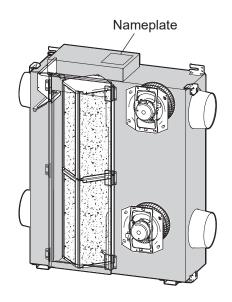


# LOSSNAY HANDBOOK

# MODEL LGH-50RSDC-E11



Warning:

Repair work must be performed by the manufacturer, its service agent or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid hazards.

# MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

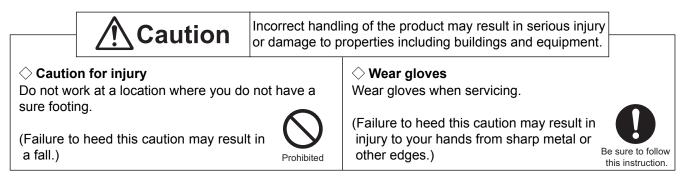
## Contents

	Safety precautions
	Names of components 4
3.	Specifications 5
4.	Outside dimensions ······ 6
5.	Electrical wiring diagram7
	Basic circuit diagrams ······8-9
7.	Fundamentals of operation
	Troubleshooting
	Overhauling procedures
10.	Parts catalog ······28-34

# 1. Safety precautions

- Be sure to read the following precautions thoroughly before the maintenance, and then inspect and repair the product in a safe manner.
- The types and levels of danger that may arise if the product is handled incorrectly are described with the warning symbols shown below.

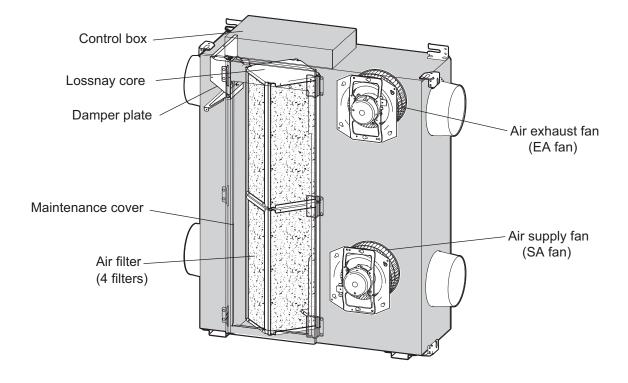
	Incorrect handling of the product may result in serious injury or death.
<ul> <li>Electric shock</li> <li>If you must inspect the circuitry while the power is on, do not touch the live parts.</li> <li>(Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock.)</li> </ul>	disassembling the unit for repair. (Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock.)
<ul> <li>Modification is prohibited</li> <li>Do not modify the unit.</li> <li>(Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock, fire and/or injury.)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use proper parts and tools</li> <li>For repair, be sure to use the parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and use the proper tools.</li> <li>(Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock, fire and/or bodily injury.)</li> </ul>
Proper electric work Use the electric wires designated for electric work and conduct electric work in accordance with the "Electric Installation Engineering Standard", the "Indoor Wiring Regulations" and the installation instructions.	<ul> <li>Replace damaged and/or degraded parts</li> <li>Be sure to replace the power-supply cord and lead wires in the event that they are damaged and/or degraded.</li> <li>(Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock and/or fire.)</li> </ul>
(Improper connection or wiring installation may result in electric shock and/or fire.) Be sure to this instru-	



## **Request for repair**

- Inspect the earth condition, and repair it if it is incomplete. Make sure that a power supply isolator or an overload protection device is installed, if it is not installed, recommend the dealer to install one.
- Make sure that the product operates properly upon completion of repair. Clean the product and the surrounding area, and then notify the customer of the completion of repair.

