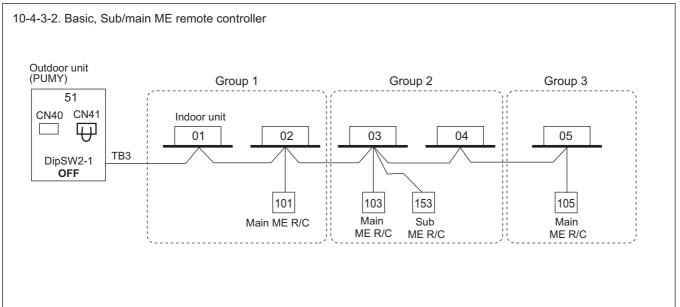
• Outdoor unit : Address: 00, CN41: ON (Jumper), DipSW2-1: OFF

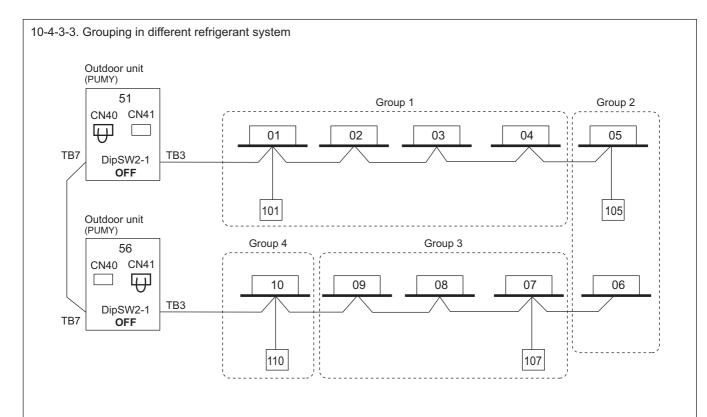
Indoor unit : Address: 00ME Remote controller : Address: 101

• LM-AP : Address: 247, CN41: ON (Jumper), DipSW1-2: OFF

• BM ADAPTER : Address: 000, CN41: ON (Jumper) • AE-200E/AE-50E/EW-50E : Address: 000, CN21: ON (Jumper)



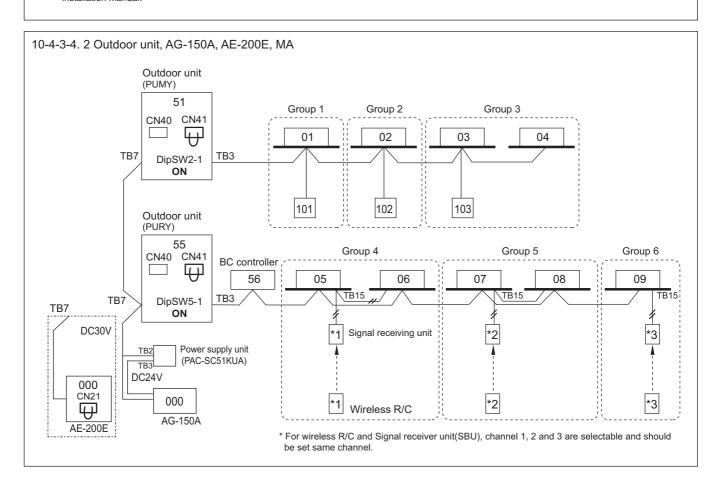


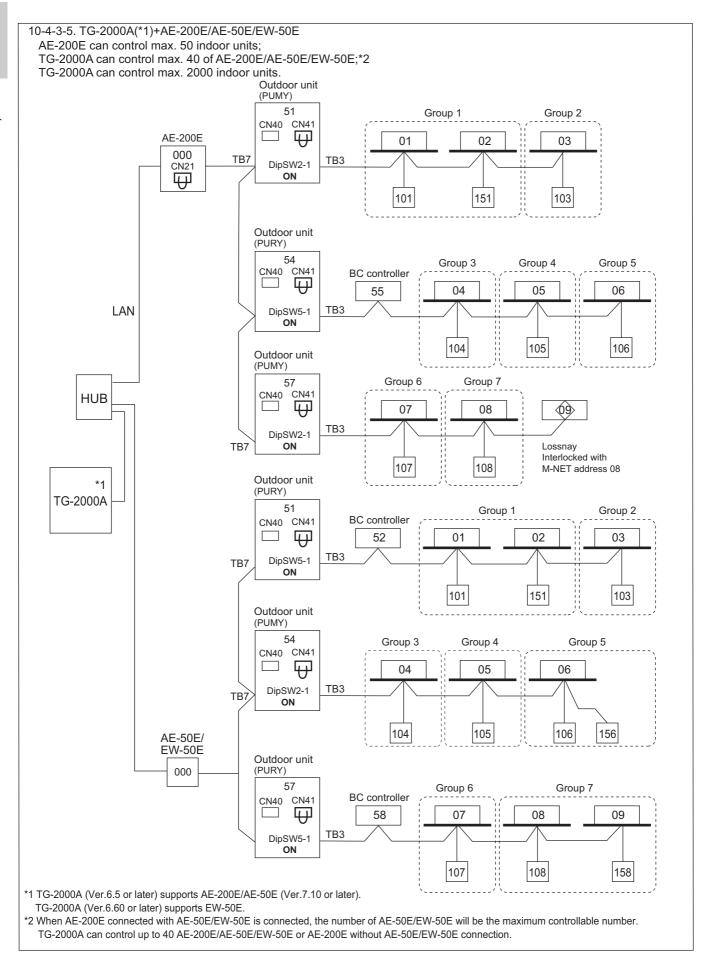


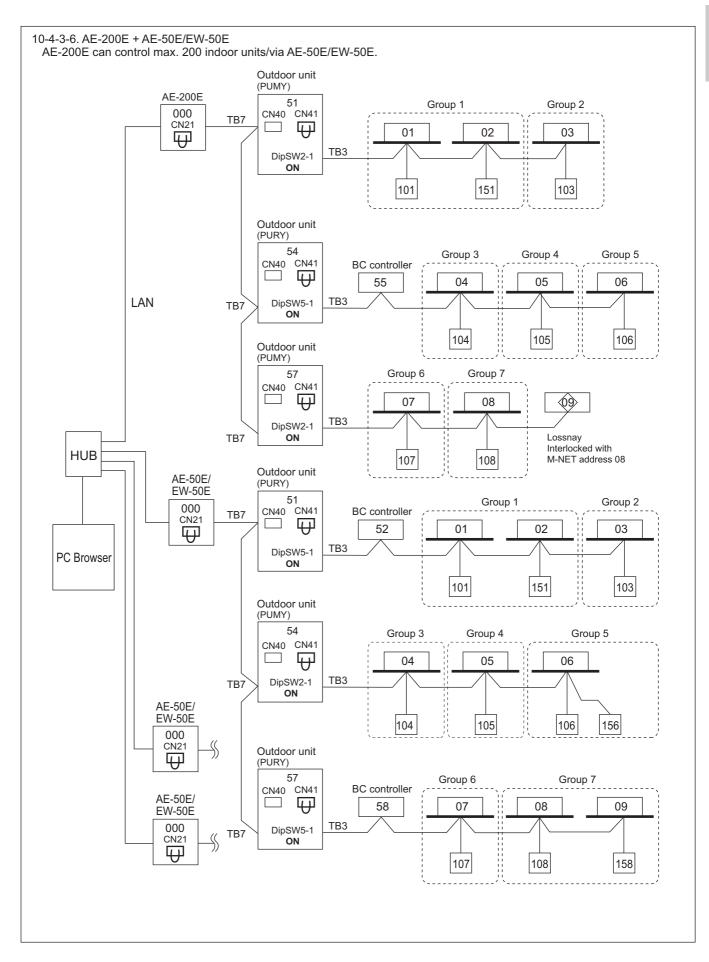
NOTE

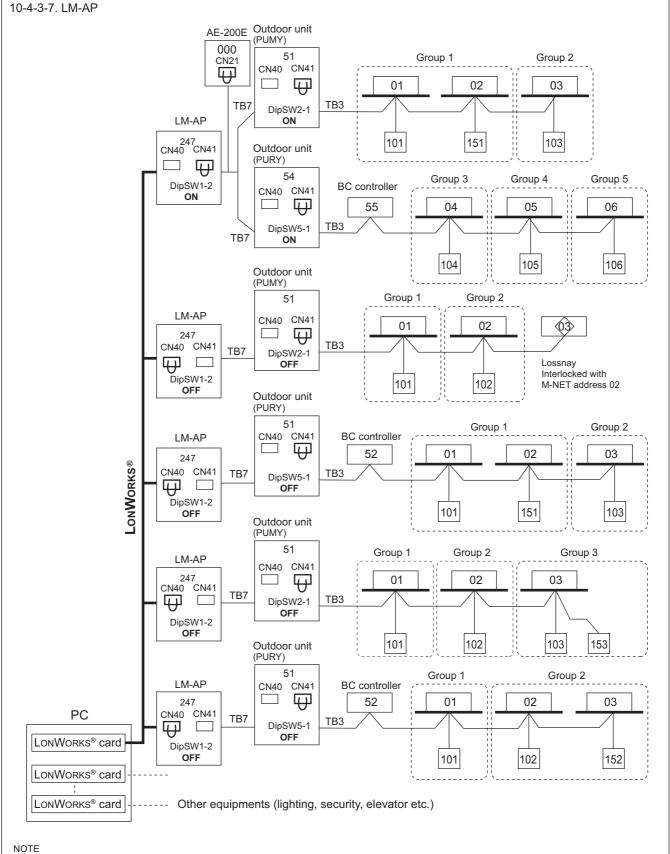
- It is necessary to change the connecter to CN40 on the outdoor unit (Heat source unit) control board (only one outdoor unit (Heat source unit)) when the group is set between other refrigerant systems.
- the group is set between other refrigerant systems.

 It is necessary to set on the remote controller by manual when group sets on the different refrigerant system. Please refer to remote controller installation manual.

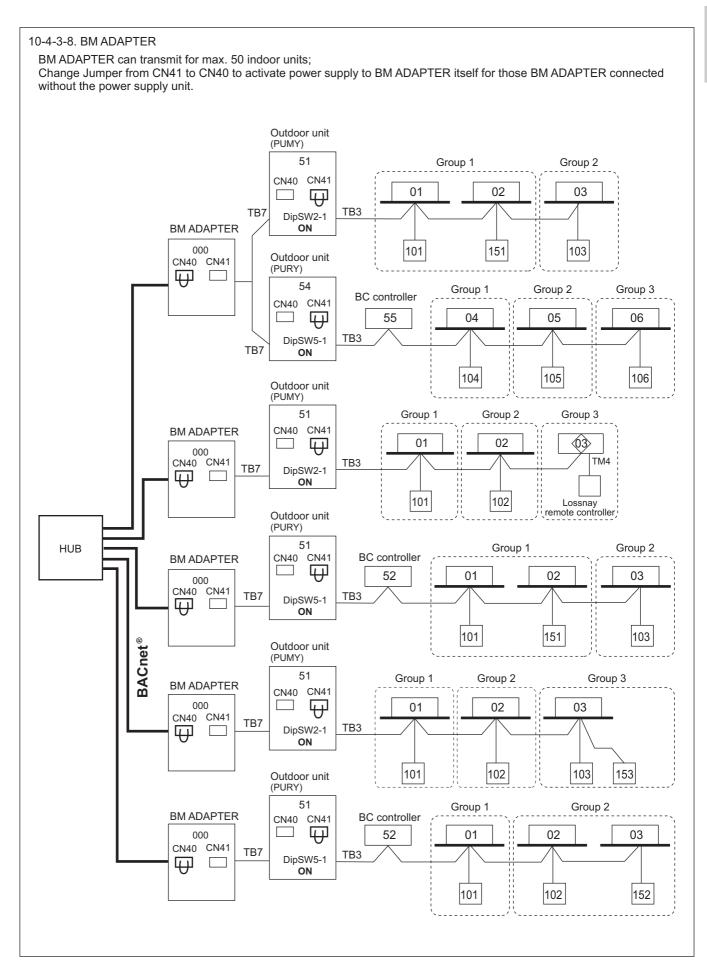








- · LM-AP can control 50 indoor units.
- It is necessary to turn on the DipSW1-2 on the LM-AP control board and the DipSW2-1 on the outdoor unit (heat source unit) control board with centralized controller (Power supply unit).
- It is necessary to change the connector to CN40 on the LM-AP control board without centralized controllers (Power supply unit).