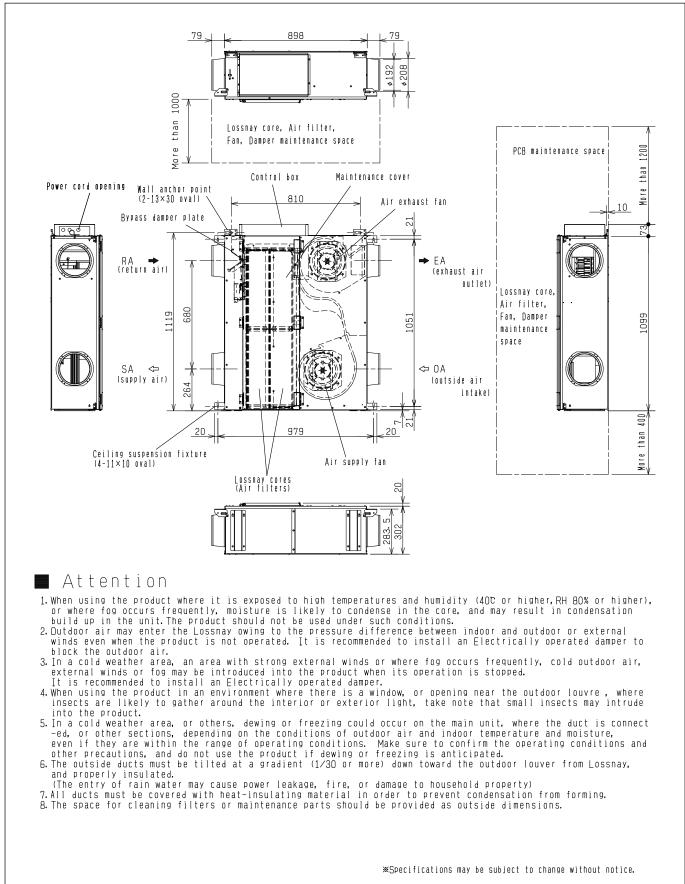
## 2. Names of components



# 3. Specifications

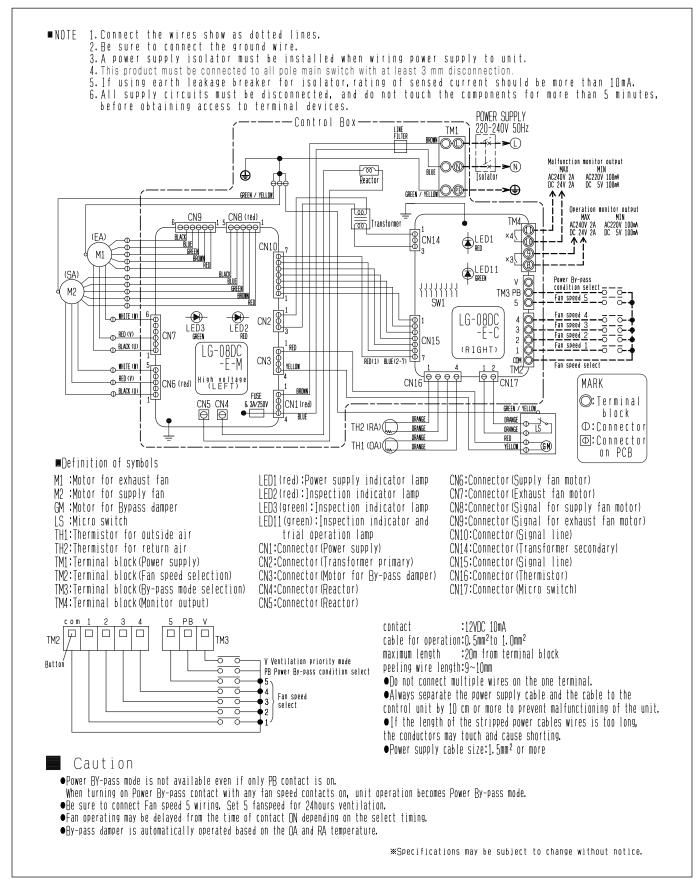
Model			LGH-50RSDC-E1 1									
Heat exchange system			Air-to-air Total heat exchange (sensible heat + latent heat exchange)									
Heat exchange element material			Partition · spacing plate-special treated paper									
Cladding		Galva	nized s	teel sh	eet							
Heat insulating material		Self-e	xtinguis	shing u	rethan	e foam						
Motor		DC br	ushless	s motoi	r. Two i	units						
Blower		220 m	m dian	neter. C	Centrifu	ıgal far	ı					
Filter material		Non-w	oven f	abrics	filter (G	Fravitat	ional m	ethod	82%, E	EU-G3)		
Applicable air condition of sett ronment	ing envi-	The se	etting a	ir cond	lition sh	nall be	betwee	en -10°	C to 40	)°C, 80	%RH c	r less.
Applicable air condition range and indoor	of outdoor		•		all be -' nvironi		0 40°C,	80%R	H or le	ss, with	n gener	al air
Functions		Lossn	ay vent	tilation	five sp	eeds /	Bypass	ventila	ation (fi	ve spe	eds + p	ower)
Weight		48 kg										
Frequency / Power source		50 Hz	50 Hz / Single phase 220 to 240 V									
Ventilation mode		Lossnay (Energy recovery) ventilation Bypass ventilation										
Fan speed (230 V)		1	2	3	4	5	Power	1	2	3	4	5
Current	[A]	1.17	0.67	0.35	0.20	0.13	1.80	1.20	0.70	0.35	0.20	0.13
Power Consumption	[W]	165	90	41	22	14	265	164	90	40	21	14
Air volume	[m³/h]	395	305	215	144	90	468	395	305	215	144	90
	[l/s]	110	85	60	40	25	130	110	85	60	40	25
External static processo	[mmH <sub>2</sub> O]	10.2	6.1	3.1	1.5	0.7	13.8	10.2	6.1	3.1	1.5	0.7
External static pressure	[Pa]	100	60	30	15	7	135	100	60	30	15	7
Temperature exchange efficiency	[%]	77.5	81.5	85.5	88	90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enthalpy exchange	Heating	71	75	79	82	84	-	-	-	-	-	-
efficiency [%]	Cooling	68	72.5	77	80.5	83	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noise [dB] Measured at 1.5 m und of panel in an anechoi		31	26.5	21	18	18	35	31	26.5	21	18	18
Starting current		2.5 A or less										
Insulation resistance		10 MΩ or more (500 V megger)										
Dielectric strength		AC 1500 V 1 minute										

## 4. Outside dimensions



Unit (mm)

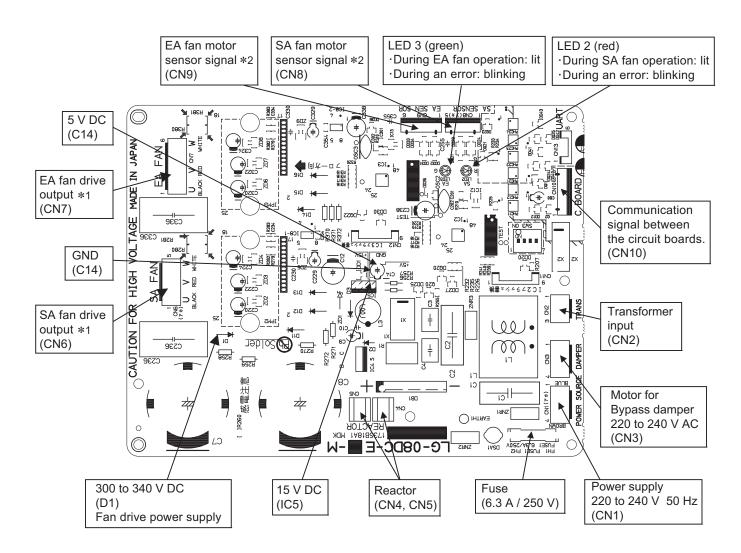
## 5. Electrical wiring diagram



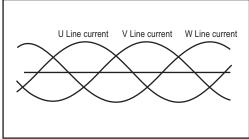
## 6. Basic circuit diagrams

Circuit board diagrams and check points

(1) Large printed circuit board (PCB) (Left)

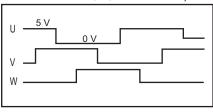


\*1 Current waveform of the fan drive output (Current of each line)



Although the current cycle and value varies with the operational status, each current waveform is a sine wave with a phase difference by 120 degrees. Note) Noise is included in the actual waveform.

\*2 Voltage waveform of the fan motor sensor signal (Voltage between the lead wires of the connectors 2, 3, 4 and GND)

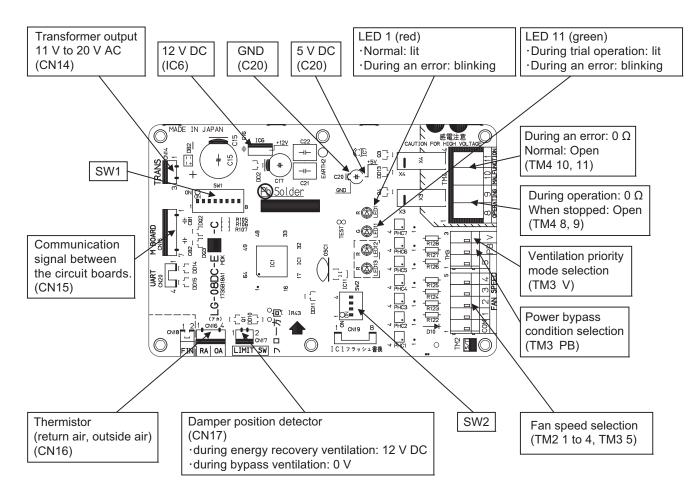


The voltage cycle varies with the operational status (rotational frequency). Each signal has 50 % duty cycle of H (5 V) and L (0 V), and there is a phase difference by 120 degrees. Note) Noise is included in the actual waveform.

#### CAUTION

Live parts of the large PCB is not insulated from the power supply. Even after turning off the power, the capacitors on the circuit boards are still charged. Wait more than 5 minutes before servicing.

## (2) Small PCB (right)



# 7. Fundamentals of operation

Description of the PCB

## (1) Air volume control

Fan speed selection	Operation	Air volume (Reference value under rated static pressure)		
(TM2, TM3)		(m³/h)	(l/s)	
All contacts : OFF	Stop	0	0	
Speed 1 (Contact between 1 and COM) : ON	Running	395	110	
Speed 2 (Contact between 2 and COM) : ON		305	85	
Speed 3 (Contact between 3 and COM) : ON		215	60	
Speed 4 (Contact between 4 and COM) : ON		144	40	
Speed 5 (Contact between 5 and COM) : ON		90	25	
Power bypass (Contact between PB and COM) : ON		468	130	

\*1 Power bypass will be enabled when any of fan speed contacts (1 to 5) are ON. (The fan will not operate when only the power bypass contact is turned ON.)

\*2 It needs 5 seconds to change air volume (including OFF) after the fan speed is selected.

\*3 When multiple fan speeds are selected simultaneously, the higher fan speed will be performed.

#### 1 Fan speed fine-tuning

Fan speed can be fine-tuned by the dip switch SW 2 on the circuit board.

	ON OFF	Operation
	2 1 or 2 1	All supply air fan speeds are default settings.
	2	Each of the supply air fan speed settings except power bypass mode is increased.
SW 2	2 1	Each of the supply air fan speed settings is decreased.
	4 3 or 4 3	All exhaust fan speeds are default settings.
	4	Each of the exhaust fan speed settings except power bypass mode is increased.
	4	Each of the exhaust fan speed settings is decreased.