10-4-3-9. BM ADAPTER+PAC-YG50ECA (Expansion controller) BM ADAPTER(*1) can transmit for max. 150 indoor units/via expansion controllers (PAC-YG50ECA). When the dual-set-point function is used, no expansion controllers can be connected, and only up to 50 units can be controlled from each BAC-HD150. **BM ADAPTER** Outdoor unit LAN1 (PUMY) 000 **BACnet®** CN40 CN41 51 Group 1 Group 2 CN40 CN41 \Box **W** 01 02 03 TB7 TB3 DipSW2-1 LAN2 PAC-YG50ECA*3 ON 000 101 151 103 Outdoor unit CN40 CN41 (PURY) \Box 54 Group 3 Group 4 Group 5 BC controller CN40 CN41 (H) 55 04 05 06 **TB3** DipSW5-1 TB7 ON 104 105 106 LAN Outdoor unit (PUMY) Group 6 57 Group 7 CN40 CN41 HUB Ψ 07 08 **(09**) **TB3** TB7 DipSW2-1 Lossnav ON Interlocked with 107 108 M-NET address 08 Outdoor unit (PURY) Group 2 Group 1 BC controller CN40 CN41 02 \Box 01 03 TB7 **TB3** DipSW5-1 PAC-YG50ECA*3 ON 000 101 151 103 CN40 CN41 Outdoor unit (PUMY) Group 3 Group 4 Group 5 CN40 CN41 0405 06 TB7 DipSW2-1 TB3 ON AG-150A *2, *4 156 104 105 106 Outdoor unit (PURY) 57 24VDC TB3 Group 6 Group 7 BC controller CN40 CN41 PAC-YG50ECA*3 \Box 07 80 09 58 Power supply unit 000 **TB7** TB3 (PAC-SC51KUA) CN40 CN41 DipSW5-1 ON -{(

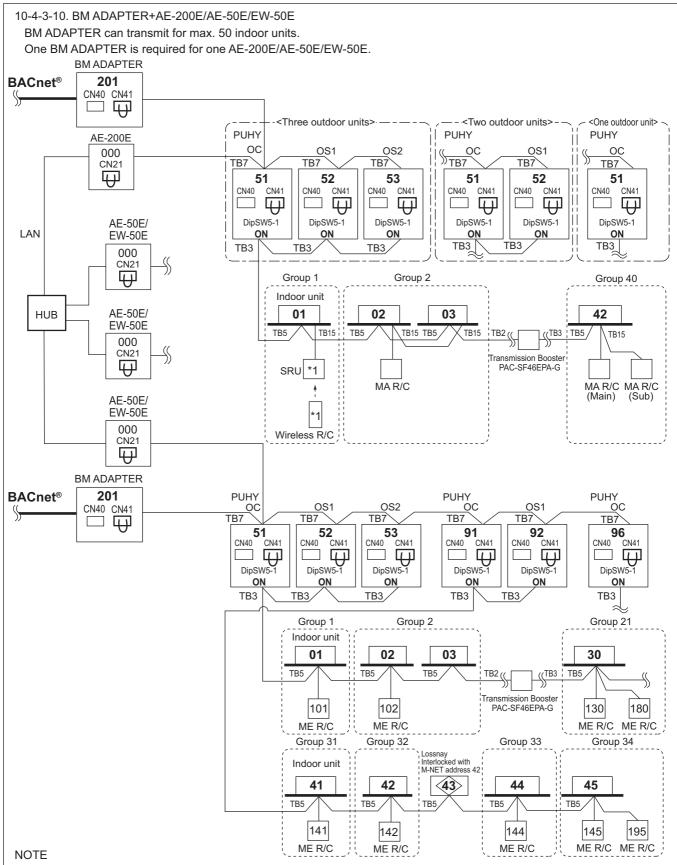
•It is not necessary to connect the M-NET transmission line to the TB3 on BM ADAPTER. Leave the power jumper of BM ADAPTER connected to CN41.

107

108

- *1 BM ADAPTER (Ver.2.00 or later) supports the expansion controller.
- *2 AG-150A (Ver.2.30 or later) supports the BM ADAPTER.
- *3 PAC-YG50ECA (Ver.1.30 or later) supports the BM ADAPTER.
- *4 Consult your dealer for restrictions when connecting both AG-150A and BM ADAPTER to PAC-YG50ECA.

158



- •It is not necessary to connect the M-NET transmission line to the TB3 on BM ADAPTER. Leave the power jumper of BM ADAPTER connected to CN41.
- *1 For Wireless R/C and Signal receiver unit (SRU), channel 1, 2 and 3 are selectable and should be set to same channel.
- *2 Consult your dealer for restrictions when connecting both AE-200E/AE-50E/EW-50E and BM ADAPTER.
- *3 When a PAR-CT01MA or PAR-4X MA-Series (X indicates 1, 2...) is connected to a group, no other MA remote controllers can be connected to the same group.
- *4 In a system that uses AE-200E and/or AE-50E/EW-50E, each BM-ADAPTER must be connected to the M-NET line.

11-1. R410A Piping material

Refrigerant pipe for CITY MULTI shall be made of phosphorus deoxidized copper, and has two types.

A. Type-O: Soft copper pipe (annealed copper pipe), can be easily bent with human's hand.

B. Type-1/2H pipe: Hard copper pipe (Straight pipe), being stronger than Type-O pipe of the same radical thickness.

The maximum operation pressure of R410A air conditioner is 4.30 MPa [623psi]. The refrigerant piping should ensure the safety under the maximum operation pressure. MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC recommends pipe size as Table1, or You shall follow the local industrial standard. Pipes of radical thickness 0.7mm or less shall not be used.

Table 1. Copper pipe size and radial thickness for R410A CITY MULTI.

Size (mm)	Size (in.)	Radial thickness (mm)	Radial thickness (mil)	Pipe type
ø6.35	ø1/4"	0.8	[32]	Type-O
ø9.52	ø3/8"	0.8	[32]	Type-O
ø12.7	ø1/2"	0.8	[32]	Type-O
ø15.88	ø5/8"	1.0	[40]	Type-O
ø19.05	ø3/4"	1.2	[48]	Type-O
ø19.05	ø3/4"	1.0	[40]	Type-1/2H or H
ø22.2	ø7/8"	1.0	[40]	Type-1/2H or H
ø25.4	ø1"	1.0	[40]	Type-1/2H or H
ø28.58	ø1-1/8"	1.0	[40]	Type-1/2H or H
ø31.75	ø1-1/4"	1.1	[44]	Type-1/2H or H
ø34.93	ø1-3/8"	1.2	[48]	Type-1/2H or H
ø41.28	ø1-5/8"	1.4	[56]	Type-1/2H or H

^{*} For pipe sized ø19.05 (3/4") for R410A air conditioner, choice of pipe type is up to you.

Flare

Due to the relative higher operation pressure of R410A compared to R22, the flare connection should follow dimensions mentioned below so as to achieve enough the air-tightness.

Flare pipe	Pipe size	A (For R410A)	(mm[in.])
<	ø6.35 [1/4"] ø9.52 [3/8"] ø12.70 [1/2"]	9.1 13.2 16.6	
<u> </u>	ø15.88 [5/8"] ø19.05 [3/4"]	19.7 24.0	
	2 . 5 . 5 . 6]	=0	

Flare nut	Pipe size	B (For R410A)	(mm[in.])
	ø6.35 [1/4"] ø9.52 [3/8"] ø12.70 [1/2"] ø15.88 [5/8"] ø19.05 [3/4"]	17.0 22.0 26.0 29.0 36.0	
	Ø 10.00 [0/∓]	00.0	

^{*} The figures in the radial thickness column are based on the Japanese standards and provided only as a reference. Use pipes that meet the local standards.

11-2. Piping Design

11-2-1. Use of the existing refrigerant piping

. WARNING

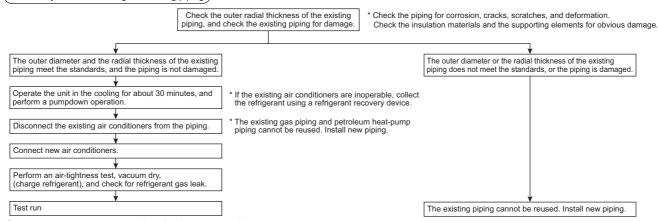
Before operating the compressor, make sure the refrigerant pipes are properly installed.

- Operating the compressor without the refrigerant pipes properly being connected and with the stop (ball) valve open, the compressor
 may suck in air, raising the pressure inside the refrigerant cycle abnormally high and resulting in pipe bursting and personal injury.
- Adequately insulate the liquid and gas refrigerant pipes to keep condensation from dripping.
- Provide additional insulation on the refrigerant pipes as necessary to keep condensation from forming on the insulation surface.

(Insulating material···Heat-resistance temperature: 120°C; Thickness: 15 mm or greater)

- * Installation of the unit in high-temperature high-humidity conditions, such as in the ceiling of the top floor, may require additional insulation.
- Insulate refrigerant pipes with heat-resistant polyethylene foam and without leaving any gap between indoor unit and insulating material or between insulating materials. (Exposed pipes may cause condensation and pose burn hazard.)
- Keep the piping length within the limits, and charge the required amount of refrigerant (R410A).
- * Before charging refrigerant, evacuate the extended piping and the indoor units, and charge refrigerant through the stop valve (applicable when the unit is stopped). When charging refrigerant through the check valve on the suction side, use a safety charger to prevent liquid refrigerant from being inhaled (applicable when the unit is operated).
- * When charging refrigerant, record the amount of refrigerant charged in the relevant section of the maintenance manual (attached to the product).
- Determine the reusability of the existing piping, using the flowchart below.
- If the diameter of the existing piping differs from the standard diameter, check the reusability of the piping and restrictive conditions for reuse.

Cautionary notes on reusing the existing piping



Connecting non-standard diameter pipes

The following restrictions apply when using pipes with a diameter different from the standard recommended size.

Usability of pipes with non-standard diameters

Main pipe size

	T. P. P. S. S.									
	Outside diameter(mm)	Radial thickness	SP112	SP125	SP140					
	ø12.7	t 0.8	NA	NA	NA					
Gas nine	ø15.88	t 1.0	Α	Α	Α					
Gas pipe	ø19.05	t 1.0	С	С	С					
	ø22.2	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA					
	ø28.58 or greater	t 1.0 or greater	NA	NA	NA					
	ø9.52	t 0.8	Α	Α	Α					
Liquid nine	ø12.7	t 0.8	D	D	D					
Liquid pipe	ø15.88	t 1.0	D	D	D					
	ø19.05 or greater	t 1.0 or greater	NA	NA	NA					

- A: Standard piping
- B: Usable (with no loss of performance)
- C: Usable (with loss of performance), Set the SW6-1 from OFF to ON.
- D: Usable (Restrictions on refrigerant charge apply.)
- NA: Unusable

Size of the piping after branching and up to indoor units

	Outside diameter(mm)	Radial thickness	P10	P15	P20	P25	P32	P40	P50	P63	P71	P80	P100	P125	P140
	ø12.7	t 0.8	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	С	С	С	С	С	С
	ø15.88	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	В	В	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Gas pipe	ø19.05	t 1.0	NA	В	В	В	В	В							
Oas pipe	ø22.2	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							
	ø25.4	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							
	ø28.58	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							
	ø6.35	t 0.8	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	15 m or less	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	ø9.52	t 0.8	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Liquid pipe	ø12.7	t 1.0	NA	D	D	D	D	D	D						
	ø15.88	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							
	ø19.05	t 1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA							

Pipe diameter and radial thickness			Note: For pipes with a diameter of ø22.2 and up, use 1/2-H or H-material						
	Outside diameter (mm)	ø6.35	ø9.52	ø12.7	ø15.88	ø19.05	ø22.2	ø25.4	ø28.58
	Radial thickness (mm)	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

(Restrictions on extending piping/Amount of refrigerant to be charged (REPLACE units)

When reusing the existing piping, calculate the amount of refrigerant to be charged using the formula below. The existing piping is usable if the result of the calculation below is less than 10 kg. If the calculation result is at or above 10 kg, use new piping. When reusing the existing piping, charge the amount of refrigerant required for the piping and for the indoor units.