2 Automatic air volume increasing during bypass setting

Fan speed will automatically increase 1 step higher than its present speed if both conditions are met:

• The dip switch SW 1-7 on the circuit board is ON.

• Operation mode is switched to bypass ventilation from energy recovery ventilation (with a summer criteria) in automatic ventilation mode.

Example 1 : Speed 3 operation  $\rightarrow$  Speed 2 operation

Example 2 : Speed 1 operation  $\rightarrow$  Power bypass operation

(If the operation mode is switched to energy recovery ventilation from bypass ventilation, fan speed will return to its original speed.)

#### ③ Cold region operation mode

When using the unit in cold region, set the air supply (SA) fan in the SA intermittent operation mode to prevent the Lossnay core from freezing. The fan operation is based on the measured outside air (OA) temperature as below.

Operation mode	OA temperature	SA fan	EA fan
Normal	-10°C < OA temperature	Continuous running *1 *2	Continuous running
SA intermittent	$-15^{\circ}C < OA$ temperature $\leq -10^{\circ}C$	Repeat 10 min. stop / 60 min. running *1 *2	Continuous running
SA stopped	OA temperature $\leq$ -15°C	Repeat 55 min. stop / 5 min. running *1 *2	Continuous running *3

\*1 The operation mode will be decided 5 minutes after the normal operation during startup.

\*2 The running condition does not change while the SA fan stops or 1 minute after startup. (OA temperature is voided.)

\*3 When the switch SW 1-3 is on, the EA fan operates at fan speed 5 during 55-minute stop of the SA fan.

### (2) Damper motor control

① Automatic ventilation mode

Automatic ventilation algorithm patterns are switched by the OA • RA (return air) thermistor and function setting switch SW 1-6.

Function setting switch SW1-6	OA temperature criteria in the summer season	Automatic ventilation algorithm	
OFF (factory setting)	17°C or higher	Automatic ventilation pattern 1 (chart 1)	
ON	28°C or higher	Automatic ventilation pattern 2 (chart 2)	

#### 2 Power bypass mode

When the TM3 PB contact is turned on with any fan speed contacts (1 to 5) on, operation mode will be switched to bypass ventilation. Then, fan speed will be also increased to Power bypass speed.

#### ③ Ventilation priority mode

When the TM3 V contact is turned on with any fan speed contacts (1 to 5) on, operation mode (energy recovery or bypass) can be fixed by the function setting switch SW 1-4. (Fan speed will not be changed in the bypass ventilation mode.)

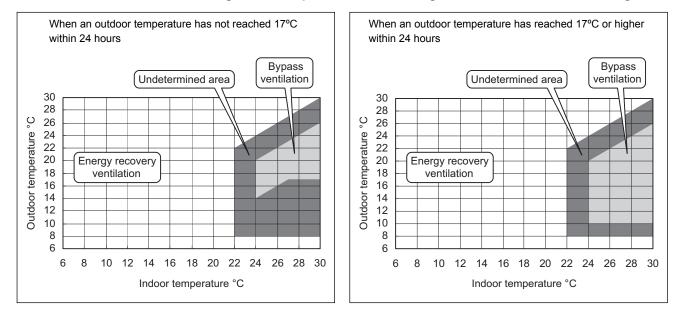
Function setting switch SW1-4	Ventilation priority mode
OFF (factory setting)	Bypass ventilation fixed
ON	Energy recovery ventilation fixed

④ Prohibition of the bypass ventilation

In the case of the situations below, bypass ventilation will be disabled, and energy recovery ventilation setting will be activated.

- a. OA temperature  $\leq 8^{\circ}C$  (for dew condensation prevention)
- b. OA RA thermistor failure.

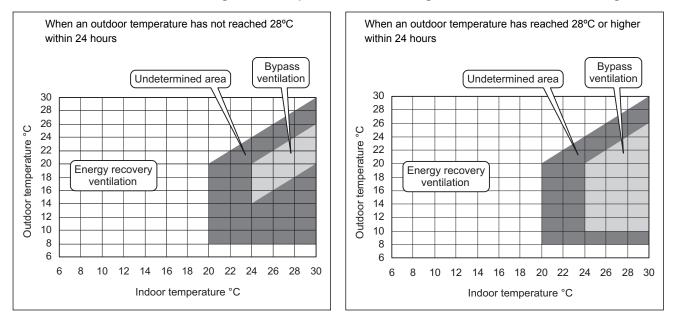
#### ⑤ Automatic ventilation algorithm temperature chart <Pattern 1>



#### Chart 1. Automatic ventilation algorithm temperature chart during the switch SW 1-6 OFF setting.

#### <Pattern 2>

#### Chart 2. Automatic ventilation algorithm temperature chart during the switch SW 1-6 ON setting.



#### \* Undetermined area

When operation starts under this condition, energy recovery ventilation will be activated. When this condition is reached after operation starts, the current ventilation mode is maintained.

### (3) Operation monitor output

When the function setting switch SW 1-2 (for operation monitor output with delay function) is set to OFF, and the switch SW 1-5 (for operation monitor output) is set to ON, the operation monitor signal can be output from the monitor terminal block (a) and (g) (TM4) on the circuit board.

SW 1-2	OFF			
SW 1-5	ON	ON		
Signal type	Uncharged a-contact	Uncharged a-contact		
Contact specifications	Maximum load	220 to 240 V AC 2 A 24 V DC 2 A		
	Minimum load	5 V DC 100 mA		
Operation	Stopping	Monitor output : Off (contact : open)		
Operation	Running	Monitor output : On (contact : close)		

### (4) Operation monitor output with delay function

When the function setting switch SW 1-2 (for operation monitor output with delay function) is set to ON, the operation monitor signal from the monitor terminal block (8) and (9) (TM4) on the circuit board is shown as below.

SW 1-2	ON		
Signal type	Uncharged a-contact		
Contact specifications	Maximum load	220 to 240 V AC 2 A 24 V DC 2 A	
	Minimum load	5 V DC 100 mA	
	OA temperature $\leq$ -5°C	Monitor output : On (contact : close) 10 seconds after air supply fan operates	
Operation	OA temperature $\geq$ 15°C	Monitor output : Off (contact : open)	
	The fan continues to operate for 3 minutes, after operation monitor output has been OFF by the Lossnay stopping control.		

### (5) Malfunction monitor output

The malfunction monitor signal can be output from the monitor terminal block (1) and (1) (TM4) on the circuit board.

Signal type	Uncharged a-contact		
Contact specifications	Maximum load	220 to 240 V AC 2 A 24 V DC 2 A	
	Minimum load	5 V DC 100 mA	
Operation	Normal	Monitor output : Off (contact : open)	
Operation	During an error	Monitor output : On (contact : close)	

## (6) Trial operation function

This is a function for operating the Lossnay without external signals (contact signals). With this function, connecting condition of the AC power supply line and the wirings can be confirmed. Also, the Lossnay can be forced to operate in case of system down.

How to set	Turn on the trial operation switch SW 1-1.
SA fan operation	Speed 1
EA fan operation	Speed 1
Operation mode	Energy recovery ventilation, after 1 minute bypass ventilation
LED 11	Lit
Operation monitor output (TM4 ⑧ and ⑨)	When SW 1-2 (Operation monitor output with delay function) is ON, or SW 1-5 (Operation monitor output) is ON, Monitor output : On (contact : close)

## (7) LED display

	Small PCB (rig	ght)	Large PCB (left)		
LED Display		Condition	LED	Display	Condition
	Unlit *1	No power supplied		Unlit	SA fan stopping
LED 1 (red)	Lit	Power supplied	LED 2 (red)	Lit	SA fan running
	Blinking	Error		Blinking	Error
	Unlit *1 Normal			Unlit	EA fan stopping
LED 11 (green)	Lit	In trial operation	LED 3 (green)	Lit	EA fan running
	Blinking Error			Blinking	Error

\*1 When one of LED 1 and LED 11 is blinking, the other one will be unlit.