• Calculating the amount of refrigerant to be charged based on pipe size and length

٦	and an annual and annual
	Total length of ø15.88
	liquid pipes × 0.20
	$(m) \times 0.20 (kg/m)$

Total length of ø12.7 liquid pipes × 0.092 (m) × 0.092 (kg/m) + Total length of ø9.52 liquid pipes × 0.05 (m) × 0.05 (kg/m)

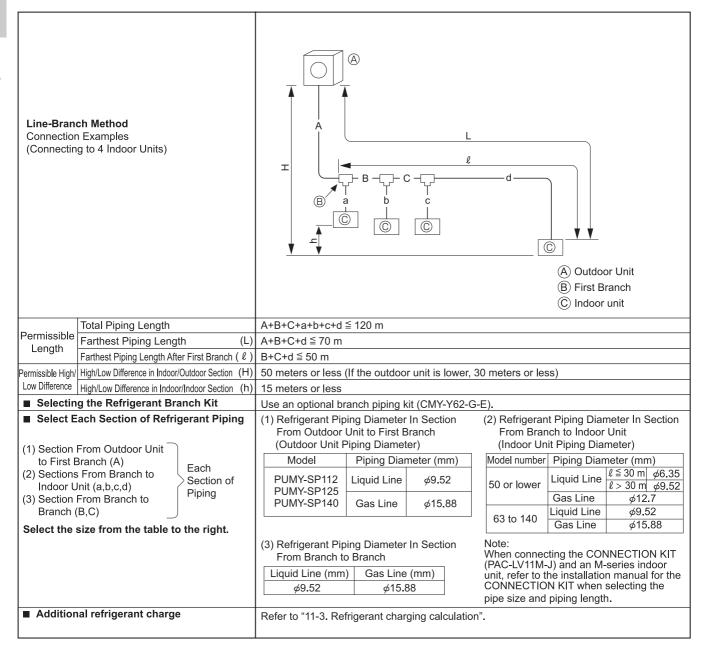
+ Total length of ø6.35 liquid pipes × 0.019 (m) × 0.019 (kg/m)

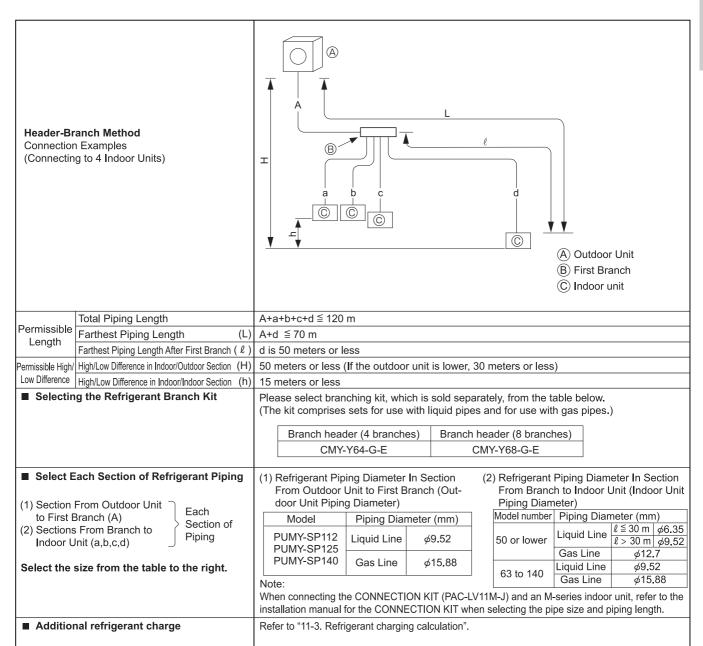
Amount of additional refrigerant to be charged (REPLACE units)

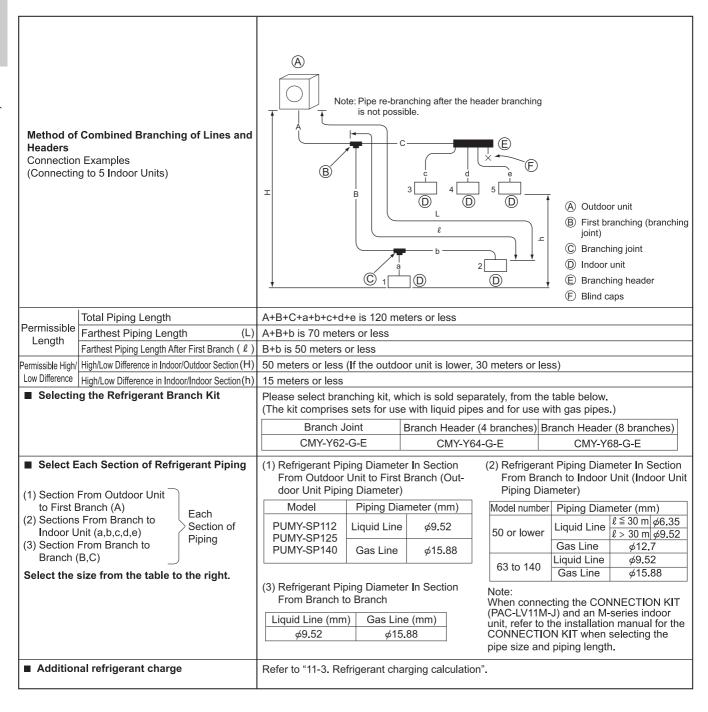
Calculating the amount of refrigerant to be charged based on indoor unit capacity

Total capacity index of the connected indoor units	Amount of refrigerant to be charged
~ 8.0kW	1.5kg
8.1kW ~ 16.0kW	2.5kg
16.1kW ~	3.0kg

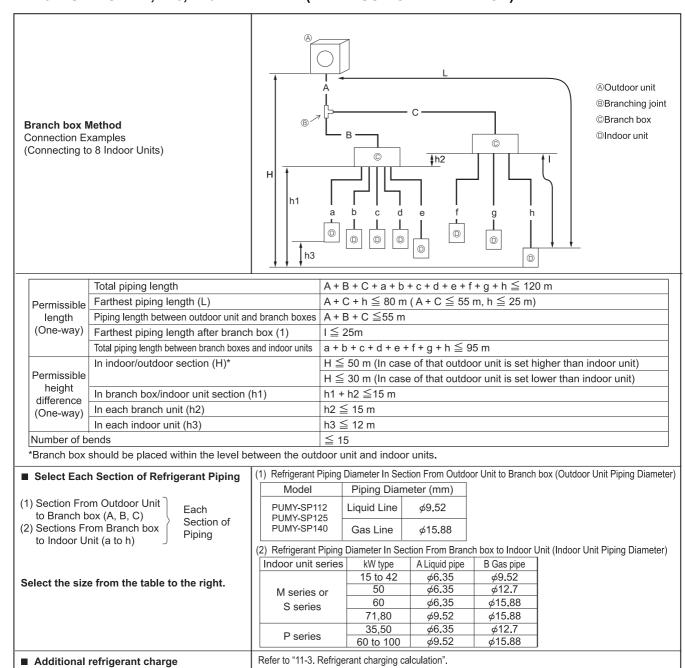
11-2-2. PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2/YKM2 Piping



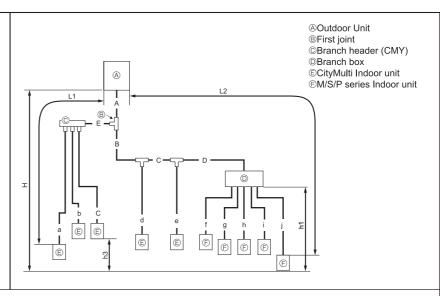




11-2-3. PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2/YKM2 (WHEN USING BRANCH BOX)







	Total piping length	A+B+C+D+E+a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i+j ≦120 m
	Farthest piping length (L1)	A+E+a or A+B+C+e ≦ 70 m
Permissible	Farthest piping length. Via Branch box (L2)	$A+B+C+D+j \le 80 \text{ m}$
length	Piping length between outdoor unit and branch box	$A+B+C+D \le 55 \text{ m}$
(One-way)	Farthest piping length from the first joint	B+C+D or B+C+e≦ 50 m
	Farthest piping length after branch box	$j \le 25 \mathrm{m}$
	Total piping length between branch boxes and indoor units	$f+g+h+i+j \le 95 \text{ m}$
Permissible	In indoor/outdoor section (H)*	$H \le 50$ m (In case of outdoor unit is set higher than indoor unit)
height		$H \le 30$ m (In case of outdoor unit is set lower than indoor unit)
difference	In branch box/indoor unit section (h1)	$h1 \le 15 \text{ m}$
(One-way)	In each indoor unit (h3)	$h3 \leq 12 \text{ m}$
Number of be	ends	≦ 15

^{*}Branch box should be placed within the level between the outdoor unit and indoor units.

■ Selecting the Refrigerant Branch Kit

Please select branching kit, which is sold separately, from the table below. (The kit comprises sets for use with liquid pipes and for use with gas pipes.)

Branch header (4 branches)	Branch header (8 branches)			
CMY-Y64-G-E	CMY-Y68-G-E			

■ Select Each Section of Refrigerant Piping

- (1) Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box or Branch header (A to E)
- (2) Sections From Branch box or Branch header to Indoor Unit (a to j)

Each Section of Piping

Select the size from the table to the right.

(1) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box or Branch header (Out-door Unit Piping Diameter)

Model	Piping Diameter (mm)		
PUMY-SP112 PUMY-SP125	Liquid Line	φ9 . 52	
PUMY-SP140	Gas Line	ø15.88	

(2) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Branch box or Branch header to Indoor Unit (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter)

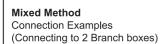
Indoor unit series	kW type	A Liquid pipe	B Gas pipe	
	40 +- 50	ℓ ≦ 30 m Ø 6.35	/40.7	
CityMulti	10 to 50	ℓ > 30 m ø9.52	φ12 . 7	
	63 to 140	ø9 . 52	ø15 . 88	
	22 to 42	ø6.35	ø9 . 52	
M series or	50	ø6.35	ø12.7	
S series	60	ø6.35	ø15 . 88	
	71,80	φ9 . 52	ø15 . 88	
Descripe	35,50	ø6.35	ø12 . 7	
P series	60 to 100	φ9.52	ø15 . 88	

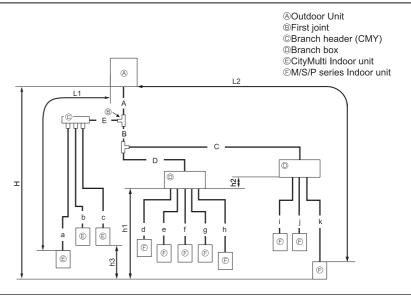
Note:

When connecting the CONNECTION KIT (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT when selecting the pipe size and piping length.

■ Additional refrigerant charge

Refer to "11-3. Refrigerant charging calculation".





	Total piping length	A+B+C+D+E+a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i+j+k ≦120 m
	Farthest piping length (L1)	A+E+a ≦ 70 m
Permissible	Farthest piping length. Via Branch box (L2)	$A+B+C+k \le 80 \text{ m}$
	Piping length between outdoor unit and branch boxes	$A+B+C+D \le 55 \text{ m}$
length	Farthest piping length from the first joint	B+C or E+a ≦ 50 m
(One-way)	Farthest piping length after branch box	$k \le 25m$
	Farthest branch box form outdoor unit	A+B+C ≦ 55m
	Total piping length between branch boxes and indoor units	$d+e+f+g+h+i+j+k \le 95 \text{ m}$
	In indoor/outdoor section (H)*	H ≦50 m (In case of outdoor unit is set higher than indoor unit)
Permissible		H ≦30 m (In case of outdoor unit is set lower than indoor unit)
height difference	In branch box/indoor unit section (h1)	$h1+h2 \le 15 \text{ m}$
(One-way)	In each branch unit (h2)	$h2 \leq 15 \text{ m}$
(22)	In each indoor unit (h3)	h3 ≦ 12 m
Number of be	ends	≦ 15

^{*}Branch box should be placed within the level between the outdoor unit and indoor units.

■ Selecting the Refrigerant Branch Kit

Please select branching kit, which is sold separately, from the table below. (The kit comprises sets for use with liquid pipes and for use with gas pipes.)