\*2 In case multiple errors have occurred at the same time, each LED will blink simultaneously.

## (8) Function setting switches

### SW1

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### 그일 Trial operation

Operation monitor output with delay function Setting for exhaust fan in cold region operation mode Ventilation priority mode during ventilation setting input on Operation monitor output

Bypass auto ventilation priority setting

Automatic air volume increasing during bypass setting Not to used

### SW2



Decreasing exhaust fan power Increasing exhaust fan power

- Decreasing supply fan power
- Increasing supply fan power
- All switches are OFF at factory setting.
- 1 Trial operation (Refer to (6) (page 14).)

	OFF ON	Operation		
SW1	1	Normal operation		
	1	Trial operation		

#### 2 Operation monitor output with delay function (TM4 (8) (9))

	OFF	ON	Operation
SW1	2		Not available
	2		Available (Refer to (4) (page 13).)

3 Exhaust fan speed setting in cold region operation mode (Refer to (1) ③ (page 11).)

	OFF ON	Operation
SW1	3	Not fixed
	3	Exhaust fan : speed 5 fixed

4 Ventilation priority mode during ventilation setting input on (Refer to (2) ③ (page 11).)

	OFF ON	Operation	
SW1	4	Bypass ventilation mode fixed	
	4	Lossnay (Energy recovery) ventilation mode fixed	

\* Below 8°C, even SW1-4 is fixed any setting, ventilation mode should be Lossnay (Energy recovery) ventilation.

#### 5 Operation monitor output (TM4 (8) (9))

	OFF ON	Operation
SW1	5	Not available
	5	Available (Refer to (3) (page 13).)
* During	SW1-2 on on	eration monitor output is prior to " 2 operation monitor output

\* During SW1-2 on, operation monitor output is prior to \* 2 operation monitor output with delay function".

#### 6 Bypass automatic ventilation priority setting (Refer to (2) ⑤ (page 12).)

	OFF	ON	Operation
SW1	6		When outdoor temperature is 17°C or higher within 24 hours, then bypass ventilation starts by comparison OA and RA.
	6		When outdoor temperature is 28°C or higher within 24 hours, then bypass ventilation starts by comparison OA and RA.

#### 7 Automatic air volume increasing during bypass setting

SW1	OFF	ON	Operation
	7		Not increasing.
	7		When unit is in bypass operation except power bypass mode, the unit fan speed is automatically increased 1 step.

#### 8 Fan speed fine-tuning

-		
	ON OFF	Operation
	2 1 or 2 1	All supply air fan speeds are default settings.
	2	Each of the supply air fan speed settings except power bypass mode is increased.
SW2	2	Each of the supply air fan speed settings is decreased.
	4 3 or 4 3	All exhaust fan speeds are default settings.
	4 3	Each of the exhaust fan speed settings except power bypass mode is increased.
	4 3	Each of the exhaust fan speed settings is decreased.

# 8. Troubleshooting

#### Work precautions

- When removing or touching a transformer, printed circuit board or other parts, make sure to turn off the power supply isolator. Even after disconnecting the power supply isolator, the voltage is still high in the capacitors on the printed circuit boards. Wait more than 5 minutes, and make sure the voltage is low by using a tester, before servicing.
- When removing the circuit board, always hold it at both ends and remove carefully so as not to apply force to the surface mounted parts.
- When removing the circuit board, be careful of the metal edges on the board.
- When removing or inserting the connectors for the circuit board, hold the entire housing section. Never pull on the lead wires.
- When servicing, be sure the failure can be repeated twice or three times before starting repairs.
- When reconnecting the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes after power-off, and then turn it on again.
- If there is a suspected printed circuit board malfunction, check for disconnected wires in the print pattern, burnt parts or discoloration.
- If the printed circuit board has been replaced, make sure that the switch settings on the new board are the same as the old board.

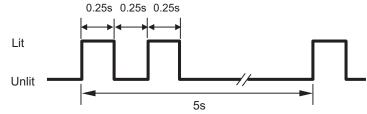
## (1) Checkpoints for installation condition

No.	Checkpoints
1	Do the wiring diameters and capacity of the motor breaker and the earth leakage breaker meet specifications?
2	Is the specified power (220 to 240 V AC 50 Hz) supplied to the power terminal (TM1)?
3	Do the wirings for the fan speed and bypass condition selections meet specifications? • Contact: 12 V DC 10 mA • Diameter of cables : 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup>
	Maximum length : 20 m from the terminal block
	Wire peeling length : 9-10 mm
4	Are the wirings for fan speed and bypass condition selections correct?
5	Are the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections more than 10 cm away from the power supply cable?
6	Are the connected terminal blocks of the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections correct? (TM2 1-4 and TM3 5 are for fan speed selection. TM3 PB and V are for bypass condition selection.)
7	Is each wire securely connected to the terminal blocks?
8	Are external signals correctly input to TM2 and TM3 on the circuit board?
9	Is the output capacity of the operation and malfunction monitors within rated range?
	Operation monitor output : Maximum 220 to 240 V AC/ 24 V DC 2 A, minimum 5 V DC 100 mA
	Malfunction monitor output : Maximum 220 to 240 V AC/ 24 V DC 2 A, minimum 5 V DC 100 mA

## (2) Troubleshooting and repair method

① When any LEDs on the circuit boards are blinking

The type of failure is shown by the number of blinking times of LED 1 (red), LED 11 (green), LED 2 (red) and LED 3 (green) on the circuit boards. The LED blink interval is 0.25 seconds for both lit and unlit. The display duration is approximately 5 seconds.



Failure display example (2 blinks)

Checklist of LED failure displays

LED 1 (red)	LED 11 (green)	LED 2 (red)	LED 3 (green)	Symptom	Cause	Corrective action
				SA fan over- current failure	Overcurrent occurred at the SA fan motor.	Turn off the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes, and then turn it on again.
2 blinks	-	1 blink	-		SA fan motor mal- function	Check the coil resistance of the fan motor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
				EA fan over- current failure	Overcurrent occurred at the EA fan motor.	Turn off the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes, and then turn it on again.
-	2 blinks	-	1 blink		EA fan motor mal- function	Check the coil resistance of the fan motor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
2 blinka	-	3 blinks	-	Fan drive voltage failure (Undervoltage)	The power supply voltage is low (150 V AC or lower).	Check the power supply voltage. (220 to 240 V AC 50 Hz)
blinks		DIIIIKS			Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
2 blinka	-	4	-	Fan drive voltage error (Overvoltage)	The power supply voltage is high (320 V AC or higher).	Check the power supply voltage. (220 to 240 V AC 50 Hz)
blinks		blinks			Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
				SA fan opera- tion failure	The SA fan does not rotate properly.	Check whether the fan turns by hand.
					SA fan motor wire connection error	Check the wiring of the connector (CN6) on the circuit board and the fan motor.
2 blinks	-	5 blinks	-		SA fan motor mal- function	Check the coil resistance of the fan motor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					SA fan motor sensor malfunction	Check the signal voltage of the fan motor sen- sor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.

\* In case multiple errors have occurred at the same time, each LED will blink simultaneously.

\* When reconnecting the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes after power-off, and then turn it on again.

LED 1	LED 11	LED 2	LED 3	<b>0</b>	2	
(red)	(green)	(red)	(green)	Symptom	Cause	Corrective action
				EA fan opera- tion failure	The EA fan does not rotate properly.	Check whether the fan turns by hand.
					EA fan motor wire connection error	Check the wiring of the connector (CN7) on the circuit board and the fan motor.
-	2 blinks	-	5 blinks		EA fan motor mal- function	Check the coil resistance of the fan motor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					EA fan motor sensor malfunction	Check the signal voltage of the fan motor sen- sor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
					Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
		_		SA fan motor sensor failure	Wire connection error of SA fan motor sensor	Check the wiring of the connector (CN8) on the circuit board and the fan motor sensor.
2 blinks	-	6 or 7	-		SA fan motor sensor malfunction	Check the signal voltage of the fan motor sen- sor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
		blinks			Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
			•	EA fan motor sensor failure	Wire connection error of EA fan motor sensor	Check the wiring of the connector (CN9) on the circuit board and the fan motor sensor.
-	2 blinks	-	6 or 7 blinks		EA fan motor sensor malfunction	Check the signal voltage of the fan motor sen- sor. If it has a defect, replace the fan motor.
			DIITIKS		Large circuit board malfunction	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.
				Communication failure between the circuit	Connection error between the circuit boards	Check the connections of the connectors (CN10, CN15) on the circuit boards.
				boards *1	The external signal wires and power sup- ply cable are too close.	Keep the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections more than 10 cm away from the power supply cable.
9	9	9	9		Connection error of transformer	Check the connection of the connectors (CN2, CN14) on the circuit boards.
blinks	blinks	blinks	blinks		Transformer malfunc- tion	Check the output of the transformer. If it has a defect, replace the transformer.
					Connection error of reactor	Check the connection of the connectors (CN4, CN5) on the circuit board.
					Reactor malfunction	Check the resistance of the reactor. If it is open, replace the reactor.
					Circuit boards mal- function	Replace both circuit boards if none of above related actions works.
				Damper failure	Damper operation error	Remove the rod, and then check whether the damper plate moves by hand. For removing the rod, open the maintenance cover and remove the guards from the unit.
3 blinks	-	-	-		Wire connection error of the damper unit	Check the wiring of the connectors (CN3, CN17) on the circuit boards and the damper unit.
					Connection error between the circuit boards	Check the connection of the connectors (CN10, CN15) on the circuit boards.

\*1 Each LED does not blink simultaneously in some cases.

\* In case multiple errors have occurred at the same time, each LED will blink simultaneously. \* When reconnecting the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes after power-off, and then turn it on again.

LED 1 (red)	LED 11 (green)	LED 2 (red)	LED 3 (green)	Symptom	Cause	Corrective action
4 blinks	-	-	-	OA thermistor failure	Connector connection error of thermistor Thermistor malfunc- tion	Check the wiring of the connector (CN16) on the circuit board and the thermistor. Check the resistance of the thermistor. If it has a defect, replace the thermistor.
5 blinks	-	-	-	RA thermistor failure	Connector connection error of thermistor Thermistor malfunc- tion	Check the wiring of the connector (CN16) on the circuit board and the thermistor. Check the resistance of the thermistor. If it has a defect, replace the thermistor.
8 blinks	-	-	_	External de- vice error (when the switch SW 1-2 is ON)	<ul> <li>The following conditions developed.</li> <li>OA temperature is still -10°C or lower, 60 minutes after the TM4 8,9 output started.</li> <li>OA temperature is 15°C or higher within 15 minutes after the TM4 8,9 output started.</li> </ul>	When external devices are connected, check the external devices. When external devices are not connected, check the switch SW 1-2.

\* In case multiple errors have occurred at the same time, each LED will blink simultaneously.

\* When reconnecting the power supply, wait more than 5 minutes after power-off, and then turn it on again.

LED displays (Normal)

LED 1 (red)	LED 11 (green)	LED 2 (red)	LED 3 (green)	Contents	Descriptions		
Lit * 2	-	-	-	Power supplying to the circuit board	Lit when the power is supplying to the circle board.		
-	Lit * 2	-	-	Trial operation	Lit during trial operation (SW 1-1 ON).		
-	-	Lit	-	SA fan operation	Lit during the SA fan operation.		
-	-	-	Lit	EA fan operation	Lit during the EA fan operation.		

\* 2 When one of LED 1 and LED 11 is blinking (during an error), the other one will be unlit.

\*All LEDs are temporarily lit just after power-on.

(2) When the unit does not operate or operates irregularly

No.	Symptom	Cause	Corrective action	
1	The fans do not operate.	Power is not supplied to the unit.	Check the power supply. (220 to 240 V AC 50 Hz)	
		Power supply voltage is out of rated range.	Check the power supply. (220 to 240 V AC 50 Hz)	
		<ul> <li>Improper connection or wiring of the external signals.</li> <li>The type of external signals does not match the connected terminal block.</li> </ul>	Check the connections of the external signal wires and the terminal blocks (TM2, TM3). /TM2 1-4 and TM3 5 are for fan speed selection. TM3 PB is for bypass condition selection. TM3 V is for ventilation priority mode.	
		The type of external signals is incorrect. (Uncharged a-contact)	Check the type of external signals.	
		The external device signals are not input.	Check the external devices.	
		The signal cables from the external de- vices are longer than specified.	Check the wiring length of the signal cables. (Make sure the wiring length from the external devices is within 20 m.)	
		The external signal wires and the power supply cable are too close.	Keep the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections more than 10 cm away from the power supply cable.	
		Malfunction of the circuit board, or the fan motor	See the "Checklist of LED failure dis- plays" (page 17).	
2	• The fans do not	The trial operation switch SW 1-1 is ON.	Check the trial operation switch SW 1-1.	
	stop. <ul> <li>The fan speed</li> </ul>	The external device signals are input.	Check the external devices.	
	does not change.	The external signal wires and the power supply cable are too close.	Keep the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections more than 10 cm away from the power supply cable.	
		The signal cables from the external de- vices are longer than specified.	Check the wiring length of the signal cables. (Make sure the wiring length from the external devices is within 20 m.)	
3	Air volume chang- es by itself.	The function setting switch SW 1-7 (Automatic air volume increasing during bypass setting) is ON.	If energy recovery ventilation mode is au- tomatically switched to bypass ventilation with the switch SW 1-7 is ON, fan speed will increase 1 step higher than its pres- ent speed (with a summer criteria). If the operation mode is switched to en- ergy recovery ventilation, fan speed will return to its original speed. Refer to 7. (1) ② (page 10). (This is not a failure.)	
4	The SA fan pe- riodically stops operating.	<ul> <li>When -15°C &lt; OA temperature ≤ -10°C, the SA fan regularly stops for 10 minutes to prevent the Lossnay core from freezing.</li> <li>When OA temperature is -15°C or lower, The SA fan stops to prevent the Lossnay core from freezing.</li> </ul>	Refer to 7. (1) ③ (page 11). (This is not a failure.)	
5	The SA fan pe- riodically stops operating, and the EA fan air volume decreases.	When OA temperature is -15°C or lower, the SA fan stops operating to prevent the Lossnay core from freezing. Then, the EA fan runs at speed 5 if the switch SW 1-3 is ON.	Refer to 7. (1) ③ (page 11). (This is not a failure.)	