Branch header (4 branches)		Branch header (8 branches)			
	CMY-Y64-G-E	CMY-Y68-G-E			

■ Select Each Section of Refrigerant Piping

- (1) Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box or Branch header (A to E)
- (2) Sections From Branch box or Branch header to Indoor Unit (a to k)

Each Section of Piping

Select the size from the table to the right.

(1) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Outdoor Unit to Branch box or Branch header (Out-door Unit Piping Diameter)

Model	Piping Diameter (mm)		
PUMY-SP112 PUMY-SP125	Liquid Line	ø9.52	
PUMY-SP140	Gas Line	ø15 . 88	

(2) Refrigerant Piping Diameter In Section From Branch box or Branch header to Indoor Unit (Indoor Unit Piping Diameter)

Indoor unit series	kW type	A Liquid pipe		B Gas pipe
CityMulti	10 to 50	$\ell \le 30 \text{ m} / \phi 6.35$ $\ell > 30 \text{ m} / \phi 9.52$		ø12.7
	63 to 140	φ9.52		ø15 . 88
	22 to 42		35	ø9 . 52
M series or	50	ø6 . 35		ø12.7
S series	S series 60 ¢6.35 71,80 ¢9.52		ø15 . 88	
			ø15 . 88	
Danier	35,50	ø6.3	35	ø12.7
P series	60 to 100	ø9.5	52	ø15.88

Note:

When connecting the CONNECTION KIT (PAC-LV11M-J) and an M-series indoor unit, refer to the installation manual for the CONNECTION KIT when selecting the pipe size and piping length.

Additional refrigerant charge

Refer to "11-3. Refrigerant charging calculation".

11-3. Refrigerant charging calculation

Additional refrigerant charge

Refrigerant for the extended piping is not included in the outdoor unit when the unit is shipped from the factory. Therefore, charge each refrigerant piping system with additional refrigerant at the installation site. In addition, in order to carry out service, enter the size and length of each liquid pipe and additional refrigerant charge amounts in the spaces provided on the "Refrigerant amount" plate on the outdoor unit. Calculation of additional refrigerant charge

- · Calculate the additional charge using the liquid pipe size and length of the extended piping and total capacity of connected indoor units.
- Calculate the additional refrigerant charge using the procedure below, and charge with the additional refrigerant.
- For amounts less than 0.1 kg, round up the calculated additional refrigerant charge. (For example, if the calculated charge is 6.01 kg, round up the charge to 6.1 kg.)

<Additional Charge>

Calculation of refrigerant charge

Pipe size Liquid pipe ø6.35	+	Pip Liq ø9.
(m) x 19.0 (g/m)		(r

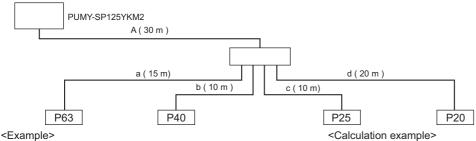
Pipe size Liquid pipe ø9.52	_
(m) x 50.0 (g/m)	-

Total capacity of connected indoor units	Amount for the indoor units
~ 8.0kW	1.5kg
8.1 ~ 16.0kW	2.5kg
16.1kW ~	3.0kg

Included refrigerant amount when shipped from the factory



Example:



d: ø6.35 20 m

Outdoor model: SP125

Indoor 1: P63 (7.1kW) A: ø9.52 30 m a: ø9.52 15 m 2: P40 (4.5kW) b: ø6.35 10 m 3: P25 (2.8kW) c: ø6.35 10 m

4: P20 (2.2kW)

Additional refrigerant charge

+ 45 × 50.0 + 3.0 = 6.1kg (rounded up) 1000

The total length of each liquid line is as follows:

ø9.52: A + a = 30 + 15 = 45 m

 \emptyset 6.35: b + c + d = 10 + 10 + 20 = 40 m

The total capacity of connected indoor unit is as follows:

7.1 + 4.5 + 2.8 + 2.2 = 16.6

■Maximum refrigerant charge

There is a limit to the amount of refrigerant that can be charged into a unit.

Regardless of the amount yielded by the formula above, observe the maximum refrigerant charge in the table below.

Maximum refrigerant charge	Factory charge	kg	3.5
	Charged on site	kg	9.0
	Total for system	kg	12.5

12-1. Requirement on installation site

12-1-1. General caution

- A. Avoid locations exposed to direct sunlight or other sources of heat.
- B. Select a location from which noise emitted by the unit will not inconvenience the neighbors.
- C. Select a location permitting easy wiring and pipe access to the power source and indoor unit.
- D. Avoid locations where combustible gases may leak, be produced, flow, or accumulate.
- E. Note that water may drain from the unit during operation.
- F. Select a level location that can bear the weight and vibration of the unit.
- G. Avoid locations where the unit can be covered by snow. In areas where heavy snow fall is anticipated, special precautions such as raising the installation location or installing a hood on the air intake must be taken to prevent the snow from blocking the air intake or blowing directly against it. This can reduce the airflow and a malfunction may result.
- H. Avoid locations exposed to oil, steam, or sulfuric gas.
- I . Use the transportation handles of the outdoor unit to transport the unit. If the unit is carried from the bottom, hands or fingers may be pinched.

12-1-2. Installation at windy location.

When installing the outdoor unit on a rooftop or other location unprotected from the wind, situate the air outlet of the unit so that it is not directly exposed to strong winds. Strong wind entering the air outlet may impede the normal airflow and a malfunction may result.

The following shows two examples of precautions against strong winds.