No.	Symptom	Cause	Corrective action		
6	After opera- tion has been stopped, the fan continues to run for a while.	The function setting switch SW 1-2 (Operation monitor output with delay function) is ON.	When the switch SW 1-2 is ON, the fan continues to operate for 3 minutes after Lossnay operation has been stopped. Refer to 7. (4) (page 13). (This is not a failure.)		
7	The damper does not operate.	When OA temperature is 8°C or lower, ener- gy recovery ventilation mode is turned on.	Check the OA temperature.		
		Trial operation switch SW 1-1 is ON.	Turn off the trial operation switch SW 1-1.		
		Malfunction of the circuit board, or the damper motor	See the "Checklist of LED failure dis- plays" (page 17).		
	When the bypass condition selec- tion signal (TM3 PB, V) is being	The type of external signals does not match the connected terminal block.	Check the connections of the external signal wires and the terminal blocks (TM2, TM3). (TM3 PB or V is for bypass condition selection)		
	used,	The type of external signals is incorrect. (Uncharged a-contact)	Check the type of external signals.		
		The external device signals are not input.	Check the external devices.		
		The signal cables from the external de- vices are longer than specified.	Check the wiring length of the signal cables. (Make sure the wiring length from the external devices is within 20 m.)		
		The external signal wires and the power supply cable are too close.	Keep the wires for fan speed and bypass condition selections more than 10 cm away from the power supply cable.		
		The function setting switch SW 1-4 (Ventilation priority mode during ventila- tion setting input on) is ON.	When the switch SW 1-4 and TM3 V input is ON, operation mode is fixed in energy recovery ventilation. Refer to 7. (2) ③ (page 11).		
8	Operation moni- tor or malfunction	The connected terminal block is incorrect.	• Check the connections of the terminal blocks (TM4).		
	rectly output.	<ul> <li>Connection error</li> <li>The function setting switch SW 1-2 or SW 1-5 is not set to ON.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the switch SW 1-2 (Operation monitor output with delay function) or SW 1-5 (Operation monitor output).</li> </ul>		
9	LED 1 on the cir- cuit board is not lit in spite of power	Connection error of the power supply lead wires	Check the wiring of the connector (CN1) and the power supply terminal block (TM1) on the circuit board.		
	supplying.	Connection error of the transformer	Check the connection of the connectors (CN2 and CN14) on the circuit board.		
		Transformer malfunction	Check the transformer output. If it has a defect, replace the transformer.		
		Disconnection of the fuse	Replace the circuit board.		
		Malfunction of the small circuit board	Replace the circuit board if none of above related actions works.		

③ Temperature and thermistor resistance table

Temperature (°C)	Resistance value (kΩ) (TYP)	Temperature (°C)	Resistance value (kΩ) (TYP)
-30	53.9 - ∞	16	7.0
÷	:	17	6.7
-20	32.8	18	6.5
-19	31.3	19	6.2
-18	29.8	20	6.0
-17	28.4	21	5.8
-16	27.1	22	5.6
-15	25.9	23	5.4
-14	24.7	24	5.2
-13	23.5	25	5.0
-12	22.5	26	4.8
-11	21.5	27	4.7
-10	20.6	28	4.5
-9	19.6	29	4.3
-8	18.8	30	4.2
-7	18.0	31	4.0
-6	17.2	32	3.9
-5	16.4	33	3.8
-4	15.7	34	3.6
-3	15.1	35	3.5
-2	14.4	36	3.4
-1	13.9	37	3.3
0	13.3	38	3.2
1	12.8	39	3.1
2	12.2	40	3.0
3	11.7	41	2.9
4	11.2	42	2.8
5	10.8	43	2.7
6	10.4	44	2.6
7	9.9	45	2.5
8	9.5	46	2.4
9	9.2	47	2.4
10	8.8	48	2.3
11	8.5	49	2.2
12	8.1	50	2.1
13	7.8	:	:
14	7.5	90	0-0.7
15	7.3		

# 9. Overhauling procedures

### Work precautions

- When touching the electric components such as circuit boards and fan motors, do not touch the components for more than 5 minutes after power-off, and then start servicing.
- Before replacing parts, repair troubled sections according to the instructions described in the troubleshooting.
- When servicing, always keep proper footing.
- When servicing, make sure that the cord is pulled out of the outlet, or the power supply isolator is off if no mains connector is built in the product, so as no electrical shock or injury to occur. Pay sufficient attention when working on the product.
- Always connect the power wire properly.
- After completing repairs, check that the unit operates properly.
- Always wear gloves when servicing.

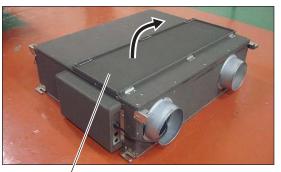
### (1) Turning power off

- ① Shutdown the unit.
- (2) Turn off the power supply isolator on the distribution board.

Precaution All supply circuit must be disconnected, and do not touch the components for more than 5 minutes, before obtaining access to the terminal devices.

## (2) Fan parts

1 Open the maintenance cover.

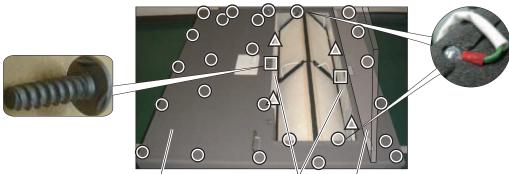


Maintenance cover

- ② Unscrew the fixing screws (25 PTT screws 4 x 8, indicated by ) for the casing (upper).
- (3) Unscrew the fixing screws (four screws indicated by  $\triangle$ , and two special screws indicated by  $\Box$ ) for the guards.

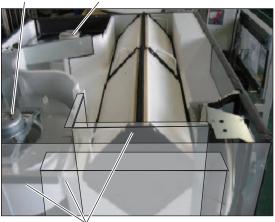
#### Precaution

DO NOT REMOVE the maintenance cover, although the picture shows the unit without the cover for easy understanding. When you remove the casing (upper), close the maintenance cover after unscrewing all the screws.



Casing (upper) Guard (Maintenance cover)

### EA fan SA fan



These parts are drawn translucently to show inner parts.

Air Exhaust (EA) fan

⑤ Unscrew the screws (two PTT screws 4 x 8, indicated by ○) for the connector cover next to the EA fan.



EA fan

Connectors for the EA fan and SA fan



Power supply wiring Signal wiring

- 6 Disconnect all the connectors for the fans.
- O Unscrew the screws (six PTT screws 5 x 10, indicated by  $\bigcirc$  ).

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Air Supply (SA) fan
```

 $\textcircled{\sc 8}$  Unscrew the screws (six PTT screws 5 x 10, indicated by  $\bigcirc$  ).

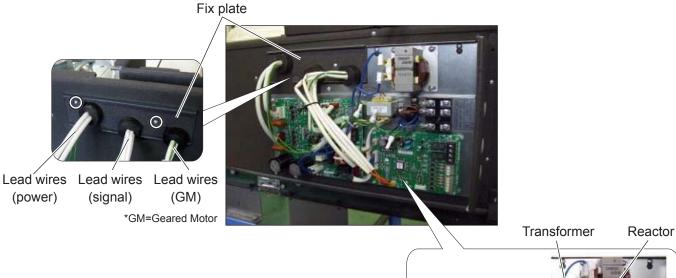


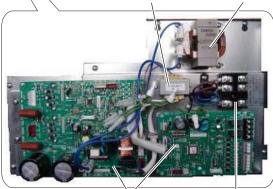
## (3) Circuit board parts

Unscrew the screws (four screws, indicated by  $\bigcirc$  ) for the control cover.



② When replacing the lead wires or damper parts, unscrew the fixing screws (two PTT screws 4 x 8, indicated by ) for the fix plate.

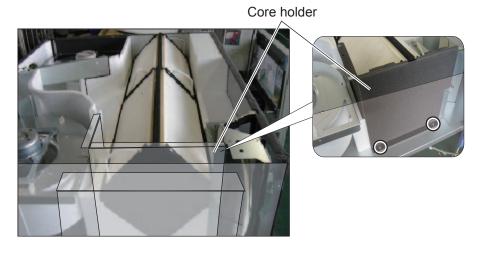




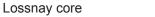
Circuit board Terminal block

### (4) Lossnay core

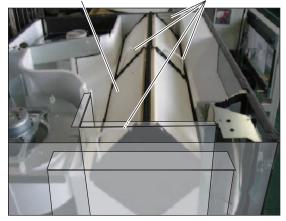
(1) Unscrew the screws (two screws, indicated by  $\bigcirc$ ) for the core holder.



② Draw the Lossnay cores from the unit by holding the handles.

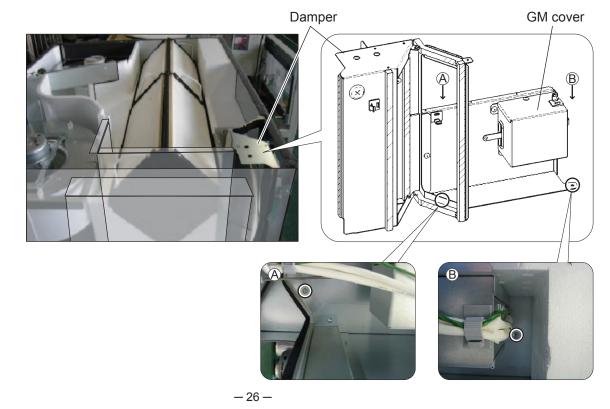






### (5) Damper parts and Damper motor

- ① Remove the fix plate for the lead wires and disconnect the wires from the circuit board. (Refer to (3) (page 25)).
- (2) Unscrew the screws (two screws, indicated by  $\bigcirc$ ) for the damper, and draw the damper from the unit.



- (3) Unscrew the screws (three screws, indicated by  $\bigcirc$  ) for the GM cover.
- 4 Remove the GM cover.

\* When reassembling

the unit operates properly.

⑤ Unscrew the screws (two screws, indicated by ○) for the damper motor.

Reassemble the unit in the reverse order of disassembly.
After reassembly, always make a test run to be sure that



Damper motor (GM)





## 10. Parts catalog

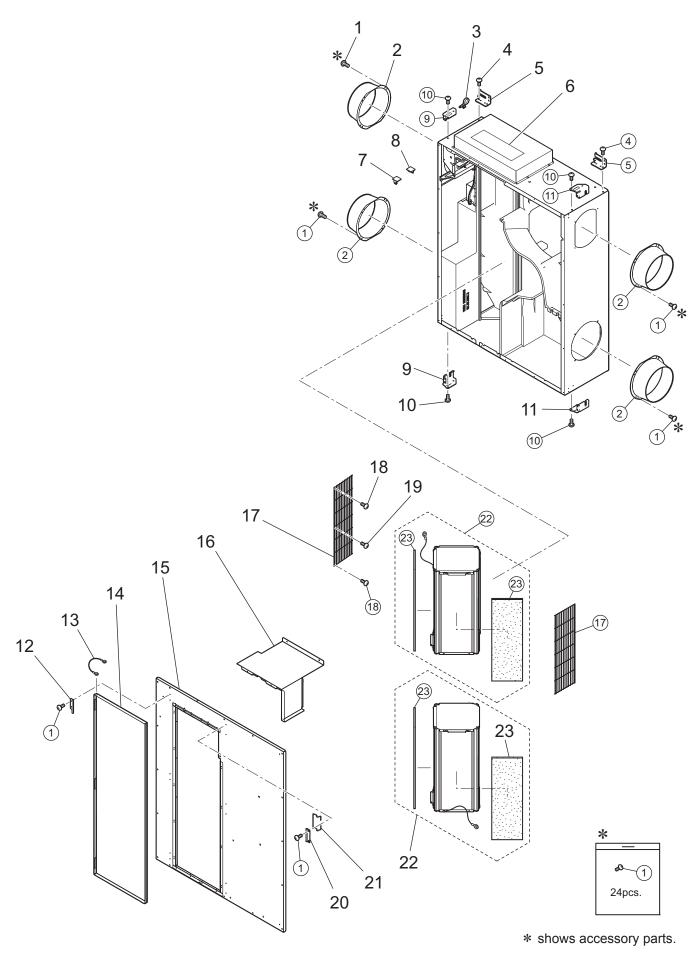
## Please note the following when using the parts catalog.

- 1. When ordering parts, always indicate the part number, part name, and the number of parts required.
- 2. It may take time for you to receive the parts. Make an inquiry about a rush order.
- 3. Specifications may be subject to change without notice.
- 4. Parts marked  $\triangle$  are critical for safety.
- 5. To maintain safety and performance, always replace the parts with the parts prescribed.
- 6. The numbers that are circled in the exploded view are the same as the reference number for the part being indicated.
- 7. When replacing the parts to which the nameplate is attached, remove the nameplate and attach it to the new parts.

	$\underline{(4)} \times \underline{(16)}$				
Scre	ew diameter Length				
Abbreviation	Description				
PC screw	Cross recess flat head machine screw				
PRC screw	Cross recess oval head machine screw				
PP screw	Cross recess pan head machine screw				
SW · PP screw	Cross recess pan head screw with spring washer				
PPT screw	Cross recess tapping screw				
PCT screw	Cross recess flat head tapping screw				
PTT screw	Cross recess truss head tapping screw				
PT screw	Cross recess truss head machine screw				
SET screw	Slotted head stop screw				
SQ · SET screw	Square head stop screw				
P · SET screw	Pan head stop screw				
PMT screw	Primer truss head screw				
HS · SET screw	Hexagon head stop screw				
P · R · W screw	Cross recess round wood screw				
$P\cdotC\cdotW\ screw$	Cross recess flat head wood screw				
$P\cdotR\cdotC\cdotW\text{ screw}$	Cross recess round and flat wood screw				