- ① Install an optional air guide if the unit is installed in a location where strong winds from a typhoon, etc. may directly enter the air outlet. (Fig. 12-1-2a)
 - Air guide
- ② Position the unit so that the air outlet blows perpendicularly to the seasonal wind direction, if possible. (Fig. 12-1-2b)
 - ® Wind direction

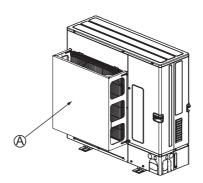


Fig. 12-1-2a

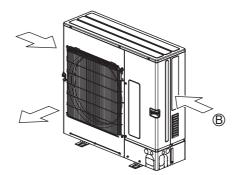


Fig. 12-1-2b

12-1-3. Foundation

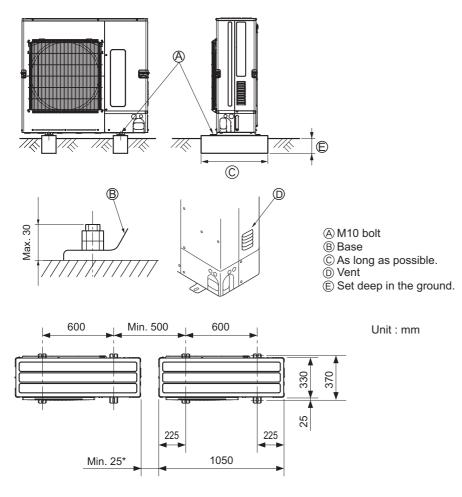
- A. Be sure to install the unit in a sturdy, level surface to prevent rattling noises during operation. (see Fig. 12-1-3)
- B. Foundation specifications are as follows.

Thickness of concrete	Weight-bearing capacity	Foundation bolt	Bolt length
120 mm	320 kg	M10	70 mm

- C. Make sure that the length of the foundation bolt is within 30 mm of the bottom surface of the base.
- D. Secure the base of the unit firmly with four-M10 foundation bolts in sturdy locations.

⚠ Warning:

- A. The foundation base should be strong enough to support the outdoor unit, otherwise, it may fall down and cause damage or injures.
- B. The unit must be installed according to the instructions in order to minimize the risk of damage from earthquakes, typhoons, or strong winds.

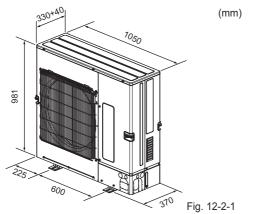


^{*} When installing a single outdoor unit, the clearance is 15 mm or more.

Fig. 12-1-3

12-2. Spacing

12-2-1. PUMY-SP112, 125, 140VKM2/YKM2



12-2-1-1. Spacing individual PUMY-SP-VKM2/YKM2

Follow Fig. 12-2-2~7 to space individual PUMY-SP-VKM2/YKM2 at the installation site.

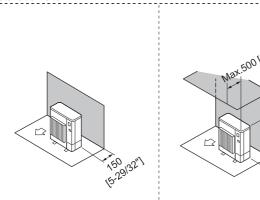


Fig. 12-2-2 Obstacles at rear only

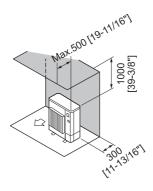
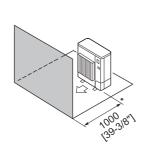
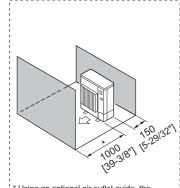


Fig. 12-2-3 Obstacles at rear and above only



Using an optional air outlet guide, the clearance >= 500 mm [19-11/16"].



Obstacles at rear and sides only

* Using an optional air outlet guide, the clearance >= 500 mm [19-11/16"].

Fig. 12-2-6 Obstacles at front and rear only

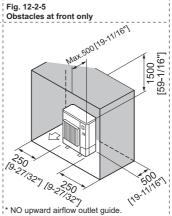
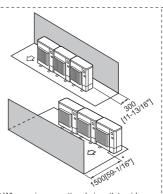


Fig. 12-2-7 Obstacles at rear, sides and above only

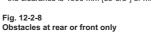
12-2-1-2. Spacing grouped PUMY-SP-VKM2/YKM2

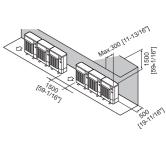
Follow Fig. 12-2-8~13 to space grouped PUMY-SP-VKM2/YKM2 at the installation site.

Leave 25 mm space or more between PUMY-SP-VKM2/YKM2 units.



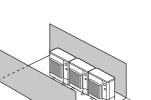
When using an optional air outlet guide, the clearance is 1000 mm [39-3/8"] or more.





In case of side-by-side installation, <=3 units; Do not install the optional air outlet guides for upward airflow.

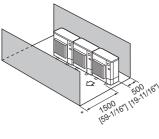
Obstacles at rear and above only



Using an optional air outlet guide, the clearance >= 1000 mm [39-3/8"].

Obstacles at front and rear only

Fig. 12-2-10



Using an optional air outlet guide, the clearance >= 1000 mm [39-3/8"].

Fig. 12-2-9

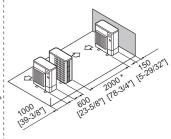
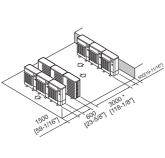
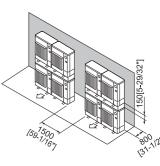


Fig. 12-2-11 Parallel individuals arrangement



Using an optional air outlet guide for upward airflow, the clearance >= 1500 mm [59-1/16"].

Fig. 12-2-12 Parallel groups arrangement



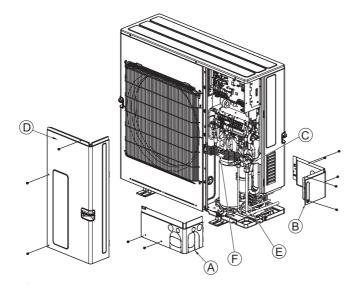
* Stacked layer <= 2 units; * Side-by-side stacked groups <= 2 groups;

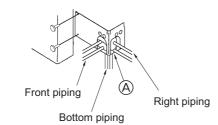
Fig. 12-2-13

Stacked groups arrangement

Fig. 12-2-4

12-3. Piping direction





- A Front piping cover
- B Piping cover
- © Stop valve
- $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline \end{tabular}$ Service panel
- E Bend radius: 100mm-150mm
- F Strap

⚠ Warning

- Do not use refrigerant other than the type indicated in the manuals provided with the unit and on the nameplate.
- Doing so may cause the unit or pipes to burst, or result in explosion or fire during use, repair, or at the time of disposal of the unit.
- It may also be in violation of applicable laws.
- MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION cannot be held responsible for malfunctions or accidents resulting from the use of the wrong type of refrigerant.
- Our air conditioning equipment and heat pumps contain a fluorinated greenhouse gas, R410A.

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3, MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN www.MitsubishiElectric.com