R · W screw	Slotted round wood screw				
PW · PP screw	Cross recess pan head screw with small washer				
SW-PW · PP screw	Cross recess pan head machine screw with spring washer and flat washer				

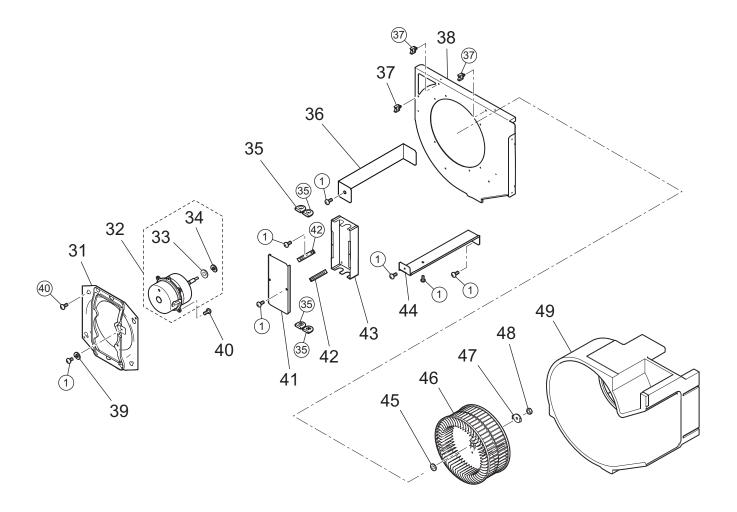
## Description of screw abbreviations

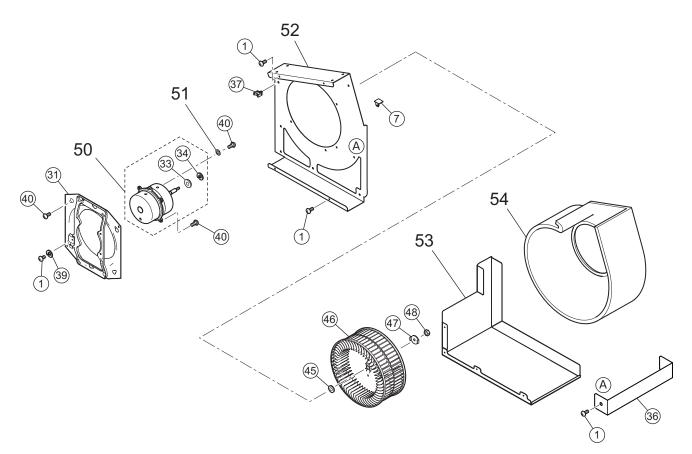
## LGH-50RSDC-E1 1



## LGH-50RSDC-E11

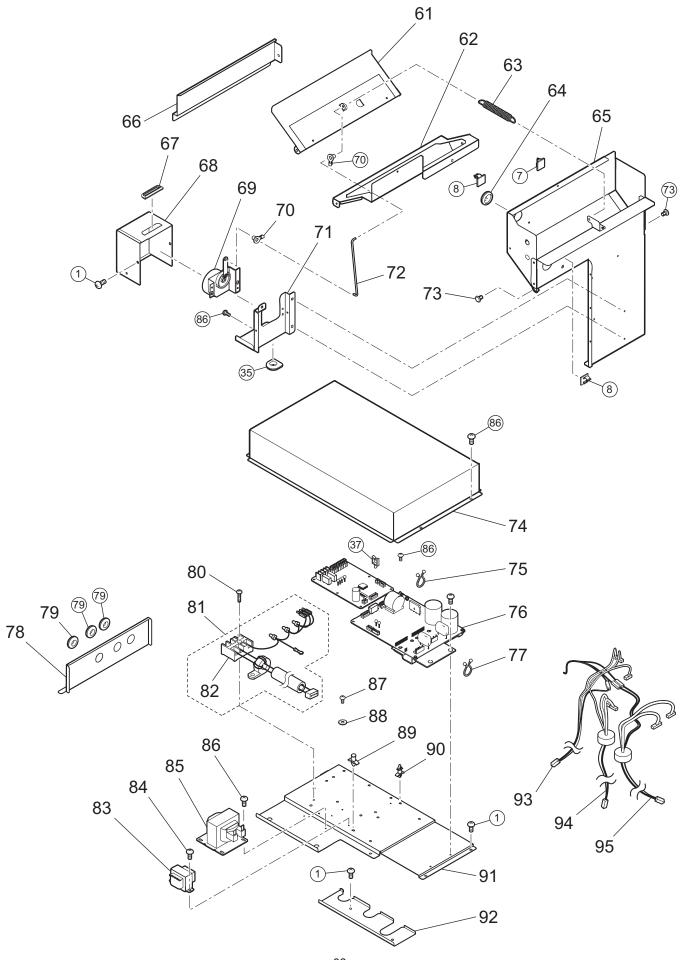
No.	Name of part	Parts No.	Q'ty pcs/unit	Critical for safety	Remarks
1	PTT screw 4×8	H00 000 487	99		
2	Flange	R50 028 610	4		
3	Cord band	Y55 001 223	1		
4	PT screw 6×12	H00 000 244	4		
5	Hanger	R50 095 380	2		
6	Wiring diagram	Y50 150 368	1		
7	Cord clip	R50 399 223	3		
8	Cord clip	R50 399 224	8		
9	Fix plate	K81 559 384	2		
10	PT screw 5×10	H00 000 390	4		
11	Fix plate	K81 559 385	2		
12	Fix piece	Y50 123 722	3		
13	Wire	Y50 057 344	1		
14	Maint. cover	Y50 123 721	1		
15	Casing (upper)	Y50 123 830	1		
16	Core holder	Y50 123 717	1		
17	Guard	Y50 123 723	2		
18	PTT screw 4×10	H00 000 332	4		
19	Spl screw 4×12	A33 391 045	2		Black
20	Fix piece	Y50 123 345	3		
21	Hinge	Y50 123 344	3		
22	Lossnay core	Y50 123 724	2		
23	Filter	Y50 123 730	4		





## LGH-50RSDC-E11

No.	Name of part	Parts No.	Q'ty pcs/unit	Critical for safety	Remarks
31	Motor fix plate	R50 488 713	2		
32	Motor	Y50 123 453	1	$\mathbf{\Lambda}$	
33	Flinger	Y50 031 608	2		
34	U ring	K81 417 102	2		
35	Cord bush	M45 649 226	5		
36	Fix plate	Y50 123 709	2		
37	Cord clip	M35 164 224	11		
38	Fan base	Y50 123 708	1		
39	Spg. washer (4)	H00 056 075	2		
40	PTT screw 5×10	H00 189 007	20		
41	Connector cover	Y50 123 720	1		
42	Lead wire clip	D41 123 223	2		
43	Connector case	Y50 123 710	1		
44	Earth fix plate	Y50 123 711	1		
45	Spl washer (10)	M34 706 465	2		
46	Centrifugal fan	R50 542 480	2		φ220
47	Tab washer	M34 398 077	2		
48	Special nut (8)	R50 331 067	2		Left-handed
49	Fan casing	Y50 123 718	1		
50	Motor	Y50 123 454	1		
51	Lock washer	H00 172 076	1		
52	Motor fix plate	Y50 123 712	1		
53	Separator	Y50 123 713	1		
54	Fan casing	Y50 123 719	1		



## LGH-50RSDC-E11

No.	Name of part	Parts No.	Q'ty pcs/unit	Critical for safety	Remarks
61	Damper plate	Y50 123 732	1		
62	Fix plate	Y50 123 727	1		
63	Pull spring	Y50 123 156	1		
64	Bush	D40 072 225	1		
65	Damper	Y50 123 729	1		
66	Damper support	Y50 123 716	1		
67	Bush	Y50 115 225	1		
68	GM cover	Y50 123 726	1		
69	Damper motor	Y50 061 260	1		AC220 · 240V
70	Special bush	R50 054 225	2		
71	GM fix plate	Y50 123 725	1		
72	Rod	Y50 123 728	1		
73	Special bush	M31 234 089	2		
74	Control cover	Y50 123 715	1		
75	Cord band	D41 152 228	2		Black
76	Circuit board	Y50 123 172	1		LG-08DC-E
77	Cord band	D41 006 363	2		White
78	Fix plate	Y50 123 714	1		
79	Bush	K83 223 225	3		
80	PPT screw 4×12	H00 154 005	1		
81	Lead wire	Y50 123 221	1		
82	Terminal block	Y50 150 242	1		3P
83	Transformer	Y50 138 216	1		AC230V
84	PP screw 4×8	H00 000 003	2		
85	Reactor	Y50 123 179	1		
86	PT screw 4×8	H00 000 349	10		
87	PT screw 4×8 BS	H00 011 008	1		
88	Lock washer (4)	H00 013 076	2		
89	Spacer	D42 019 095	3		
90	Spacer	X40 139 095	10		
91	PCB fix plate	Y50 123 733	1		
92	Fix plate	Y50 123 731	1		
93	Lead wire (GM)	Y50 123 216	1		
94	Lead wire	Y50 123 214	1		
95	Lead wire	Y50 123 213	1		